The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars can be obtained from BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

The Leading Motor House of Asia: BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

VOL. III. NO. 56 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

Date of Sailing About.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1915				
6th March	Caledonia	8000	--	--
13th "	Egypt	8000	-- --	--
20th "	Kashgar (a)	9000	-- --	--
27th "	Salsette	6000	Medina	13500
3rd April	Arabia	8000	-- --	--
10th "	Salsette	6000	Mongolia --	10000
17th "	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	-- --	--
24th "	Salsette	6000	Malwa -- --	11000
1st May	Persia	8000	-- --	--

(a) Will not carry passengers from Bombay.

TENDERS leave BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAYS. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to—

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commander.	Ton	Arrival	Departure.
Yawata Maru	Y. Nakano'	3866	24th Feb.	7th March.
Hirano Maru	T Terada	3735	11th March	23rd March
Tenyo Maru	B. Fukui	2987	20th March	31st March
KanagawaMaru	E. Tazawa	6238	29th March	10th April

For Freight apply to:—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

CALDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,

48, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1878.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,88,600.

Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Tired and worn out after your trip? Take a dose of Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract—relieves all fatigue; imparts a feeling of freshness and energy. B-16

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

SPRING SAILINGS 1915.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.	Leave Bombay about.
City of Paris -- --	9239	20th March	22nd March
City of Cairo -- --	7700	10th April	12th April
City of Calcutta -- --	7636	....	5th May
City of Poona -- --	7474	12th May	---
City of Birmingham --	7497	5th June	---

FARES	1st class Single.	1st class Returns	2nd class 'Single'	2nd class Returns.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London viaMarseilles.....	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	462	704
London viaMarseilles out 'from Liverpool.'	--	999	--	737

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concession granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,

TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital ..... £ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £ 900,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 65,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
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J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Gocouldas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNT opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loan and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January, to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE.
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels	Tons	Sailing date.	Time.	Routes.
"LINGA"	2,155,	Monday, 9th	March	
"KASARA,"	1,195,	Thursday, 11th	March	§C. M.
"LHASA,"	2,184,	Friday 12th	March	Direct

§Cutch Mandvi.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on Thursday 11th March via Cutch Mandvi, calling at Karachi, Muscat Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "BARODA," 3,172 tons, on 11th March calling at Verawal and Mangrole, Karachi, Pasin, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "PUNDUA," 3,305 tons, about 7th March calling at Lamoo Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier.
Bombay.

6th March 1915.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captain	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. "Olympia" --	5124	J.L.Henderson	8th March 1915
S.S. "Scindia" --	5106	Wm. Kelso	26th March 1915
S.S. "Elysia" --	6368	J. Kinnaird	4th April 1915
S.S. "Circassia" --	6722	C.F. Osborne	R.N.R. 17th April 1915
S.S. "Castalia" --	6388	.....	24th April. '1915

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,421
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	...

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric...fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

F. CORNAGLIA.

BOMBAY AND POONA,

SPECIALIST IN WEDDING CAKES.

Caterer for Wedding Parties, Soirees and all kinds of Entertainments,

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

F. CORNAGLIA.

Importer of High Class Stores and Wines.

83, 85, Medows Street, and 7, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Arsenal Road, POONA.

Telegrams, CORNAGLIA. Telephone No. 42.

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THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	" 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND	" 19,250,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Liaoyang	Pekin
Changchun	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Dairen (Dalney)	London	San Francisco
Hankow	Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin	Fengtien (Mukden)	Tiehling
Hong Kong	Nagasaki	Tientain
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tokyo
Kobe	New York	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207.

Horaby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,100,000

Head Office.

26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENCY DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

JAMES SMITH
Acting Manager.

Post Box 181.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd

(SCOTLAND)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

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BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street

P. O. Box 2031 Telephone Nos. 102 & 1439

WATCH REPAIRING

PAR EXCELLENCE

BRICKLEHURST MANOR,
STONEGATE,
November 11th, 1914.

DEAR SIRS,

In March last one of your watch-makers regulated my..... watch, and in common fairness to him I think he should know that he has done an extraordinary piece of work. I set my watch to Greenwich time at.....in the Strand on May 4th, and this day November 11th it was 25 seconds slow. I would not say that the watch was out even to this small amount, as I have noticed that when the standard clock differs from my watch they generally come into agreement without the latter being altered. Anyhow, allowing that the watch has lost 25 seconds in six months, I think timekeeping to within a minute a year is almost incredible.

Yours faithfully,

The original of this letter and the signature of the author (a well-known high official of Bombay now retired) may be seen at our establishment when required during business hours.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS,

BOMBAY & POONA.

GENTLEMEN'S SLEEPING SUITS Rs. 7-8.

Made from the new material known as "COTTENA" which is hard wearing, cool and absorbent, stocked in a variety of colourings and new designs.

AN IDEAL MATERIAL FOR TROPICAL WEAR.

Send for self measurement form and patterns.

Badham, Pile & Co. Ltd

BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

THE MOTOR UNION INSURANCE Co., Ltd.,

(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN) WHICH WAS

Founded by Motorists for Motorists

OFFERS

Special Comprehensive Policy

Some special features are:

No Limit to Number of Claims in year.
Prompt and Liberal Settlement of Claims.
Complete Cover and Absolute Security.
Moderate Premium and Equitable Treatment.

Prospectus and rates on application to—

E. F. HALLIWELL.
General Agent.
"BIBLE HOUSE", 166, Hornby Road, FORT, BOMBAY.
Telephone: 2552. Tel. Address "Baltic".

BY APPOINTMENT

GENERAL ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)

Assets Exceed.....Rs. 3,75,00,000
Claims Paid.....Rs. 10,50,00,000

ESTABLISHED 1885.

Special Policies and Low Quotations for—

FIRE
BURGLARY
MOTOR CAR
MOTOR CYCLE
BICYCLE
LIVE STOCK
ACCIDENT
& SICKNESS
FIDELITY GUARANTEE
PLATE GLASS
LIFT & HOIST
DRIVING ACCIDENTS.

INSURANCES.

For Particulars and Proposal Forms apply to—

INDIAN BRANCH:—
12-14, Church Gate St., BOMBAY.
(P. O. Box 112.)
Manager for India—G. M. ROSS.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m., and 5 p. m.
SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES may be had on application to—
The Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

MADAME GRINDLAY & SON, Plumassiers, Dry Cleaners and Dyers, 3, Victoria Cross Road, Byculla. Orders also received at Madams Semloh's Milliners, opposite Hotel Majestic, Bombay. 2580

MUSIC LESSONS.—On Piano Violin, Mandoline, Banjo, Guitar, etc., taught at moderate charges. Apply to Box No. 165, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5600

D. C. BOTTLEWALA, Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
46, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 5478.

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results 90, Esplanade Road. 882

WANTED BUYERS.—For new chawl near Coorla, Ry. Station, monthly rent Rs. 200. A chawl at Khar Road, Bandra. A vacant plot of ground 7,000 square yards at Dharavi. Apply to D. V. PITGAONKAR, Vakil, High Court, Girgaum Back Road. 5533

PIANOS:—MR. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connection with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO., LTD., Music Warehouse is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS, ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2454

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

INCORPORATED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS' TRAINING.—We Guarantee our students to fit them for the positions of official Auditors, Accountants, Secretaries, Managers, Book-keepers, Cashiers, Head Clerks and other responsible Offices of Banking, Insurance and other Commercial Houses. Apply to The COMMERCIAL CORPORATION LTD., 53, Medows St., Fort, Bombay. 5607

ACCOUNTANCY.—A Magazine devoting to the Study of Modern Book-keeping, Accounting, Auditing, Banking, Insurance, Political Economy, Commercial Law, Modern Business Methods, etc. To be published Fortnightly. Subscription Rs. 5 for 24 issues. Apply the COMMERCIAL CORPORATION, LTD., 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. 5633

WANTED.

ENGLISH ENGINEER age 22 skilled driver holding English, French, Italian, and Indian licences, would be pleased to drive gentleman's motor-car Sundays free of charge in view of learning Bombay district. Apply to Box No. 170, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5625

WANTED a HEAD CLERK and Accountant for the District Engineer's office of the Bakarganj District Board on a salary of Rs. 80, rising to Rs. 120 by annual increment of Rs. 4. Only passed 4th Grade Accountants need apply.
Applications will be received by undersigned up to 20th March, 1915.
H. O'BRIEN, C.E., M.S.E.,
District Engineer, Barisal, East Bengal. 3130

WANTED a GATE KEEPER for the Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore. The services of a retired Warrant or Non-Commissioned Officer preferred, salary Rs. 60—10—100 without quarters. Applications which should be addressed to the Superintendent will be received up to the 12th of March and should be accompanied by copies of testimonials which will not be returned.
F. C. LANE, Major, R.A.,
Superintendent,
Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore. 3127

WANTED—For the Locomotive Department, Federated Malay States Railways, two Eurasian Under Foremen, pay $70 per month on probation for one year, if services retained annual increments of $5 per month to maximum of $95 per month and further prospects to good men.
Passage 2nd Class India to Penang refunded after six months' satisfactory service.
One man to have a thorough knowledge of carriage and wagon repairs in Central Workshops.
Other to be thoroughly conversant with Loco Depot work and routine and capable of assisting European Locomotive Foreman.
Age not to exceed 35; single men preferred.
Application, which must bear 1 anna stamp, to be sent to LOCOMOTIVE SUPERINTENDENT, Federated Malay States Railways, Sentul, Selangor. 3208

WANTED.

WANTED EMPLOYMENT by an old experienced Parsee Customs Dalal in indenting firm (piecegoods or sundries). Apply to Box No. 169, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5623

WANTED CORRESPONDENCE CLERK and SALESMAN. Apply personally. VALIMAHOMED & CO., Chuckla Street. 5639

WANTED an ORDINARY TYPIST who has worked on Empire Machine, salary Rs. 20. Apply sharp to Box No. 177, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5642

WANTED.—EUROPEAN LADY to teach ENGLISH to Parsi Ladies, three hours a week. Apply stating terms to Box No. 173, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5631

WANTED a good SHORTHAND TYPIST, one used to type accounts. Apply to Box No. 174, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5632

WANTED a trained full time Kindergarten or Montessori teacher, any sex. Apply stating terms with full particulars to Box No. 162 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5587

WANTED to purchase a receipt for dyeing hair jet black without poisonous drugs. Handsome price will be paid to the party who has a genuine tried, receipe. Apply to Box No. 155, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5440

A WELL-EDUCATED YOUNG ENGLISH LADY with a wide experience in teaching is prepared to give lessons in English to foreign gentlemen.
Terms on application to Box No. 160 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5567

WANTED— ENERGETIC SMART INFLUENTIAL CANVASSERS—Ladies and gentlemen—in Bombay and mofussil. Apply PURSHOTAMDAS MADHAVJI 4th floor., Ganeshwadi, Market Bombay. 5549.

WANTED a TEACHER for the ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM HIGH SCHOOL Bombay Must be a graduate or trained and able to teach Persian also to Matric Classes. Pay Rs. 60, with prospects. Apply before 26th March. to M. A. ZAHIDIE, Principal. 5643

A HINDU GENTLEMAN experienced in ordering designs for Cotton Checks and Fabrics as to bring a good sale and acquainted with cloth market line. Wants to serve as a salesman in an andenting office. Apply to Box No. 178, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5646

WANTED by April 1st—Middle-aged European Nurse for boy aged five and girl aged two for first six months, afterwards only for latter. Hills summer, Camp during winter. Good needle-woman preferred.—Apply stating wages required to MRS. BULL, c/o CANALS, Saharanpur. 3211

WANTED.—CHIEF AGENTS in Karachi Ahmedabad, Goa, etc., to represent Tom Victor and Co., in their Teas, Coffees, Cigars, Jams, Condiments, Cocoa, Arrowroot, Snuff, Ham, Bacon, Sausages, and Cajunuts. Apply to TOM VICTOR AND CO., Mangalore, South India. Bombay Agents, C. E. BROWNSON AND CO., House No. 6, Cheria, Thanna. 5637

WANTED—A dragoman for the Political Agency and Consulate, Muscat, Arabia. Applicant must have accurate knowledge of Arabic and English, both colloquial and written. Preference given to candidate with knowledge of Penal Codes and office routine. Post non-pensionable. Pay Rs. 125-5-150 per mensem with free quarters and certain amount of fees. Selected candidate will be on probation for 6 months.—Apply at once to the POLITICAL AGENT, Muscat. 3206

WANTED a CIVIL ENGINEER for the charge of the Public Works Department of the Manipur State, Assam. Must be pure European, fully qualified, and preference will be given to applicants having some experience in Waterworks. Pay Rs. 500—20—600, fixed travelling allowance Rs. 70, free furnished house, will be required to keep a motor or motor cycle. Applications, with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, should be addressed to—
J. C. HIGGINS, I. C. S.,
Vice-President of the Manipur State Darbar,
Imphal, Manipur State, Assam. 3120

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of LECTURER in Needlework and Dressmaking to teachers in European Schools.
Salary Rs. 300 per mensem.
The appointment will at first be temporary for one year. The classes are to start in Madras in July next.
Applicants should state their age and qualifications and should enclose copies of testimonials. Applications should reach this office by the 1st April, 1915.
J. H. MELVILLE,
Inspector of European,
and Training Schools, Madras.
Office of the Inspector of
European and Training Schools, Madras.
Dated 22nd February, 1915. 3209

WANTED an ENGINEER for the Darjeeling Municipality on a salary of Rs. 500 rising to Rs. 700 by annual increments of Rs. 20 with free house, Electric-light allowance and Rs. 60 pony allowance a month. Electrical and Sanitary experience indispensable.
Agreement will be for 5 years but will be renewable. Three months' notice on either side will be required to terminate the Agreement.
Applications with copies of Dipiomas and certificates to be submitted to J. T. Rankin, Esquire, I.C.S., Chairman, Darjeeling Municipality.
F. A. MOLLER,
Vice-Chairman.
Municipal Office,
Darjeeling, the 20th February 1915.
3210

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A well-known and old DISPENSARY. Apply Mrs. A. E. ROZANO, Mount Road, Mazagon Bombay. 5606

FOR SALE.—Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to dispose off their furniture in lot will find it to their advantage to apply to Box No. 2, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle." 5612

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE PIANO in good condition. Cost Rs. 650. Any reasonable offer accepted. Apply to Mrs. GRINDLAY, 3, Victoria Cross Road, Byculla, Bombay. 3090

FOR SALE—A DISTILLER and GLOVE CLEANING MACHINE in perfect working order, practically new. Reasonable offer accepted. Apply to Mrs. GRINDLAY, 3, Victoria Road, Byculla Bombay. 3091

CRESTS, MONOGRAMS, Copper Plates. Brass Boards, Badges, Seals, etc., engraver. Rubber Stampmaker. 47, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay. 5635

FOR SALE.—MARQUISE DIAMOND RING, 14 brilliant flawless diamonds and one emerald, very pretty, cost Rs. 380, sell Rs. 300. No offers. Approval V. P. P. Box No. 175, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5636

FOR SALE.—Valuable Building Plots at Palli Hill, Bandra. For particulars apply to:—
Messrs. BHIMJI & Co.,
Solicitors, High Court,
at their Office at Meadows Street, Fort. 5577

RACING PONIES FOR SALE.—SIR KNIGHT. BEN HUR, ANAY MASTER BILL, and LOTUS to be sold as H. H. Nawab of Sachin is giving up racing. Apply A. S. OOMER, Moreland Road, Bombay. 5444

FOR SALE.—A BAY WALER MARE, about 15-1, 8 off, perfectly broken to saddle, very quiet, snaffle mouth, good manners. Price, Rs. 750. Open to a reasonable offer. Apply R. SCOTT & Co., Gowalia Tank. 5616

TO BE LET.

TO LET—Two double rooms with board, outside meals also supplied. Apply Mrs. MATCHIN, Florence House, Apollo Bunder. 5588

TO LET.—Flats and rooms in "SUNNYSIDE," Cirrus Avenue, behind Byculla Club. All modern conveniences. Apply on the premises. 5593

TO LET.—Large Bungalow, Mosaic flooring, ten bed rooms, large sitting, and drawing rooms with outhouses, two kitchens with extensive garden, five minutes from Mahim Station, from May next, rent Rupees 225. Apply to Box No. 176, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5641

TO BE LET.—SECOND FLOOR of house in Hughes Road, next to Police Station, consisting of sitting room, dining room, five bed-rooms with bath rooms, electric lights, servants' quarters, either garage or stabling accommodation. For further particulars apply to OWNER on the premises. 5597

TO BE LET.—From 1st April, a large flat with 4 bedrooms on top floor west in Rafiya Munzil. Wodehouse Road. Excellent situation. Rent Rs. 305. Also a flat on first floor of Janjira Chambers, Wodehouse Road, with 3 bedrooms. Rent Rs. 240 and one on top floor of Waterloo Mansions, Mayo Road. Rent Rs. 175, Apply to Mr. MISTRI, Navsari Buildings, Fort,

NOTICES.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S P. W. D.

CONSTRUCTING HIGH COURT, HYDERABAD, DECCAN.

SEALED TENDERS for constructing High Court, Hyderabad, will be received in the Office of the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Hyderabad District, up to 12 noon on 31st MARCH 1915, when all tenders received will be opened by the Executive Engineer in the presence of the Tenderers present and the right is reserved to the Chief Engineee of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.
2. Printed forms of Specification, tender and contract bond can be obtained from the Executive Engineer on payment of O. S. Rs. 6 per set, and only tenders on such forms will be considered.
3. The tender must be accompanied by a deposit of O. S. Rs. 500 otherwise the tender will not be considered.
4. The successful Tenderer will have to pay a guarantee deposit of O. S. Rs. 10,000 for his execution of the contract within the agreed time.
5 The deposit of O. S. Rs. 500 of each unsuccessful tenderer will be returned to him after the final disposal of the tenders. The deposit of O. S. Rs. 500 of the successful tenderer will be returned to him after he has deposited the sum of O. S. Rs. 10,000 and executed the contract bond within the required time.
6. Should the successful tenderer fail to furnish such security or execute the contract bond within a fortnight from date of acceptance of his tender, he shall forfeit his deposit of O. S. Rs. 500 to the Government and the tender will in such case be considered as having been rejected or abandoned, and the Executive Engineer shall thereupon be at liberty to arrange for the performance by any other person or persons of the work, and the defaulting tenderer shall be liable, irrespective of the forfeiture aforesaid, for all damages, losses, costs, charges and expenses arising from by reason of such failure and arrangement.
7. The drawings and the estimate may be inspected at the office of the Executive Engineer, Hyderabad District, Hyderabad, Deccan, where any further information or particulars may be had. The approximate cost of the work is about O. S. Rs. 10,00,000 3060.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons being Creditors or otherwise having any claim upon or against the estate of MERWANJEE PESTONJEE CHICHGAR who died at Bombay on the 17th day of October, 1914, and Probate of whose Will with a Codicil thereto was on the 26th day of February, 1915, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to Mr. PHEROZESHAW MERWANJEE CHICHGAR one of the Executors named in the said Will of the said deceased having effect throughout the Presidency of Bombay, are required to send them to the undersigned attorneys for the said Mr. Pherozeshaw Merwanjee Chichgar at their office at Cama Building, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, in writing with their names and addresses and the particulars of their claim upon or against the estate of the said deceased within a month from the date hereof as after that date the said Mr. Pherozeshaw Merwanjee Chichgar as such executor will proceed to administer the assets of the said deceased in his hands having regard only to the claims of which the said Mr. Pherozeshaw Merwanjee Chichgar shall then have notice as aforesaid.
All persons owing debts to the estate of the said deceased are hereby required to pay the same to the said Mr. Pherozeshaw Merwanjee Chichgar as such Executor as aforesaid.
Dated this 5th day of March, 1915.
JEHANGIR, MEHTA & SOMJEE,
Attorneys for Mr. Pherozeshaw Merwanjee Chichgar.
Executor of the last will of Merwanjee Pestonjee Chichgar.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Assistant Storekeeper for the Port Trust Stores Department.
The pay of the post is Rs. 400 rising by annual increments of Rs. 40 to Rs. 600, subject to approved service.
The person appointed will be required to subscribe to the Trustees' Provident Fund, and must produce a certificate of physical fitness obtained from the Trustees' Administrative Medical Officer, prior to joining.
Applicants must not be over 35 years of age and should have had previous experience in Stores work. A knowledge of accounts is also desirable.
Applicants should state age and qualifications, and be accompanied by copies of testimonials, and should be addressed to the Chief Storekeeper, Bombay Port Trust, Elphinstone Bunder.
The selected candidate will be required to join at the earliest possible date.
Applications will be received up to 12 noon on 20th March 1915.
By Order,
H. E. LEES,
Chief Storekeeper.
5th March, 1915.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned upto 1 p.m., on MONDAY, the 22nd March, 1915, for supply of blasted metal on the Poona-Nasik and Wadgaon-Chakan Roads, for the next three years continuously. One uniform rate for each length separately should be tendered.
Estimated cost about Rs. 6,000 per annum. Specification and tender form can be had in the undersigned's office on payment of rupee one per copy during office hours on any day except Sundays and holidays.
(Sd.) E. M. DUGGAN, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Poona District.
Ex. Engineer, P. D.'s Office:
Poona, 24th February, 1915.
5544

EUROPEAN GENERAL ST. GEORGE'S) HOSPITAL ENDOWMENT FUNDS.

KHANDALLA CONVALESCENT HOME.

A GENERAL MEETING of SUBSCRIBERS to the above Funds will be held at Messrs. KILLICK, NIXON & Co.'s OFFICE on MONDAY, March 8th, 1915, at 6-0 p.m.
BUSINESS.
To consider the Report of the Committee, and
To pass the Accounts for the season, 1913-14.
L. H. SAVILE.,
Honorary Secretary.
5645

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY, BOMBAY AUXILIARY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING will be held on MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 6 p.m., (S.T.), in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Wodehouse Road. Addresses will be given by the Lord Bishop of Bombay, and Rev. Dr. E. A. Hume, Ahmednagar. His Excellency the Governor has kindly consented to preside. All are cordially welcome. 5627

WANTED.

WANTED—ACTIVE AGENTS for the AMRITSAR NATIONAL INSURANCE (AND BKG.) CO., LD., throughout the island and presidency of Bombay. Good prospects and other emoluments. For particulars apply to the undermentioned:—
Note—The Company's schemes are best to suit the purse and convenience of all class of people. Persons intending to get their lives insured or to make provision for the education and marriage of their children need apply sharp to:—
K. ANANT RAM & BROS.,
Chief Agents,
17-19, Church Gate Street,
Fort, Bombay.

A slight irritation in the throat may lead to a hacking cough. Zymole Trokeys stop it; they soothe the irritation and strengthen the throat. E-14

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
16, Apollo Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 521.
SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.).
A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS FOR INVESTMENT.
AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST OF THE INSOLVENT IN HIS LANDED PROPERTY AT KATHA BAZAR (DONGRI COOLY STREET).
Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esq., the Official Assignee Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Dawji Hirji an insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 6th March, 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), all the right title and interest of the said insolvent in his following property on the premises:—
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.
PARTICULARS:—All that piece of land with the messuage or dwelling house thereon (some time past known as Cotton Secrew) situate on the west side of the Dongri Cooly Street outside the Fort and within the island of Bombay formerly computed to contain by admeasurement 382 square yards little more or less but now computed to contain by admeasurement 358.96 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 719 and 780 and new No. 6513 and old survey No. 435 and new survey No. 2626 and formerly assessed by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under No. 149 and now so assessed under ward No. 1270 and Street No. 148-150, and situate in the Sub-district formerly of Bhuleshwar Division and now of Bombay and bounded on or towards the east by the public road leading to the Bombay Jail and Mazagaon otherwise called Doongri Cooly Street on or towards the west partly by the house formerly or now of Jivraj Baloo and partly by the house formerly of Gokuldas Thakersey and Devkaran Bhojani and now of Khimji Jooma, on or towards the north by the house formerly and now of Parbat Ladha and on or towards the south formerly by the property of Keshowji Naik, and now of Jamnadas Nursey all which said premises are now in the occupation of the monthly tenants.
For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors, for the said Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent at their office at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the Undersigned.
SALE TO-MORROW AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).
AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD DRAWING, DINING AND BEDROOM FURNITURE BEST QUALITY PLATED WARE BY WELL-KNOWN ENGLISH MAKERS, CROCKERYWARE, GLASSWARE, ETC.
Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW SUNDAY, the 7th March at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Palli Hill, Bandora, very valuable and handsome (made to order), artistic teak and blackwood household furniture, comprising of dining table, set of dining chairs, handsome hall side and corner cabinets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, hanging clothes and gown presses, dressing chest of drawers, fancy teapoys, hatstands, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, large chiffoniers, new-designed drawing room screens, reclining sofas, writing and dressing tables, office chairs, glass door book-cases, upholstered hall suit sofas and chairs, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meat-safes, clothes baskets, new designed iron and brass bedsteads, rich carpets, rich glassware, crockeryware and best quality platedware of English-make, one lot books, table ornaments and cooking utensils, etc.
The property of A. F. Stipple, Esq.
Catalogues are printed and the property is on view.
WEEKLY AUCTION.
On MONDAY, the 8th instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by public auction at their rooms No. 16, Apollo Street Fort, the following goods:—
Household and office furniture consisting of teakwood cup-boards, mirror door almiras, dressing and writing tables, tiled top teapoys, dressing chest of drawers, rich tapestry, lined drawing room sets, round tables, crockeryware, glassware, etc., Chubb's safe and sundry goods.
By order of the office concerned:—
Iron safe and one case containing picture post cards.
By order of the office concerned:—
4 cases fancy glass bottles ex. s. s. "Silesia."
By order of R. D. Sethna Esq. the Official Assignee, Bombay, and the Assignee of the estate and effects of the following insolvents:—
Re:—Gangadas Rupchand and ors. insolvents:—
Iron safe, gadlas, takias, Mehta boxes, easy chair, bentwood chairs, wooden bench, clock, pictures, looking glass, and brass pots etc.
Re:—Meghji Anandji and ors, insolvents.
Mehta box, gadlas, takias, carpet, small cup-board, 2 bundles of Doria cloth.
By order of the Bank concerned:—
One consignment from Japan consisting of Imari plates, rare and decent vases, Satsuma ware, bamboo chairs, China matting steepers, jardineers, etc.
AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).
2 rubber-tyred glass fronted miniature office broughams.
2 rubber-tyred palanquin-shaped office shigrams.
1 rubber-tyred handsome well built victoria.
By order of the concerned and on account and risk of Mr. C. Popatlal Shah:—
Bicycle wheel newly done up Zulo victoria.
AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)
Several gent's bicycles by different makers.

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & Co.—(*Contd.*)
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS FOR INVESTMENT.
Auction sale of valuable cotton baling Press at Raver in East Khandesh containing inter alia one half press and finisher by Messrs. Nesmith Wilson and Co., together with the piece of land and the messuages, tenements and buildings, etc., standing thereat.
Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Assignee Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Tyabally Esmalji Esoofbhoy, an Insolvent traded, in Bombay and other places, as Messrs. Shaik Adam Esufbhoy and Co., and Abdeally Abdulkader, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 9th day of March, 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), at their Rooms No. 16 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the following piece of land together with the Baling Press and buildings thereat.
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.
PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuages or tenements and other buildings standing thereon situated at Raver in Taluka Mankoor, Tukdi East Khandesh, in the Registration Sub district of Raver, bearing Survey No. 322, containing by admeasurement 5 acres and six goonthas and bounded as follows:—That is to say on the east by road leading to the Railway Station and by land bearing Survey No. 324, on the west by land bearing Survey No. 321, on the South by land bearing Survey No. 319 and on the north by land bearing Survey No. 310 and on which the said premises are erected a cotton baling press with Engine and Boiler house and other buildings and out-houses and a well.
For further particulars and printed conditions of sale, apply to Messrs Rustomjee and Ginwala, Solicitors, attorneys for the said Official Assignee at No. 373, Hornby Road, within the Fort or to the Undersigned.
CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th March, 1915.

MESSRS. D'LAL M. & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES SITUATE AT DOCTOR STREET, AND MUTTON STREET.
Under instructions from Messrs. Jehangir Seervai Minocheher and Hiralal Attorneys for Mr. Shapurji Jehangir Vakil the Receiver appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay under an Order dated the 25th day of June, 1914, in Suit No. 501, of 1914, (wherein Krishnarao Waman Bhat is the Plaintiff and Syed Ibrahim alias Ebu and others are defendants) and pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Order dated the 5th day of September 1914, made in the said suit Messrs. D'LAL M. AND CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction the undermentioned properties in three separate Lots on the premises on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of March, 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.)
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.
LOT NO. I.
ALL that piece or parcel of newly assessed land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Doctor Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 241 square yards or there abouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 16901, Old Survey No. 1350 and New Survey No. 4668 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under C Ward No. 7056 and Street Nos. 50 and 60, Doctor Street, and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Doctor Street on or towards the West by Lot No. II, on or towards the North by the property of Esoofally S. Malla and on or towards the South by Lot No. III.
LOT NO II.
ALL that piece or parcel of newly assessed land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Mutton St., and Doctor St., in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 163 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 16901 Old Survey No. 1350 and New Survey No. 4668 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under C Ward Nos. 7107 and 7108 and Street Nos. 45 and 47, Mutton Street, and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Lot No. I, on or towards the West by Mutton Street, on or towards the North by the property of Esoofally S. Malla and on or towards the South by Lot No. III.
LOT NO. III.
ALL that piece or parcel of newly assessed land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house (save and except the Tombs which are standing thereon) standing thereon situate lying and being at Doctor Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 382 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. a/16901 Old Survey No. 1350 and New Survey No. 2/4668, and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under C. Ward No. 7055 and Street No. 48, Doctor Street, and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Doctor Street, on or towards the West by Mutton Street, on or towards the North partly by the property described in Lot No. I, and partly by the property in Lot No. II, and on or towards the South by the property of Syed Abdul Kadar El Edroos.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jehangir Seervai Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Receiver at their office at No. 95 Ash Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.
D'LAL M. & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th March, 1915.

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Time and Prices As Usual.

PRIZE SHOWS Saturday & Sunday.

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That fascinating Personage which has already conquered the hearts of Bombay Public. Nothing finer or better could be desired in this class of Film. Devoid of all padding and useless exaggeration it is a true Portrayal of the true life of that great City—Paris.

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Funniest of all Funny things you have ever seen.

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Time and Prices As Usual.

PRIZE SHOWS Saturday & Sunday.

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.

No. 53, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 1285.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT RIPON ROAD.

Under instructions from Mr. Ramchandra Motiram Kokate the Mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 30th day of August 19107, and made between Haji Mahommed bin Hakim Haji Dinmahomed of the 1st part, Hakim Haji Dinmahomed bin Bhagoo of the 2nd part and the Mortgagee of the 3rd part, and the Further Charge dated the 3rd day of September, 1912, made between the said Haji Mahomed bin Hakim Haji Dinmahomed of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part, and by virtue of the power of sale therein contained, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor the said Haji bin Hakim Haji Dinmahomed Messrs. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by public auction the property mentioned below THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 6th day of March 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), on the premises.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at or near Ripon Road, outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 219 3/9 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Reenue under Old Nos. 135,524, New No. E/13645 Old Survey Nos. 268,270 and New Survey No. 33/3554 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 3877 (23) and Street No. 64 V and bounded as follows:—On the East by the public road leading to Ripon Road, on the West by the sweepers passage, on the North by the property of Adum Moledina and on the South by the property of Maneckji Adarji and which and all the said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Mortgagor and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, apply to Messrs. Patell and Ezekiel, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at Cook's Building Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY FRONTING KHOTECHI WADI AT GIRGAUM.

On WEDNESDAY, the 10th March, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messers. MEHTA & CO. Auctioneers, will under instructions from the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mr. Mahadeo Rajaram Bodas by virtue of the Power of sale reserved to the said mortgagees, under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 27th day of July, 1912, and made between the said mortgagor of the one part and the said mortgagees of the other part, sell by public auction the under described immovable property on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure together with the messuages, tenements or a dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Khotechi Wadi near Girgaum fronting the said Khotechi Wadi on the South and East side thereof without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 193 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Philip Miranda, on or towards the South and East by Khotechi Wadi public passage aforesaid and on or towards the West by the property of Cathedral of N. S. De Esperance and which said premises are registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 674, new No. 3023, old survey No. 2/559 and new survey No. 2/7755 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1155 and Street No. 102, Khotechi Wadi.

For further particulars, conditions of sale and inspection of title deeds application may be made to Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai & Co., attorneys for the mortgagees herein at their office at 135, Esplanade Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th March 1915.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

Sale on Sunday the 21st March at 4 p.m.

URGENT NOTICE.

Auction sale of "Saboo Palace" which is to take place TO-MORROW SUNDAY the 7th March is further adjourned SUNDAY the 21st March, 1915, at 4 p.m., (S. T.) and if on that day the reserved price for the whole lot is not obtained then the bungalow will be sold separately immediately thereafter and the sale of the furniture and moveables will commence on Monday the 22nd March, 1915, and the following days at 2 p.m., (S. T.), each day.

THIS DAY SATURDAY the 6th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.—*(Contd.)*

The property of an European Gentleman consisting of large dining table, dinner wagon, cabinets, teapoys walnutwood cushion chairs, marble top table, lamps, cupboard large carpet etc.,

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 handsome strong Englishbuilt rubber-tyred victoria with a chestnut waler mare and a set of English harness.

1-10 H. P. 4 cylinder 4 seated N. A. G. Car with tonnean body.

By order of Mr. N. R. Freitas and on account and risk of Bora samsudin Tyeballi Jodiawala.

1 second-hand glass square fronted miniature brougham with bicycle wheels newly rubbered.

TO-MORROW SUNDAY the 7th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cooper house corner Grant Road, near London Hotel, very valuable and handsome teak and black wood plain and open carved household furniture, rich glass ware best plated ware by Reed and Barton and Elkington, solid Mahogany sliding dining table arm and without arm chairs, large mirror back side-boards and dumb-waiters, rich carpets, table and hall electric lamps, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets, rich ornaments, old Satsooma teasets and vases, bronze and parian figures, blackwood carved furniture, one cottage piano one large musical box, wall clocks, writing tables, office chairs, glass door book cases, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyras, cloth and gown presses, dressing chest of drawers, teapoys, bent wood chairs, verandah benches, hat and umbrella stands, etc., etc., the property of T. J. Symes, Esq., and others.

The property of another gentleman.

One Englishbuilt rubber-tyred single sated. Doctor's brougham in good order.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, on MONDAY, the 8th March, 1915, at 11 a.m., (B. T.), the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughter-houses, Bandora, for 12 months, from 1st April, 1915, to 31st March, 1916, and fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford, Beef Markets, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskine Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Markets, Pedder Road Fish Market, Mazagon, Kamatipura Market, Ferguson Road Fish Markets, Parel, Purbhadevi Road, and Elphinstone Road Markets, from flesh and salt flesh sellers, etc., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered either in line or outside under the eaves of the markets, and also collecting fees for weighing goods, at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets for 12 months, from 1st April, 1915 to 31st March, 1916.

For further particulars and conditions of sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the Office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets, or to the undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

BENNETT & CO.,

Bombay, 6th March, 1915.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE AND CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY, SATURDAY, the 6th March, 1915, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises, the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street No. 2, Case No. 72, Dadar Road.

Building Street Nos. 56, 420, 511, 1200, Case Nos. 506, 475, 425, 336, Matunga village and Khara Village and Matunga Road.

Building Street Nos. 3141, 3130, 3161, 3169 3192, 3231, 3230, 3227, 3236A, 3344, Case Nos. 981, 1013, 1034, 1062, 1078, 1107, 1108, 1109, 1111, 1119, 1121, 1166, Sion Village and Sion Koliwada, Building Street Nos. 2082, 2096, Case Nos. 601, 808, Sion Road.

AUCTION SALE OF VARORA COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE AND CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 9th instant, at 4 p.m., (S.T.), at the G. I. P. Railway Company's Goods Depot, Colaba, next to Tramway Company's Stable on account of the Insurance Offices concerned the following damaged cotton.

7 Bales Varora cotton slightly damaged by fire and water.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instruction from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 10 March, 1915, at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises the materials for removel of the following buildings:—

Building Street Nos. 82,84,86,88, (1-2-3), 60-62, Case Nos. 222, 257, Memonwada Road.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th March, 1915.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

6-30 Twice Nightly 10 p.m.

Enormous Success!!

HANSFORD & READ

Refined Duetists & Dancers in a musical trifle

"AFTER THE BALL"

"COL. HEZA LYAR"

A screaming novelty in Animated Cartoons.

KINEMACOLOR

Urban's Patent 1915, from La Scala, London.

THE WONDERFUL SERBIAN ARMY IN WAR.

REEVES HANSFORD

Light Comedian in the newest London Songs

Our New War Topical

THE GERMAN FLEET

HIDING IN KIEL

Extremely interesting.

Sir Charles Wyndham's Great Play

DAVID GARRICK

Produced by the London Film Co. with a big London Star Cast.

The above is unquestionably the finest Variety Bill ever presented in Bombay.

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At 4-30 p. m.

HALF PRICES.

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS

and ROYAL MENAGERIE.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT

TUESDAY 9th MARCH

AT 9-30 p. m.

LOCATION NEAR CHARNI ROAD STATION.

AFTER AN ABSENCE OF FOUR YEARS

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS

RETURNS TO BOMBAY.

Bigger, Better, Brighter than ever.

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THE APEX
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OF ALL THAT STANDS FOR PERFECTION IN THE CIRCUS WORLD.

A GRAND ARRAY OF TALENT

Secured from every Quarter of the Globe—presenting a

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Performing Elephants, Lions, Tigers, Bears, Leopards, Emu, Baboons, Monkeys, Dogs, Etc.

SEE

OUR BEAUTIFUL ARAB STALLIONS & PERFORMING PONIES.

First Matinee Wednesday Afternoon March 10.

DOORS OPEN 3, COMMENCE 4 p.m.

Children Half Price to Matinees only.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Full Box, 6 Seats	Rs.	20
Single Seat Box	"	4
First Chairs	"	3
Second Chairs	"	2
Stalls	"	1
Gallery (Indians only)	As.	8

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform, half price to the Stalls and Second Chairs.

W. HARMSTON, Proprietor — R. ALTON & W. SYMONS, Agents.

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THE CHRISTIAN'S FUTURE HOME.

Will it be real?
Where will it be?
Shall we know each other then?

SUNDAY, March 7th, at 6-30 p.m.

THE GOSPEL OF PEACE.

SATURDAY, March, 6th, at 6-30 p.m.

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YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO COME.

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Sandhurst Road. Telephone No. 1266.

We present this week a Historical Film Masterpiece about 6,000 feet long in 5 emotional acts. It is published by the leading Pathe Freres Cinema Ltd., and acted by an all star French Cast. It is entitled—

THE CHEVALIER de MAISON ROUGE

A VERY GOOD FILM with TITLE by AUTHOR

That attracts everyone.
It is performed after the Novel of ALEXANDER DUMAS.
It relates to many heart-rending incidents of the French Revolution of A. D. 1793.

The 5 Acts are classified in 5 notable EPOCHS, viz.—

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The film is so very well and realistically acted and produced that the one who sees it is held spell bound from start to finish.

Miss anything you like but do not miss this film.

Also our latest WAR TOPICAL and the famous comedienne Max Linder.

PRIZE MATINEES: SATURDAY & SUNDAY: 5 to 6/30.
3 SHOWS at 7, 8/45 & 10/30.

No advance in prices. Our usual half rates.

NOTE:—The MYSTERIES OF PARIS which was advertised to be screened this week has been postponed to the next one.

Another serial attraction 36,000 feet long will be shown this month.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

Charni Road. TO-NIGHT! Tel. No. 1271.

Another Great Attraction in Film Masterpiece.

DANIEL FROHMAN PRESENTS

The Celebrated and world-renowned Film Favourite

MISS MARY PICKFORD

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6,000 Feet, in Four Parts.

A Drama of Tangled Lives interwoven with the Mist of the sea.

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This is a very pathetic emotional and heart-rending drama, in which Mary Pickford plays a tragic role, Softened by her bewitching protrayal.

3 Shows of 1½ Hours.

1st Show 6-45 to 8-15; 2nd Show 8-30 to 10; 3rd Show 10-15 to 11-45.

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Dr. Judah, M. D.
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Reserve Fund	£1,800,000
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Amritsar	Klang (F.M.S.)	Shanghai
Delhi	Seremban (F.M.S.	Tientsin
Penang	Bangkok	Tsingtau
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	Haiphong	Kobe

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Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

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Capital Authorised	Rs.	50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs.	30,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs.	26,81,500
Capital Paid Up	Rs.	13,14,273
Reserve Fund	Rs.	10,80,000

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CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs.	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	5,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from November 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

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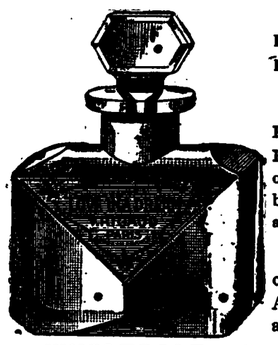

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BOMBAY CHURCHES.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

(3rd Sunday in Lent, 7th March.)

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral (St. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street. Clergy: The Venerable C. M. Barham, Archdeacon.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 8 a.m. Ordination Service by Lord Bishop of Bombay; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral)—Agutter in G. Hymns 238, 90, 554, 559; 5-30 p.m. Children Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon; Canticles—Clarke-Whitfield in E. Hymns 261, 266, 91; Collections for Cathedral Schools. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m., Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesday, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m. and Sermon.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain—Rev. H. Martindale, 8 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Preacher; Rev. H. Martindale. Offertories on behalf of the Indo-British Institution.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain: Rev. R. L. Wormald; 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy (English): Rev. H. T. Vodden (Incumbent), Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, Rev. J. H. Robinson; (Marathi) Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi; (Gujerati); Rev. L. Hari. English Services; 8 a.m. Ordination service by the Rt. Rev. the Lord Bishop of Bombay; 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor; Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujerati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road—Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil), 7-30 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil); 5 p.m. Evensong (Urdu).

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain: Rev. E. E. Hill; 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 5-15 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—Chaplain (Vacant) 9-45 a.m. Morning prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon, Week days, 9 p.m. Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy; Rev. A. E. Bradbury, 8 a.m., Matins and Litany, 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease St. Peter).—Clergy, Rev. Father Moore, Rev. J. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe; 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English), 7-30 Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Guzarathi); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra Hill.—Chaplain: Rev. H. Martindale; 11 a.m., Shortened Matins and Holy Communion.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—(Chapel of Ease to St. Paul)—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tamil services conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's, Mazagon—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe, Tovey and R. Pearse, 6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8 a.m., Choral Eucharist and Sermon; 10-30 a.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church Expenses.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland) Apollo Street, Fort, Senior Chaplain: Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B. D. Junior Chaplain: The Rev. R. E. Lee, M.A., B.D., 9-30 a.m., Joint-Service with United Free Church; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; Praise List; Psalm 67, tune 161, Paraphrase 65, tune 110; Hymns 153, 610, 441.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray, 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service and Holy Communion; Preacher, Rev. R. M. Gray.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Amroli Presbyterian Church.—Minister: Rev. M. B. Nikambe. English Service 8-30 a.m. Preacher: Rev. Dr. Mackichan. Marathi Service 5 p.m. Preacher: Rev. M. B. Nikambe.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla, Pastor Rev. W. E. Bancroft, 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-45 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 8-45 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor; Rev. A. N. Warner; 11 a.m., Morning Service. Rev. A. N. Warner; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m. Morning Services; Preacher; Rev. A. Y. Wright; 6-30 Evening Service; Preacher Rev. F. Hart; 5 p.m. Sunday School.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service, Preacher: Rev. F. Hart; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service, Preacher: Rev. J. F. Edwardes; Sunday School at 5 p.m.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba. Minister Rev. Mr. A. E. Hubbard; 9 a.m. Morning Service, Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. A. E. Hubbard; Sunday School from 5 to 6 p.m. Song Service, from 6 to 6-20 p.m., Song and Solos used.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church.—Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor: Rev. John Malelu, 9 a.m., Sunday School, 10 a.m., Sunday School Teachers' Class; 2-15 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 4-30 p.m., Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevi, Vicar Rev. Dr. B. De Mone—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy. The Jesuit Fathers, 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Vicar, Rev. Father Hutemacher, S. J. 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary Church, Masagaon.—Vicar: Rev. M. X. Gomes.—Sunday Service, 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 9-30 a.m., and 6 p.m. Week days 6-15 a.m., and 6-45 a.m.

Holy Cross Church Lower Parel, Clergy: Rev. P. E. Saldanha and Rev. J. A. Gomes.—6 a.m., Mass; 8 a.m., High Mass; 6 p.m., Benediction.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla. Vicar, Very Rev. L. C. Pera, Hours of Mass: 5-30, 7 and 9 a.m.

Church of N. S. de Salvasso, Dadar, Acting Vicar; Rev. J. J. Diaz, Sunday Services. Low Masses at 5-30, 7-30 a.m., 9 a.m., Evening Service 4-30 p.m., Daily Masses 6-30 and 7-30 a.m.

Cavel Church, (Our Lady of Health), Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa; Low Masses at 7 and 7-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul, (Barrow's Lane), Girgaum Road—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinha S. 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30, and 10-30 a.m. Masses; 6 p.m. Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus—Chaplain Rev. D. Remedios.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m., (Children's) Mass); 8-30 a.m., 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Garrison Church (St. Joseph's Colaba)—Chapain: Rev. Fr. F. Hillenkamp, S. J. Sunday 8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service of Benediction; Mass at 7 a.m.

Chapel of Our Lady of Seven Dolours.—New Sonapur. Chaplain Rev. Daniel Fernandes.—7 a.m., Daily Mass; and on Sundays 6 and 8 a.m., with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE

A GREAT CLOSING SALE

MARCH 15th Commences **MARCH 15th**

WE ARE POSITIVELY CLOSING OUR BUSINESS

The SALE of LADIES' UNDERWEAR COMMENCIES FROM TO-DAY. The whole stock will be displayed at prices lower than warehouse cost, all fresh and new.

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25% off our Usual Prices 25%

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FRENCH PRUNES for Cooking Fresh arrival — As. 14 per lb.
Or in 4-lb. Jars — Rs. 3-6
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Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

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Manager.

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A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 5/-. MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

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80/2, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

March 5

Porto-de-Savano	Lingi	Genoa Feb. 12

DEPARTURES.

March 5

Clan Gordon	Walter	Rangoon

The following vessel received her Port clearance yesterday.

Steamer Dido	for	Middlesbrough

The following vessels entered the Dock for loading:—

Steamers:—Kasara	for	Persian Gulf
,, Baroda	for	Do
,, Richard Nordrak	for	Singapore.

S. S. Dido:—The steamer Dido, 3,127 tons, Captain J. W. Wilkinson, will sail to-day for Middlesbro via Karachi, Suez Canal and Hull, with a general and the same bottom cargo.

S. S. Caledonia:—The P. and O. Company's English mail steamer, Caledonia, 3,429 tons, Captain Dowell, is expected to sail to-day for London, with the English mails and a number of passengers on board.

S. S. Porto-de-Savano:—The Italian mail steamer Porto-de-Savono, 2,543 tons, Captain E. Lingi, arrived here yesterday from Genoa, which port she left on the 12th ultimo with passengers and a general cargo on board.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Thursday, March, 4th 1915

A. Steinturm	Wilson	W. & A. G & Co
C R City of Cairo	Parker	K. Nixon
D & E Tosan Maru	Nakona	N. Y. Kaisha
F Argyll	Wood	W. & A. Graham & Co
H Lawoe	Smith	D. M. Khandwani
K. Egyptian Transport	Paine	T. Morrison
M Salsette	Armitage	P. & O. S. N. Co
N Dido	Wilkinson	J. F & Co
P New Zealand Transport	Paine	Turner Morrison

HARBOUR WALL.

Bahsduri	Ahmed	B. S. N. & Co
K. Natravali	Abulkera	
M Ponani	Suleman	
M Sabarmati	Sabudin	
14 Lhasa	King	M M. & Co
20 Tayabi	Kasa	R. E. Collin & Co
21 Hejaz	Gray	J. M. & Co
22 Jeddah	Ternal	T. M. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 City of Paris	Campbell	K. Nixon & Co
3 Daisi Maru	Paine	H. v. Hoosein
4 Losna	Velson	W. & A. G. & Co
5 Pundua	Anderson	M. M. & Co
6 Alesia	Green	W. & A. G. & Co
7 Newby Hall	Lloyd	K. N & Co
8 Java Maru	Puchigami	N. Y. Kaisha
9 Abydos	Davis	G. H. Carnsun
12. Taman Maru	Kabayashi	N. Y. Kaisha
16 Budrie	Evans	T. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

4 Oriental	Valentine	P. & O. Co
5 Caledonia	Dowell	P. & O. S. N. Co
6 Olympia	Henderson	W. & A. G. & Co

M. D. D.

Chakdara	Sparrow	M. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Braunfels	Northcote	Prize Vessel
Baron Cawdor	Caskie	
Kosta	Green	W. & A. G. & Co
Gallia	McIntyre	J. M. & Co
Homayun	Courtenay	
Kincraig	Abbott	
Kasanga	Pattison	
Koweit	Wilson	T. M. & Co
Nardenake	Hunn	
Porto-de-Savano	Lingi	Italian S. N. Co
Queen Amelia	Mackay	
Sikh	Elliott	
Ujina	Abbot	M. M. & Co

EXPORTS.

March 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia (s) 42 bales wool, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 19 bales wool, R. Agarchand; 2,475 cwts. oil cake, Ralli Brothers.

City of Paris (s) 50 bales wool, The Bombay Co.; 860 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co.; 10 cases Indian sola hats, C. Maconald and Co.; 429 cwts. groundnut oil cake, The New Mahalaxmi Oil Mills; 475 bales wool, E. D. Sassoon and Co.

City of Cairo (s) 666 bales hemp, F. F. Campbell and Co.; 4,000 cwts. groundnut cake, Bombay Flour and Oil Mill Co.; 35 bales cotton, F. F. Campbell and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Olympia (s) 50 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co.

City of Paris (s) 50 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co.

City of Cairo (s) 100 bales cotton, F. F. Campbell and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia (s) 991 cwts. lentils, 990 jinjilly seed, John Fachiri; 1,879 cwts. teel seed, Ralli Bros.; 400 cwts. cashew nuts, M. Jafferbhoy; 250 bales cotton, 6,000 cwts. linseed, Ralli Brothers.

City of Paris (s) 1,982 cwts. castor seed, 1,982 cwts. groundnuts, 3,960 cwts. mowra seed, 2,970 cwts. linseed, 990 cwts. jinjilly seed, 703 cwts. mustard seed, John Fachiri.

City of Cairo (s) 8,502 cwts. jinjilly seed, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 50 bales hemp, F. F. Campbell and Co.; 400 cwts. mustard seed, Volkart Brothers; 3,960 cwts. linseed, John Fachiri.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Olympia (s) 60 bales goat skins, C. J. Mathews and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Olympia (s) 197 cwts. olibanum, 100 cwts. cashew nuts, 20 cwts. cardamom seed, 18 cwts. ganja, M. Jafferbhoy.

FOR LONDON.

Alesia (s) 100 cwts. cashew nuts, 11 pots rosa oil, Volkart Brothers; 6,000 cwts. castor seed, Ralli Brothers; 2,000 cwts. castor seed, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 500 bales hemp, G. Veerjee and Co.

FOR HULL.

New Zealand Transport (s) 2,001 cwts. cotton seed, Arjoon Khimji; 100 bales hemp, K. Visram and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Steinturm (s) 4,400 bales cotton, Prior De Saone and Co.; 4,004 cwts. linseed, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 800 cwts. mustard seed, M Somjee; 50 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR GOTHENBURG.

Losna (s) 5 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 990 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR CHRISTIANIA.

Losna (s) 55 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Porto de Savona (s) 6,000 cwts. linseed, Ralli Brothers; 200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR NAPLES.

Porto de Savona (s) 800 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR LEGHORN.

Porto de Savona (s) 600 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR KOBE.

Tosan Maru (s) 50 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.; 3 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 10 bales cotton fly, Jeena and Co.

Toman Maru (s) 300 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.; 400 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.; 200 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 900 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 3 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

Java Maru (s) 1,500 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 150 bales cotton, J. A. Begbie and Co.; 600 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.; 300 bales cotton, Sassoon J. David and Co.; 700 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.; 200 bales cotton, D. D. Curranee and Co.; 2,000 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, Tata, Sons and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Toman Maru (s) 1,000 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 100 bales cottcn, T. Nishimatsu and Co.

Java Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, H. Megjee and Co.; 700 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, Tata, Sons and Co.; 1,000 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, Michell and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Toman Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.

Java Maru (s) 1,000 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Java Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Java Maru (s) 500 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 2,000 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Oriental (s) 200 bales cotton twist, A. E. J. Abraham; 200 bales cotton twist, W. H. Brady and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Oriental (s) 50 bales cotton yarn, W. H. Brady and Co.; 75 cwts. sharkfins, E. Moledina; 79 cwts. sharkfins, 2 cwts. fishmaws, A. Chagla & Co.; 56 cwts. apricots, Cheungtai; 125 cwts. gum bhesabole, M. Jafferbhoy; 70 cwts. sharkfins, H. A. Mahomed.

IMPORTS.

S. S. City of Paris from Liverpool, Agents K. Nixon and Co.—835 cases 738 bales cotton goods, 368 cases 568 bales cotton yarn, 4 cases 1 bale woollen goods, 10 cases woollen and cotton goods, 1 case artificial silk and cotton goods, 2 cases artificial silk goods, 3 cases 12 bales linen goods, 7 bales 13 cases canvas, 1 bale carpets, 20 bales cotton rope, 50 cases candles, 18 cases 2,575 boxes soap, 175 bundles copper squares, 25 bundles copper sheets, 100 bundles yellow metal sheets, 450 cases 2 casks bottles, 30 cases sauce, 66 cases biscuits, 8 cases butter, 8 cases oil cloth, 20 cases 90 hogsheads ale, 150 cases beer, 25 cases gin, 30 cases rum, 1,780 cases 11 hogsheads whisky, 2 hogsheads 85 cases wine, 20 cases 20 casks 486 kegs paint, 30 bags farina, 185 bales paper, 142 bales old newspaper, 25 casks 50 barrels coal pitch, 89 barrels 21 casks 80 runlets coal tar, 18 casks 20 kegs bichromate of soda.

S. S. City of Cairo from Liverpool, Agents K. Nixon and Co.—557 cases 380 bales 3 trusses cotton goods, 429 bales 328 cases cotton yarn, 50 bales cotton American, 4 bales 1 case woollen goods, 7 cases 2 bales mixed cotton goods, 1 case mixed woollen goods, 2 cases linen goods, 8 bales 6 trusses cotton rope, 3 cases cotton bandage, 16 cases umbrella material, 3 bales woollen bandage, 2,525 casks China clay, 61 crates empty mineral water bottles, 34 cases 10 bundles 3,388 boxes soap, 1 case twine, 50 bags lump alum, 50 cases common salt, 110 drums caustic soda, 6 casks 21 bags soda ash, 40 kegs muriate of ammonia, 15 barrels salammoniac, 200 kegs borax, 10 drums bituminal solution, 88 drums magnesium chloride, 117 drums calcium chloride, 59 cases ale, 13 cases biscuits, 10 cases manufactured tobacco, 10 barrels lubricating oil, 4 cases locks, 66 barrels tallow, 25 trusses buffalo pickers, 3 cases 16 bales paper, 60 cases cigarettes.

S. S. Humayun from Calcutta, Agents Turner Morrison and Co.—3,820 tons coal, 825 kegs 206 drums 1 box paint and colour, 4 casks pomice stone flour.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 4th March 1915.

Means of observations, taken at 8. a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32deg. Fahr ...	29.968 Inches
Temperature of Air ...	77.1 degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer ...	71.4 ,,
Dew Point ...	64.9 ,,
Relative humidity of Air ...	0.765 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy —10 ...	1.2 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air ...	83.0 ,,
Minimum do. do. ...	72 3 ,,
General direction of Wind from mid-night to midnight ...	SE,W,WNW,NNW
movement of Wind from mid-night to midnight ...	123 Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still.

Day of Week	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.
	Mar.	h. m.	ft. in.	Mar.	h. m.	ft. in.
F.	5	m 1 17	29 0	5	m 7 19	14 10
S.	6	m 1 57a	28 6		7 35a	17 6
Su.	7	m 1 52	28 3	6	m 7 56	15 1
		2 46a	27 9		8 16a	18 10
M.	8	m 2 31	27 3	7	m 8 41	15 8
		3 42a	26 10		9 12a	20 3
Tu.	9	m 3 19	25 11	8	m 9 40	16 7
		4 56a	25 11		10 31a	21 2
W.	10	m 4 20	24 9	9	m 11 0	17 7
		6 34a	25 7			
Th.	11	m 5 51	23 10	10	m 1 6	21 9
		8 15a	26 0		0 28a	18 0
		m 7 47	23 11	11	m 2 41	20 9
		9 16a	26 11		2 6a	17 11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Mar.	Sunrise	Sunset
m 5 (Friday)	6h. 56m.	6h. 46m
m 6 (Saturday)	6a. 55m.	6h. 46m
m 7 (Sunday)	6h. 54m.	6h. 47m
m 8 (Monday)	6h. 53m.	6h. 47m
m 9 (Tuesday)	6h. 53m.	6h. 47m
m 10 (Wednesday)	6h. 52m.	6h. 48m
m 11 (Thursday)	6h. 51m.	6h. 48m

Phases of the Moon:—New Moon 1915, Feb. 14th, 10h. 1.0m. a.m. First Quarter 1915, Feb. 22nd, 8h. 28-8m. a.m. Full Moon, 1915, March 2nd, 0h. 2-6m. a.m. Last Quarter 1915 March 8th, 5h. 57-6m. a.m.

KATHIAWAR RAILWAY.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Allow me to add my voice and the following further chapter of troubles to those already described in a letter which appeared in your columns of the 24th February from the pen of Mr. Gulam Mahomed Munshi of Rajkot.

The list given by that gentleman can be further supplemented by a score of other shortcomings which show the want of management and due care on the part of those in charge of these railways.

While irregularity seems to be the order of the day with these trains the lighting arrangements are still worse. A gentleman once told me that he had to travel on one of these lines with his family in a first class carriage with no lights. After a good deal of trouble a light from a passing train was supplied at one of the stations. Taking into consideration that the gentleman was to reach his destination at midnight his fears of passing a dark and lampless night may be better imagined than described. Speaking of lights I must say that on most of these trains they never deserve this name, being comparable somewhat to the oil chatty we see burning on Devali days and in fact below each lamp, to make matters worse, is invariably found oil or water or a mixture of both which continually keeps shaking about as the train moves and thus renders the lamp more light proof. Moreover it is a common sight if one travels on night trains when arriving at junctions with foreign lines, to see the scramble that is made to take away the lights belonging to the erstwhile Company and a good half-hour or more elapses before the new Company thinks fit to put up its lamps. When it is said that stations are not sufficiently lighted, this change in the night necessitating an association with all sorts of people in complete darkness, is in my opinion bad enough, not to speak of one's slumbers being disturbed.

There are other grievances too which cry for redress, but as complaints to the respective companies never mitigate the evil and in many instances are never thought fit to be answered, I really hope that Mr. Munshi's letter will serve as an incentive for other sufferers to come forward with their complaints, so that these grievances may stand a better chance of being redressed by the Government.—Yours, etc.,

NEW KATHIAWADI.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, March 5.

Rainfall has been confined practically to Bengal and Assam; the chief amounts are.—Burdwan two inches, Bogra one, Silchar three quarters, Masulipatam one and a half. The temperature remains low in the central parts of the country and south Bengal.

Forecast.—Decrease of rainfall in north-east India.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 5th March, 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are very lightly clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual at Multan. Day temperature is in excess at Multan and Rawalpindi; night temperature is also above normal at Multan but generally in slight defect in the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature has risen but is still below normal at Allahabad during the day and at Jhansi at night.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately clouded in upper Sind and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is above normal in upper Sind; night temperature is in excess at Jaipur but in defect at Bikaner.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect on the south Kathiawar coast and normal or in excess elsewhere. Day temperature is defect at Surat and Indore; night temperature is below normal at Bhuj and Rajkot.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature has risen but is still 7 deg. to 12 deg. F. in defect during the day.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. The air is damper than usual at Bombay. Temperature is in defect at Ratnagiri during the day and at Karwar at night.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect; night temperature is also below normal in the southern half of the division.

General Remarks.—Masulipatam reports 1.25" of rain; elsewhere no rainfall has occurred.

Dry weather is likely generally.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on FRIDAY, the 5th of March, 1915.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8. A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total fm. Nov. 1st to date.	Rainfall. Variation fm. Nov. 1st to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	.. ..	.. ..	..	..	..	..
Do. (4th)	.. 67.8	59.5	74	..	5.57	—4.10
Jask	.. 83.5	68.4	82	..	0.40	—2.97
Do. (4th)	.. 80.6	65.5	69	..	0.40	—2.96
Muskat	.. 85.6	70.4	85	..	3.17	0.34
Do. (4th)	.. 85.7	67.3	76	..	3.17	0.34
PUNJAB—						
Multan	.. 86.9	57.7	40	..	0.32	—0.90
Rawalpindi	.. 75.5	46.0	66	..	7.85	1.35
Lahore	.. 82.2	49.2	75	..	3.61	0.96
Hissar	.. 83.3	48.0	56	..	2.47	.. ..
Ambala	.. 79.0	49.1	66	..	3.76	—5 63
Delhi	.. 79.0	54.0	56	..	7.66	5 25
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	.. 82.2	57.0	41	..	4.29	2.93
Mainpuri	.. 82.4	51.0	58	..	2.17	0.17
Jhansi	.. 74.7	55.1	44	..	2.07	0.51
Cawnpore	.. 82.0	53.9	97	..	2.22	0.42
Allahabad	.. 79.0	57.7	75	..	3.58	1.65
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	.. 89.3	56.4	55	..	0.59	—0.32
Karachi	.. 79.0	67.0	79	..	0.66	—0.60
Ajmer	.. 83.4	54.3	65	..	2.47	1.31
Jaipore	.. 84.6	52.0	35	..	1.99	0.79
Kotah	.. 86.2	64.0	51	..	4.79	3.94
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	.. 88.2	57.2	63	..	1.34	0.94
Dwarka	.. 78.8	69.5	76	..	0.46	—0.21
Veraval	.. 79.9	60.8	42	..	0.68	0.24
Rajkot	.. 89.5	53.9	59	..	0.41	—0.04
Bhavnagar Para	.. 83.2	63.2	38	..	0.06	—0.40
Surat	.. 86.1	65.7	91	..	2.79	0.47
Ahmedabad	.. 91.7	63.4	37	..	0	—0.34
Deesa	.. 91.3	57.9	52	..	0.81	0.34
Neemuch	.. 84.0	58.6	52	..	4.07	3.35
Indore	.. 82.1	56.4	60	..	2.18	1.31
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	.. 79.3	54.3	66	..	2.52	0.29
Saugor	.. 79.8	58.2	35	..	2.04	0.07
Hoshangabad	.. 82.9	58.6	65	..	3.47	1.87
Khandwa	.. 83.8	59.0	66	..	3.01	0.96
Akola	.. 84.3	61.4	58	..	4.49	2.74
Amraoti	.. 86.3	64.8	45	..	3.98	2.14
Nagpur	.. 83.6	61.9	53	..	4.75	2.64
Chanda	.. 88.5	63.0	35	..	5.35	3.42
Raipur	.. 80.1	63.6	90	..	2.47	0.86
KONKAN—						
Bombay	.. 83.0	72.3	88	..	1.12	0.55
Ratnagiri	.. 82.5	69.5	70	..	0.54	—0.16
Mormugao	.. 85.2	70.8	87	..	1.58	0.39
Karwar	.. 85.7	66.0	87	..	5.70	3.77
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	.. 86.4	59.9	69	..	3.92	3.08
Ahmednagar	.. 84.3	62.1	55	..	2.02	0.75
Poona	.. 86.2	61.1	73	..	0.65	—0.47
Sholapur	.. 85.5	62.2	66	..	6.58	5.06
Bijapur	.. 85.1	63.4	57	..	5.45	4.12
Belgaum	.. 81.8	56.5	70	..	4.93	2.99
Ahmedabad	.. 83.4	59.8	58	..	3.16	1.96
Nizamabad (Indur)	.. 84.1	63.4	74	..	4.26	2.85
Hyderabad	.. 82.4	64.0	75	..	3.70	2.09
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	.. 88.7	72.5	62	..	3.61	0.24
Calicut	.. 87.8	73.5	82	..	9.34	2.83
Cochin	.. 89.8	76.5	74	..	19.81	10.44
Colombo	.. 89.1	72.9	95	..	24.83	0.83
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	.. 84.1	69.5	100	1.25	5.61	—1.19
Bellary	.. 91.5	68.5	48	..	4.17	1.87
Cuddapah	.. 91.1	74.3	81	..	9.37	4.56
Madras	.. 89.8	74.2	89	..	24.54	4.68
Bangalore	.. 84.5	65.0	77	..	3.48	—0.80
Coimbatore	.. 90.0	69.4	78	..	7.52	2.19
Trichinopoly	.. 89.9	73.6	81	..	7.08	—1.77
Negapatam	.. 88.9	75.1	87	..	22.97	—7.07

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a. m., Standard Time on the 5th March, 1915, was 30·197 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneriod for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

Liverpool, March 4th.

				Bales.
Total Day's	Sales at Liverpool	..	..	6,000
,,	Sales on Spec. & for Exp.			1,000
,,	Imports		..	35,000
Mid. Americans	.. .. ..		..	5.01
Egyptian F.G.F.	.. .. ..		..	6.90
New York Official noon call		May	..	8.59
		July	..	8.82
New Orleans 10 a.m.	..	May	..	8.35
		July	..	8.55

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, March 4th.

Months.	Previous closing price	To-day's price.
May-June.	4.88	4.89
June-July.	4.92	4.93
July-Aug.	4.97	4.98
Aug.-Sept.	..	..
Sept.-Oct.	..	..
Oct.-Nov.	5.11	5.12
Nov.-Dec.	..	..
Dec.-Jan.	..	..
Jan.-Feb.	5.18	5.19

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

LIVERPOOL.

	M.J.	J.A.	O.N.	J.F.16
3rd Mch. Close	4.88½	4.97½	5.10½	5.18
4th Mch. Open	4.90½	4.99½	5.12½	5.20½
4th Mch. Close	4.89	4.97½	5.10½	5.19
	pl. ½	—	—	pl. 1

EGYPTIAN

	May.	July.	Nov.	Jan.
3rd Mch. Close	6.90	7.15	7.45	7.56
4th Mch. Open	7.02	7.20	7.59	7.61
4th Mch. Close	pl. 5	pl. 5	pl. 5	pl. 5

NEW YORK.

	Mch.	May.	July.	Oct
2nd Mch. Close.	8.35	8.56	8.77	9.05
3rd Mch. Close	8.50	8.69	8.92	9.18
4th Mch. 11 a. m	8.47	8.66	..	9.14
4th Mch Close.	8.38	8.56	8.80	9.07

NEW ORLEANS.

	Mch.	May.	July
2nd Mch. Close	..	8.28	8.49
3rd Mch. Close	..	8.42	8.62
4th Mch. 11 a.m.	..	..	..
4th Mch Close	..	8.31	8.51

AMERICAN MARKETS

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

New York, March 4th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	..	44,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	..	33,000
Futures at New York May	.. ..	8.56
Previous closing price	.. ..	8.69
Futures at New York July	.. ..	8.80
Previous closing price	.. ..	8.92
Spot Cotton at New York	.. ..	8.60
Previous price	.. ..	8.60
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	.. ..	7.81
Previous price	.. ..	7.81
Futures at New Orleans May	.. ..	8.31
Previous price	.. ..	8.42
Futures at New Orleans July	.. ..	8.51
Previous price	.. ..	8.62
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	..	7 5/8
Demand Bills	.. ..	4.81.10
Silver Commercial Bars	..	49 1/8

MONEY MARKET.

(Reuter's Telegrams).

London, March 4th.

Bar Silver Spot	23⅛
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5% since 8th August 1914.	
Amount Withdrawn from the Bank of England about	£770,000
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	1½
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. ..	1½
,, Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	4½
,, ,, ,, ,, 6 ,, ..	4½
Interest day to day loans ..	½
,, 7 day market loans	½

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, March 4th.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

	£	£
Total Bullion	.. 60,000,000 Dec.	3,900,000
Public Deposits	.. 51,900,000 Inc.	24,900,000
Other do.	.. 118,800,000 Dec.	14,100,000
Govt. Securities	.. 26,900,000 ,,	100,000
Other Securities	.. 118,200,000 Inc.	15,200,000
Notes & Gold	.. 43,900,000 Dec.	4,100,000

The Bank Reserve is 26 % of the Liabilities

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, March 4th.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi, per 492 lbs. C.I.F. April-May	59/3
Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492 lbs. C.I.F. May.-June	59
Wheat F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492 lbs. C. I. F. nominal	
Tone .—Dull and Nominal..	

(Continued on page 6.)

WHY GO FROM SHOP TO SHOP?

When you can buy all your needs from

A. H. JOOSUB & Co.,
12, Sitaram Building.

STORES—

Sweets, Provisions, Chocolates, etc. at marvellous prices.

CLOTHING—

Ladies, Gentlemen and Children's clothing in every variety.—Vests, Ties, Socks and Stockings,—all you want at cheap rates.

JOB LOTS BOUGHT
Sold at JOB LOT PR

CROMPTONS FANS.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 60 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 83 each.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 36 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 45 each.

THE MOST ECONOMICAL FANS OBTAINABLE

CROMPTONS BOMBAY, Ld.,

85-37, APOLLO STREET,

SPOTS ON THE SUN

are no great cause of anxiety to itself though they may be to many a scientist, but the spots on a lady's face are a source of much anxious thought to herself though they may not be to the inventor of BENSON'S PIMPLE WASH a most satisfactory and harmless preparation for Pimples, Sunburn, Tan, Freckless, Blotches, Balakheads, etc.

MADON SONS & CO., BOMBAY

YOUR OLDEST HOTO MAKES, YOU LOOK YOUNGEST.

so does POPULAR BEAUTY-CHARM a delightful liquid preparation that takes the place of both powder and cream without being shiny like the one or greasy like the other. It protects the skin from the inclemency of the weather, giving to the complexion the fresh bloom of perfect health. The pet and secret of many a high-class lady. A boon to motorists. Pink and white.

MADON SONS & Co.,

(THE ORIGINAL MADON'S)
Crawford Market, BOMBAY.
Phone No. 706.

The Original Firm of

DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & CO.,

71, ESPLANADE ROAD,
NEAR CURRENCY BANK

Please note our address and do not confound it with any other.

Our qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon with diploma from the Royal London (Moorfields) Ophthalmic Hospital, will examine eyes retinoscopically for glasses free of charge.

We hold flattering testimonials from distinguished personages and include among our constituents such notabilities as the Honourable H. E. Rear Admiral Peirse, all past and present chief justices and puisne judges of the Bombay High Court, honourable members of the Bombay Legislative Council, members of the medical profession etc

"LU-LU" EYE DROPS

An absolutely non-irritant and a Positive Cure for all Sore Ulcerated and Weak Eyes. Price Re. 1.

An Illustrated Essay on the Eye containing useful information sent post free on application.

MONEY & HOW YOU CAN GET IT

IF you wish to possess Powerful Brain and thereby invent Money-making Schemes,

IF you wish to increase and preserve your Youthful Appearance and Beauty even after seventy,

IF you wish to have excellent Health and avoid sickness and to acquire Personal Magnetism. Ambition and Fearlessness,

IF you wish to win over people in your daily business and make success doubly sure

USE ALWAYS

'TONE—VIGORIEN'

and follow its simple directions. That is why it is so popular amongst all.

Hundred tablets cost Rs. 5, postage extra

Our famous 'ANTI-DYSPEPTIC TABLETS only can cure your dyspepsia as they have already done in numerous cases. Hundred tablets cost only Rs. 3, postage extra.

Both these preparations can be had from

Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd
FORT, BOMBAY,

Prepared by

The Abiathar Pharmaceutical Co., Bombay.

COMMERCIAL:

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

(*Continued from page 5.*)

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, March 4.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—60lbs. sellers
March.-April. 61

SEEDS.

Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship 53
Linseed Calcutta sellers 52/3

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) March.-April; Paid 47/9

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) March; Hull 7/7/6

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B. £63¼
Copper Braziers £80½
Yellow Metal 8

IRON.

Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool 14—0—0

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal nominaly 30
English best Selected Copper 71½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 2/5
Ceylon Rubber 2/4

SHEEP SKINS.

London, March 4th.

Sheep skins sold to-day week demand 390,000
Madras prime } 2d to 2½d lower
„ Medium }
Ordinary a penny lower.
Bombays:— a pence lower.

MARKET REPORTS.

COAL MARKET.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, March 5th.

A fair demand for ready and near deliveries prevails, both seaborne and by rail, of first-class descriptions, and owing to the scarcity and dearness of freight, prices for sea cargoes are particularly firm with an advancing tendency. Fourteen rupees per ton is now quoted as the freight rate on coal for the second half of the year.

It is rumoured the old waggon trouble is again likely to be in evidence soon, owing to a large portion of coal which is usually brought round by steamer, being diverted to the railway route.

Current prices for ex-steamer delivery may be quoted:—

Deshaghar of the better known descriptions Rs. 20 per ton ready and Rs. 23 per ton forward. Best Jherriahs Rs. 18 per ton.

COTTON.

After opening steady our market in sympathy with American advices ruled easier during the afternoon, and at Colaba Good M. G. Broach, March, declined to Rs. 199.

A moderate business was again reported in transfers of Fine M. G. Bengal and Goood M. G. Broach, March, to forward months. But a part from this, and for a rather better demand for ready cotton, no business of any importance was put through.

We quote for March deliveries:—

Good M. G. Broach	200
Fully Good Bengal	136
Fine M. G. Bengal	148
Fine M. G. Khamgaum Akola	162
„ Good Bengal (January 1916)	175

Messrs. PATEL BROTHERS' MIDDAY QUOTATIONS.

Growths.	Fine	F. G.	Good.	Delivery
M. G. Broach ..	203	..	200	25-3-15
„ „ ..	201	..	..	25-5-15
H. G. Bengals (By. terms)	..	173	..	25-1-16
H. G. „	..	165	..	25-3-15
M. G. Bengals (By. terms)	148	..	..	..
Akola, Khgm ..	202	..	..	25-1-16
M. G. „ Sind „ Punjab (By. terms) ..	..	..	..	..
M. G. Khandesh ..	150	137	..	25-3-15
M. G. Khandwa Sanawad ..	..	..	..	
M. G. Wardha, Hinganghat	183	..	..	„
M. G. Nagpore ..	181	..	..	„
M. G. Yeotmal ..	177	..	..	„
M. G. Dhamangaum, Pulgam ..	172	..	..	„
M. G. Oomrawatee (description) ..	167	..	..	„
M. G. Akola, Khgm. Fair staple ..	162	..	..	..
M. G. „ ..	163/4	..	..	25-5-15
Saw Ginned Dharwar	..	..	203	„
H. G. Westerns ..	..	..	190	„
M. G. Westerns ..	..	..	197	„
M. G. Miraj ..	..	..	209	„
M. G. Compta ..	..	..	208	„
H. G. Bhagalkote ..	..	..	..	..
H. G. Bijapore ..	..	..	..	..

ARRIVALS OF COTTON PRODUCE AND PRINCIPAL FOOD GRAINS IN BOMBAY.

	Day's Total.	Week	Since 1st Jan. 1915	Same period last year.
	Bls.	Bls.	Bls.	Bls.
Cotton	17,293 Cwts.	127 974 Cwts.	857,192 Cwts.	1,073,464 Cwts.
Wheat	18,885	46,414	409,721	451,348
Linseed	4,103	19,237	86,391	201-129
Rape, Bai, Mustard- Seeds	1,105	3,565	57,403	25,18
Gingellyseed	1,976	15,377	161,563	612,70
Poppyseed	..	18	185	2,447
Groundnut	4,883	19,854	281,571	496,141
Castorseed	3,001	20,456	217,010	877,53
Rice	5,531	90,968	943,402	677,083
Myrabolams	5,097	13,608	144,399	202,129
Cottonseed	4,221	76,510	789,818	1,586,903
Mowraseed	..	999	12,132	9,256
Gram	663	8,150	65,440	66,097
Joowari	11,564	60,607	240,462	320,885
Barley	..	568	6,410	5,736
Maize	12	75	1,782	429

ARRIVALS.

4th March 1915.

	Bales.
Khandeish	1,546
Central India	2,111
Barsi & Nagpur	1,603
Berar	4,611
Central Provinces	1,715
Dhollera	12,13
Broach	910
Compta & Dharwar	204
Westerns	563
Bengal & N. W. Provinces	1,753
Rajputana	287
Sind	660
Persian	122
Total....	17,293
Total for week	127,974
„ to date since 1st Sept. 1914..	1,096,818
„ same time last season.....	1,963,945

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—
T. T. Ready ..... 1s. 3 15-16d.
D. D. Mail ..... 1s. 3 31-32d.
T. T. Forward ..... 1s. 3 15-16d. April.

Banks' Buying Rates:—
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready ... 1s. 4¼d.
Do. 4 m-s. do ..... 1s. 4 5-16d.
Francs 3 m-s. do ..... 172¼ nominal.
60 d-s. Hong-Kong ..... 130½.
Do. Shanghai ..... 166½.
60 d-s. Yokohama ..... 147½.

SHARES.

The Cotton Mill shares showed a firm tendency.

Central India stood at Rs. 1,735. Colaba Land and Mill shares at Rs. 1,320. Currimbhais at Rs. 166/4, Davids Rs. 507/8, Fazulbhoys at Rs. 371/4. Finlays have improved to Rs 247½ Kohinoors are steady at Rs. 655. Madhavjis stood at Rs. 1,067½, New City at Rs. 1,060, Phoenix at Rs. 156/4. Standards at Rs 865, Swadeshis Rs. 1,360.

Bombay Burmas are weak at Rs. 847½.

Bombay Tramway ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 207.

Tata Iron and Steel, both ordinary and the Deferred shares, were quoted at Rs. 91½ and Rs. 175 respectively with little business passing.

In Railway shares, Ahmedabad Pranti, stood at Rs. 660, Central Provinces at Rs. 116, Gujarat Railway at Rs. 105.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Cash business was reported at Rs. 92-8 per cent. market nearly steady.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 5.

The Share Market was less active yesterday although jute shares ruled steady on the whole, if somewhat irregular Kamarhatty and Barnagore improved their position while Fort William dropped a couple of points. There was some improvement noticed in the enquiry for coal shares although the business reported was not on a large scale. Burrankar were in strong request.

Government Paper three and a half per cent. was quoted Rs. 92-2 to Rs. 92-5.

PACHORA JAMNER RAILWAY CO., LTD.

The Pachora Jamner Railway Company was successfully floated yesterday. The capital required is 16½ lakhs of rupees, while the applications received amounted to about double that amount.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

The manager of the Eastern Bank writes to say that he has received the following telegram from the London office of the Bank:—"The annual meeting will be held on the 18th March. The Board will recommend the payment of a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, which (including interest on the New Shares) will absorb £23,645. They further propose to place £23,000 to Reserve for Contingencies and to carry forward £6,477."

H. E. the Viceroy will grant interviews this morning at Barrackpore to Dr. Sarvadhikari, Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University and also to the Maharaja of Burdwan and the Nawab of Murshidabad.

CROP REPORTS.

SECOND MEMORANDUM.

WHEAT.

The latest reports regarding the wheat crop in the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Native States for the season 1914-15, show the total area under wheat as under:—

	British Dists. Acres.	Native States. Acres.
Presidency	1,308,500	515,000
Sind	591,500	35,000
	1,900,000	550,000

making a total of 2,450,000, acres, which is 15 per cent. over the corresponding area last year, and 2.9 per cent. over the average of the preceding ten years.

Except in Halar Prant of Kathiawar where a larger area had been placed under Kharif crops and in Karachi where the rain in the hilly tract was deficient for sowing, the cultivation of wheat extended everywhere owing to favourable late rains in the Presidency and to good inundation and better water-supply in Sind and to an unexpected rise in the price of the crop owing to the outbreak of war. A part of the area usually devoted to cotton was also placed under wheat owing to the fall in the price of the former.

In Gujarat cloudy weather in January affected the crop in places and rats have slightly damaged it here and there in the north. Elsewhere it has done well. The wet crop on the whole is estimated to yield between 85 to 100 per cent. of the normal; dry crop 60 to 85 per cent. in the north and 75 to 100 per cent. in the south. In the Deccan the crop suffered somewhat from rats and stormy weather in Khandesh and from insufficiency of moisture in Sholapur and east of Poona. Elsewhere both dry and wet crops have thriven well. The estimated yield of dry crop varies between 50 to 75 per cent. of the normal in the south and 66 to 100 per cent. in the north. The wet crop is expected to yield between 65 to 85 per cent. in the former and 85 to 115 per cent. in the latter. Recent rains slightly injured the Karnatak crop in places. Otherwise its condition is good and it is estimated at between 80 to 115 per cent. of the normal. The Sind crop is reported to be fair in Karachi and Hyderabad; elsewhere good. The yield of the crop is reported at 85 per cent. of the normal in Upper Sind Frontier District, 58 per cent. in Hyderabad and 2/3rd of the normal elsewhere. The harvesting of early sown dry crop in the Presidency commenced in places in the first fortnight of February. The wet crop is not yet ready. The Sind crop is still young.

LINSEED AND RAPESEED CROPS.

The latest reports and estimates up to 15th February, show the total areas under these oil-seeds as under:—

	Linseed. Acres.	Rapeseed. Acres.
British Districts.	107,000	226,000
Native States ...	10,000	82,000
Total ...	117,000	308,000

The total acreage under linseed is 7.8 per cent. below last year, and 34.5 per cent. below the decennial average. The total average under rapeseed is 29 per cent. below last year and 2.5 per cent. below the decennial average.

As regards linseed the season for sowing was favourable but the cultivation of the crop was restricted in places owing partly to the preference shown to wheat and other crops in view of the diminished demand for export abroad. Except for some slight damage from rats in Khandesh and from insufficient moisture in Sholapur and East of Poona the crop progressed well and is expected to yield between 2/3rd to 5/6th of the normal. The harvesting of the crop has commenced in places in first fortnight of February.

As regards the rapeseed crop favourable rains induced large sowings in Gujarat. The crop has been doing well, and is expected to yield between 85 to 100 per cent. of the normal. In Sind the cultivation was restricted owing to the greater attention paid to wheat, to a deficiency of water-supply in Nawabshah and to lands being under-water at the time of sowing in Karachi. The crop is reported to be in good condition in Upper Sind Frontier District, and fair elsewhere.

THE BOMBAY BANKING COMPANY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Directors of the Bombay Banking Company (now in liquidation) have, as it has appeared in the press, paid two lacs of rupees to the Official Liquidator in satisfaction of the liabilities resting on them. The depositors of the company, consisting mainly of the middle and poor classes, are now anxious to learn from Official Liquidator when and in what proportion in the rupee they will be paid, since it is rumoured that they will have a fair return of their hard-earned savings in the Bank.

If the Official Liquidator will be pleased to explain the whole matter through the press it will give general satisfaction to them.—Yours, etc.,

ANANDRAO MANGESH.

LAHORE SHOOTING AFFAIR.

TRIAL OF ARJUN SINGH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, March 5.

The case in which Arjun Singh a returned emigrant, is charged with the murder of Masoom Ali Shah, head constable, and attempt to murder Musammad Musa, Sub-Inspector of Police was heard before Mr. O'Neil Shaw, Additional Magistrate on Wednesday. After several witnesses had deposed, the accused was examined by the court. The accused pleaded not guilty and the Court committed him to the Sessions.

ONLY LAST TWO PERFORMANCES

SHREE VAIDYA VINOD NATAK SAMAJ,

BALIWALLA'S GRAND THEATRE, TARDEO

SATURDAY: 6th March at 9-30 p. m. (S. T.) | SUNDAY: 7th March at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.)

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BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED THEFT.

ACCUSED DISCHARGED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, the Third Presidency Magistrate disposed of the case in which Inspector O'Brien charged Abdul Razak Ibrahim, a Mahomedan lad, aged 16, with the theft of a gold watch chain and other articles and cash, of the collective value of Rs. 126, belonging to Chhutan Usmankhan, P. C. No. 2115 C. Messrs. P. Godinho and M. De Cruz defended the accused.

The facts of the case, as alleged by the prosecution, have already been reported.

The accused pleaded not guilty, alleging it was a false case, maliciously brought by the complainant sepoy.

The Magistrate, delivering his decision, said there could be no reasonable doubt that the property was stolen from the complainant's room. In the room, where the complainant lived, three other persons also resided, and the lock on the door of the room had three keys, one remaining with the complainant one with one of his tenants Azizullakhan and one with Ahmed Nabi, another tenant, so that any one of these could open the door of the room in the absence of the others. The accused and other boys were frequent visitors to the room. The complainant alleged that the accused had been to the room on the 21st or 22nd February. But it was clear that the accused could not have stolen the articles on these occasions because the complainant was with him throughout his stay there. The accused said that Azizullakhan gave him the articles for sale and he believed that they belonged to him. Now it was a significant fact that Azizullakhan absconded from Bombay leaving his belongings in the room the very day that the accused was arrested, and the police had not been able to trace him since. The disappearance of Azizullakhan lent strength to the accused's statement. Again if the accused had stolen the articles or had even known or believed that the articles were stolen, it was not likely that within four days of the theft he would go to the room with a part of the property in his pocket. The prosecution had not made out a case free from all reasonable doubt against the accused, for the facts were not inconsistent with his innocence. The accused was therefore discharged.

ILLICIT POSSESSION OF COCAINE.

The accused was also charged with possessing two grains of cocaine without a license. He was convicted and fined Rs. 15.

ALLEGED DANGEROUS CHARACTER.

"FEARED AS MUCH AS A TIGER."

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, the Second Presidency Magistrate, at the instance of Inspector De Burgh, called upon Rajabali Karimbux, a cart-owner of Dharavi, to show cause why he should not be ordered to execute a bond in the sum of Rs. 100 with one surety for the like amount to be of good behaviour for six months. Mr. M. A. Haveliwalla and Mr. Talcherker, barristers, appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. N. N. Saher, barrister, defended the accused.

Inspector De Burgh deposed that ever since 1911 he had been receiving complaints from people living in the locality against the accused, to the effect that the accused assaulted people, committed extortion on them, and intimidated them when they threatened to go to Court. The accused was warned several times by the police, but he paid no heed. In January last two fresh complaints were received against him. In witness' opinion, the accused was such a dangerous man that he ought to be bound over.

Lal Mahomed, a tea-shop keeper of Dharavi, deposed to the accused having induced the "Jamat" to fine him, and to his having intimidated him. He feared him as much as he would a tiger.

Mr. J. B. Saklatwalla, land manager to Messrs. Tata Sons and Company, said that in spite of his protests the accused had continued to forcibly take away earth and lime stones from Messrs. Tata's lands. A woman named Dhrupati, came to witness and requested him to exchange pieces of lands belonging to her with those of Mr. Tata, so that she might be relieved of the annoyance caused to her by the accused, who owned land alongside her land. He was very much afraid of the accused, who had been intimidating his subordinates and when he (witness) went to Dharavi he always took a servant with him as the accused had been a terror in the locality. He had been obliged to employ Pathans as watchmen.

Other evidence was recorded and the hearing adjourned.

COCAINE PROSECUTION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, the Third Presidency Magistrate disposed of a case in which Chief Excise Inspector McCarthy charged Harjivan Vagji, a Gujarati Hindu, with being in possession of 64 grains of cocaine, without a licence. The accused was arrested on Thursday at Duncan Road with the cocaine in his possession. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

The President of the Swiss Confederation recently received a Polish deputation including M. Sienkiewicz, the novelist, M. Paderewski, the pianist, Porfessor Wovalski, and M. Osonchovski, a famous lawyer, and discussed with them a proposal to organise a scheme for international aid to the population of Poland, so cruelly tried by the war. A General Committee, the headquarters of which will be in Switzerland, under the honorary presidency of M. Sienkiewicz, will be constituted.

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Says, Major R. S. POTTINGER, Pol. Agent, Cutch:—"It is very well got up and clearly printed on good paper. I think it ought to prove of considerable value in assisting beginners towards making a good start in Gujarati."

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Price Annas 9.

Says, Lieut. W. M. TATE:—"It seems to me to be an excellent work. The examples are clearly put and leave nothing to be desired. The Book is one which must help all who read it for the first time or for revision."

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Races, Eleventh Extra Meeting, Mahaluxmi, 1st Race starts at 3-30 p.m.

Bombay Light Horse, Annual Camp begins.

Wilson College, Annual Athletic Sports, College Gymkhana Ground, Kennedy Sea Face, 3-30 p.m.

Indo-British Institution, Distribution of Prizes, 5-30 p.m.

The Maharastra Natak Mandali, Taramandal, Grant Road, Bombay Theatre, 9 p..m.

SUNDAY, March 7.

The Maharastra Natak Mandali, Taramandal, Bombay Theatre, Grant Road, 3-30 p.m.

MONDAY, March 8.

Bombay Ladies' Branch of the National Indian Association, General Meeting, Government House, 5 p.m.

Annual Meeting of British & Foreign Bible Society, Bombay Auxiliary, Y. M. C. A. Hall, Wodehouse Road, 6 p.m., H. E., the Governor presiding.

TUESDAY, March 9.

P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Nellore with English Mails of 13th ultimo, due at 4 p.m.

Gokuldas Tejpal Charities Schools, Prize Distribution, Gowalia Tank Road.

Classical Association, Meeting of Bombay Branch, Asiatic Society's Rooms, 6-30 p.m. Paper on "Horace" by Mr. A. Soarez.

WEDNESDAY, March 10.

Bombay Municipal Standing Committee meeting.

Bombay Chamber of Commerce, Ballot for two elective Trustees of the Port, 10-30 a.m., to 4 p.m.

THURSDAY, March 11.

Bombay Gymkhana Lawn Tennis Tournament Mixed Doubles Handicap commences.

Opening of Y. M. C. A. Proctor Branch New Building, Rebsch Street, West Agripada Estate, Byculla, 5-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, March 13.

Bombay Legislative Council Meeting, Secretariat, 12 noon.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre of Varieties 6-30 and 10 p.m.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-15 and 10 p. m.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, and 10-30 to 12.

Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Skating Rink, 8 to 9, 9-30 to 10-30 a.m., and 4 to 8, 9-30 to 11-30 p.m.

Paladium, Kalbadevi, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

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Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTHS.

BULL—On the 26th instant, at Lansdowne Road, Holland Park, London, the wife of H. C. Bull, of a son. (By cable.)

SIMPSON—On the 25th February, at No. 4, King's Road, Howrah, to Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Simpson, a daughter. (Up-country papers please copy.)

MARRIAGES.

BARBOUR—LAWRENCE—At Calcutta, on 27th February, by special license, William Alexander Barbour (Engineer), to Mrs. Emma Lawrence (nee Lindley). (English and up-country papers please copy.)

CROSSLEY—HIGGS—On the 24th February, at St. James' Church, by the Rev. T. F. Smith, Edward James Crossley, youngest son of the late Mr. Samuel Crossley, Howrah, and nephew of Capt. Surgeon Robert Crossley, Armadale, Victoria, to Elma Violet, youngest daughter of the late Mr. William Henry Higgs, Port Commissioner, Calcutta. (No cards.) (English and Australian papers please copy.)

DEATHS.

BRITTO—At Deolali, on the 24th February, of heart failure, Dr. Caetano Francis Britto, L. R. C. P. & S., Edinburgh. Deeply regretted by a large circle of relations and friends. "Thy will be done."—R. I. P.

DAVIS—On the 24th February, Henrietta Lavinia Davis, widow of the late George Davis, I. S. M. D., aged 69.

D'COSTA—At his residence, on 27th February, of acute bronchitis, Valiant Lyttenton D'Costa, late Custom House Officer, Preventive Service, pensioner. His remains will be removed from 117, Lower Circular Road, at 11 a.m. this morning. Friends will kindly accept this the only intimation.

REQUIEM MASS.

There will be a Solemn Requiem Mass at 7-30 a.m. at the Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Mazagon, on Monday next, the 8th instant, for the repose of the soul of the late Maria Tryphena Soares. Relations and friends will kindly accept this the only intimation.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Colonel Stanley Reed, A.-D.-C., Commanding.

Bombay, 6th March, 1915.

Annual Camp—It is notified for information that the Camp of Training will be held from 6th to 22nd March. First parade at Camp, Santa Cruz, to-day Saturday 6th March, 5-30 p.m.

The B. B. and C. I. Railway Company will make the usual concession to the Corps for the period of Camp, viz:—A season ticket for Rs. 5 (with deposit of Re. 1, which will be refunded on expiration of ticket): application to be made at the Season Ticket Office, Church Gate Station.

A. F. BAIRD, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Bombay, 6th March, 1915.

1081. Mobilization Guards.—The Officer Commanding "G" Coy., will detail 2 N. C. Officers and 6 men to parade daily at Head-Quarters at 6 p.m., on and from 3rd inst., Dress.—Drill Order with helmets, Havresacks and waterbottles.

86.—Parades.—Company parades for the week ending March 18th:—

"A" Company, Friday at 6-15 p.m., at Head-Quarters.

"B" Company, Tuesday, at 7 a.m., Company Drill and Saturday at 7-30 a.m. Signalling Class at Head-Quarters.

"C" Company, Tuesday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., sharp at Head-Quarters. Every member must attend.

"D" Company, Tuesday, at 7-15 a.m., and Thursday at 5-45 p.m., at Government Telegraph Quarters.

"E" Company, Wednesday, at 6-15 p.m., at Sir Richard Temple's Statue Dress.—Drill Order, Uniform with helmets.

"F" Company, no parades.

Motor Reserve Parade, Thursday at 6 p.m. at Head-Quarters.

43. Mobilization Kit.—No kit will be issued during March.

74. Regular Army Recruiting.—Members of this Corps desirous of enlisting into the Regular Army should apply for information to the Adjutant 2/6th Devon Regiment, Colaba, between the hours of 9 a.m., and 1 p.m. daily.

83. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted as follows:—
Sunday 7th, "G" Coy. Class Firing.
Monday 8th, Tuesday 9th, and Wednesday 10th.—Any Adult Coy. Class Firing. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Captain,
Adjutant Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY RACES

By kind permission of Colnel T. C. Bonner V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 2-45 p.m., on Saturday the 6th March 1915.

March Militaire—"Forward the Light Brigade".....Dorel.
Overture—"Tancredi" .....Rossini.
(a) Serenade—"Op 264".....Czibulka.
(b) Dance Intermezzo—"Laughing Eyes" .....Finck.
Selection—"Veronique" .....Messager.
Valse—"Destiny" .....Baynes.
(a) Gipsy Serenade—"El Saludo" .....Ancliffe.
(b) Two Step—"Get out and get under" .....Abrahams.
Selection—"The Quaker Girl" .....Monckton.

STRING BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music. under he direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commensing at 6 p.m., on Monday.

ENGLISH MAILS.

The P. & O. Company's S. S. Moldavia with the homeward Mails of the 27th ultimo arrived at Aden at one a.m. yesterday.

PRABHURAM JIVARAM PRIZE.

The Prabhuram Jivanram Prize for the year 1914 has been awarded to Mr. Hiralal M. Mulani B. Sc., and Mr. Jugatram M. Bhatt, B.A., LL.B., both of the Government Law School.

SOCIAL GATHERING IN THE WILSON HIGH SCHOOL.

A social gathering of the "Old Boys" of the Wilson High School was held on Wednesday, evening in the School premises, Khetwadi. Rev. J. R. Cuthbert, M.A., Principal presided on the occasion.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ ANNIVERSARY,

In connection with the 48th anniversary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj, Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar will conduct the Divine Service on Sunday at 5-30 p.m., in the local Prarthana Mandir and preach his Sermon on "Witness of the Spirit."

BOMBAY VAIDYA SABHA.

A weekly meeting of this Association will be held to-morrow at 3 p.m., in the Bombay Vaidya Sabha Hall, Nagdevi Cross Lane, Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay. A lecture on "The classification of names and diseases" will be given by Vaidyaraj Jatashanker Liladhar.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

The "At Home" to the Y. M. C. A. fixed for to-day has been postponed. Owing to the Anniversary of the Samaj the Senior Class of the Brotherhood will not meet on Sunday the 7th and the 14th instant. The Junior Class will meet at the usual hour to-morrow.

HINDU UNION CLUB.

The fourth lecture in Marathi of the Hemant Vyakhyan Malla will be delivered this evening at 5-45 p.m., by Mr. T. A. Kulkarni Principal New English School Bombay. Mr. D. G. Paddhye will preside.

The fifth lecture will be delivered to-morrow by Mrs. Kashibai Herlekar of Baroda. Shrimati Ramabai Ranade of Poona will preside.

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

The total number of deaths reported in Bombay on Thursday was 56, as compared with 124 of the corresponding day of 1914 and 89 of 1913. Plague registered 6 attacks and 3 deaths during the day and 1 small-pox 4 attacks and 2 deaths. There were no cholera cases. Five of the plague attacks were reported from Mahalaxmi and one from Khara Talao. The total number of rats caught during the day was 2093, fifteen out of them being discovered to be plague-striken. Dongri contributed 7 of these latter, Mandvi 2, Esplanade 2, and Chukla, Khara Talao, Second Nagpada and Kamatipura one each.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION AT PAREL.

Prizes were distributed to the successful students of the Night Class conducted by the Social Service League, Bombay for the benefit of the millhands in the Morarji Goculdas Mill at Parel, on Wednesday, last. Mr. P. A. Baptist, the manager of the mill presided Mr. Lalaye, the Secretary for the League's work at Parel read an account of the work done at the centre in connection with the Night Class, the Sunday Class, the Reading Room and the Holika Sammelan. Mr. Joshi of the Servants of India Society announced that a Co-operative Credit Society for the workmen in the mill will shortly be formed. Thanks were offered to the Agents of the mill for helping the League in the work by giving a room at their disposal free of rent and giving an annual donation of Rs. 200 for the work. Thanks were also given to Seth Trikumdas Dharamsi for offering to give all the expenses incurred in connection with the prize distribution.

LADY WILLINGDON AT URAN.

Photo by Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd.

As guest of Khan Bahadur H. M. Bhimdiwala.

SUICIDE OF A HINDU.

Mr. H. P. T. Lattey, the Coroner, held an inquest at the G. T. Hospital, yesterday, touching the death of Jairam Jethabhai, a Hindu, aged 34.

It appeared from the evidence that the deceased was employed as a cashier on the pedi of Morarji Bhimji, a rice-merchant at Dongri. A few days ago his master noticed some mistakes in the accounts and the deceased promised to make good any deficit that might be found. On Wednesday last the deceased asked his master's permission at 8-30 p.m. to go home, when the latter asked him about the deficit. The deceased said there was a deficit of Rs. 325. He then went home, where he took no food and went to bed. On Thursday morning he was found lying unconscious in his bed and was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where it was ascertained that he was suffering from the effects of opium poisoning. He subsequently died. It was further found that he had purchased opium worth four annas on Wednesday evening.

A verdict of suicide was recorded.

HOMEWORD BOUND.

The following is the list of passengers booked to proceed by the Homeward Mail steamer Calendonia, sailing to-day:—

Mr. R. Scott, Mr. A. K. Graham, Mr. A. Ross, Miss Haven, Mr. (Jr.) North, Mr. G. H. Harris and Mrs., Mr. E. E. Fournier d'Albe and Mrs., Mr. G. C. Wild, Mr. T. Bristol and Mrs., Rev. H. J. Smith and Mrs., Mr. C. S. G. Harrison, Mrs. More, Mr. Sam Allen, Mr. A. R. More, Miss O'Dwyer, Mrs. Bould and 2 children, Mrs. C. L. Carnett, 2 infants and governess, Mr. H. R. Rhodes, Mrs. Kenyon, Mr. A. D. Gordon and Mrs., Nurse of Hardman and 2 children, Mr. W. R. Stewart, Capt. A. J. Hailey, (R.N.R. Mr. D. Manghan Taylor, Mr. J. J. Mark, Mr. G. R. Marr, Mrs. B. Simmonds, Mr. D. Macfadyen, Dr. Haven and Mrs., Mr. F. M. North, Mr. S. K. Day, Mr. J. Mathers, Mr. M. T. Khandwalla, Miss Frere, Mrs. H. Bowen, Hon. Mr. J. H. Stone, Dr. T. C. Carr, Mrs. T. Rooks, Mrs. Barton, Mrs. A. R. More and infant, Mr. R. P. Bould, Mr. C. H. Carter, Mr. S. S. Brittain, Mr. F. W. Mantle, Mrs. Ralph Strachey and maid, Miss M. Elliott Cooper, Mr. H. N. Hamilton, Miss A. L. Storey, Miss Ross, Mr. Whitte, Mr. M. de Dombard, Mr. A. Mathieson, Mr. R. Melville, Mr. A. Basch, Mrs. A. C. Carr and maid, Mr. J. Hogan, Mr. R. J. Dixon, Capt. J. Gony, Mr. L. Mehod, Mr. W. T. Pomfret, Master Mussif, Mrs. Molesworth, child and nurse, Mrs. Radice and infant, Mrs. Armstrong, Mrs. E. H. De V. Atkinson and 2 children, Major W. A. Bailey, Mr. Baird, Miss G. H. Barber, Mrs. Barker and 2 children, Mrs. G. A. Bayley, Mrs. B. H. Bourdillon, child and infant, Mrs. T. W. Bonner, Mrs. J. M. Bourne, Mr. E. O. Brownlow, Mr. H. Burkinshaw, Mrs. Burt and child, Mrs. Campbell, Miss Campbell, Rev. H. C. Carlyon, Mrs. Carnes and child, Mrs. D. M. C. Church and infant, Mrs. Clarke, Miss Clark, Mrs. E. A. Cobb, Mrs. D. G. Cowie, Mr. W. Cowie, Miss Cullen, Mr. J. Das, Miss Deimler, Mrs. R. P. Dewhurst, Mr. C. Dilke and Mrs., Miss Dodsworth, Mr. James Dott, Mr. H. D. Douglas and Mrs., Miss Douglas, Mdlle. Dujon, Mrs. Eliot, Mrs. Ellesworth, 2 infants and nurse, Mr. J. S. Elmore, Mr. Edalji B. Enti, Miss Ewing, Mrs. Farmer and child, Mr. A. K., Faulkner, Mr. D. Ferguson, Mrs. Alexander Fletcher, Dr. P. Foster and Mrs., Miss Foley, Miss Fulton, Mrs. A. B. Fforde, Mr. E. F. Green, Mrs. C. R. Green, Miss Grimwads, Mr. A. W. Guttmann, Miss Hawkins, Master Arthur Herbert, Master Noman Herbert, Mr. Ben Hick and Mrs., Mrs. H. Gregory Hyde, Mrs. Hutchinson, child and nurse, Miss Irwin, Mr. Isaac Jackson, Mr. H. F. D. Jacob, Mr. J. C. R. Johnston, Miss Johnstone, Mr. A. D. Jones, Mrs. A. E. Joyce, 2 children, infant and nurse, H. H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala, H. H. the Maharani of Kapurthala, Mr. Wm. Kendall, Mr. A. King, Mr. R. S. Knox, Mr. F. Lamping, Mr. D. Lewis, Mrs. Liley, infant and nurse, Mr. F. G. Loch, Mrs. W. H. Lovegrove, Mr. C. A. Low, Miss Luce, Mr. S. Mackie, Mrs. Stewart Martin, Miss Martin, Mrs. H. W. T. Mason, Mr. C. McDonald, Mr. J. McEwan, Mr. J. McGowan, Mrs. H. C. McNeill, Rev. F. M. Meyler, Mrs. Meyler and infant, Mrs. Minck, Mr. J. H. Morris, Miss A. F. Muir, Mr. R. J. Mullan, Mr. J. E. Needham and Mrs., Miss C. L. Newbury, Rev. A. E. Nightingale, Mrs. J. W. O'Dowda, infant and nurse, Mr. H. H. Otto, Mrs. G. W. V. de Rue Philipe, Dr. K. A. Platt and Mrs., Mrs. H. E. Platt, 2 children and nurse, Mr. W. Powell, Mrs. Rainsford Hannay, child and nurse, Mr. L. de Rambasle and nurse, Mrs. Owen Roberts, Mr. M. Roy, Mr. C. A. Russ, Mr. J. E. Rutherford, Mrs. Rutherford and infant, Mrs. J. Sanderson and infant, Mr. L. H. Savile and Mrs., Mrs. Scroggie, Miss Scroggie, Miss A. F. Shettle, Mrs. Shujat Ali, child and infant, Prince Zit Sing, Mrs. Sladen, Mr. H. F. Slidder, Mr. S. H. Sopher and Mrs., Mr. W. D. Sykes, Mr. Sorab F. Tity, Miss Torrie, Mr. Geo. Trusler, Mrs. J. M. Turing, Miss C. Tuting, Mrs. Tydeman and child, Mrs. M. Varley, Mrs. Wales and child, Miss Wall, Miss Eva Warren, Mrs. G. Whittle, Mrs. A. W. Walker and child, Mr. J. L. Whitty, Mrs. Wild, Mr. B. P. Williams, Mr. R. Wood and Mrs., and Miss Wyer.

On the occasion of his birthday, his Highness the Gaekwad of Baroda has honoured the Daboo family by awarding the Datar Mandal (Society of Generous) Gold Medal on Mr. Pestonjee Daboo, member of the Baroda Legislative Council.

A meeting of the Punjab Legislative Council will be held on March 13.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

Hansford and Read, who have been appearing with great success at the Excelsior Theatre during the past week, are remaining for a few days longer, presenting a complete change of programme which includes a novel single turn by Hansford and an attractive double turn as well. Hansford is a comedian who should make his mark, and ably assisted by Miss Read he is able to present a very bright little entertainment indeed. The new film programme appears to be well chosen, and certainly does not lack variety.

THE "COMRADE" APPEAL.

JUDGMENT RESERVED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Mar. 5.

On Thursday their Lordships the Chief Judge, Justic Sir Donald Johnstone and the Mr. Justice Rattigan resumed the hearing of the appeal of the keeper of the "Comrade" and the "Hamdard" Press against the Government's order for the forfeiture of his security of Rs. 2,000.

Mr. Mohamed Ali, editor of the "Comrade" continued his explanation of various passages in the article in question.

The Government Advocate on behalf of the Crown, contended that what the Court had to consider was whether the article to which the Government took exception, could or could not bear the interpretation put upon it by the Government. The onus under the Press Act was on the appellant to show that it did not.

Mr. Beechey, for the appellant, then commenced his reply to the Government Advocate. His main contention was that the article had no tendency to excite disaffection against his Majesty the King or Government established by law in British India and that it was nothing more than a criticism of the policy of the Ministers and was thus covered by an explanation to Section 4 of the Indian Press Act.

Mr. Beechey concluded his reply on Friday when the Chief Judge announced that their Lordships would deliver their judgment in writing.

"CONDER" OPEN TENNIS TOURNAMENT

The "Conder" Open Doubles Tennis Tournament held under the auspices of the Bombay Young Men's Christian Association will commence on Monday, the 15th instant Entries close at 6 p.m., on Friday, the 12th instant,. The draw will take place the same evening in the Association Building, Wodehouse Road, Fort, Bombay.

His Majesty the King Emperor, the Sovereign Head and Patron, has been graciously pleased to sanction the following appointments to the Order of St. John of Jerusalem in England:

As Knight of Grace:—Lieut.-Colonel William Ernest Jennings, M.D., I.M.S., (formerly Honorary Serving Brother).

As Honorary Associates:—Colonel Harold Hendley, M.D., I.M.S., Brevet-Colonel Bruce Gordon Seton, I.M.S., and the Rev. Peter Cullen, M.D., D.P.H.

For the Donat's Badge in Gold:—Colonel his Highness Maharaja Rai Rajeshwar Sromani Sri Sir Ganga Singh, Bahadur, of Bikaner. G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.

H. H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala arrived in Bombay yesterday and is staying at the Taj Mahal Hotel. His Highness leaves by to-day's mail steamer for Egypt, and will afterwards proceed to Europe.

One of the most practical forms of relief work has been started in Paris under the presidency of M. Gabriel Hanotaux, the Academican and former Minister of Foreign Affairs. It is known as the "Loan of Honour." The Loan of Honour is intended to make advances to farmers, merchants, and manufacaurers, whose affairs have suffered owing to the war without interest or expense to the borrower for a term which will expire one year after the signature of the treaty of peace. The case of each applicant is, of course, carefully examined before an advance is made. To farmers especially, on whose activity the welfare of the country will so largely depend if the war continues long, these advances will be of great value.

LAWN TENNIS.

WESTERN INDIA CHAMPIONSHIP.

Only three matches were played yesterday, two singles and a mixed double, the advertised one between Rangarao and Reid being postponed till to-day. There was nothing out of the way in these three, the only one at all close being the latter.

This was between Jackson and Mrs. Nelson and J. Naoroji and Mrs. Row, which went decisively in the former pair's favour. It was a close thing in the final set, but this was mainly due to the winners putting too much into their drives, which went out at the back, there being little doubt as to which would win. Mrs. Row returned well, but there was neither the strength nor discretion about her play that there was about Mrs. Nelson's. Naoroji put in some pretty work, but we have seen him play better w' ereas Jackson placed well and got many chances at the net. Of these both missed several, the lobbing being far from effective as a whole. In the first set the superiority of Jackson and Mrs. Nelson was obviously more noticeable, as the latter was the more successful of the ladies in keeping the ball away from the man at the net. The second and fifth games were all they lost, and in the next set they began well with the first two. Each won one, then with two Naoroji and Mrs. Row drew level at three-all. They were down at 3-5, but drew up to five-all with the former's service only to lose the next two, Mrs. Nelson keeping her serve low with cut on.

Modi made a very fair game of it with N. Naoroji, but cannot be said to have ever looked like having much chance. Naoroji not only has a greater variety of strokes but placed better and is sure to at the very least make a great game of it when up against the elder of that name in the semi-final. Modi made him go seriously to business by taking the first two games, but he then lost two sequences of three. Naoroji opened the second set with the first three games, then with each winning in turn went to set and match.

There was something of the bat-ball variety when Engineer and Modak met. It was evident by his play against Pandit that the latter could not go far, and he now only managed to win one game in the two sets. Engineer's steadiness may carry him through, but one very much doubts it as he will be up against something hot in the next round, which decides the finalist of the lower half.

Results were:—

Jackson and Mrs. Nelson beat J. Naoroji and Mrs. Row, 6-2, 7-5.

N. Naoroji beat Modi, 6-3, 6-4.

Engineer beat Modak, 6-0, 6-1.

There are only two games down for to-day.

W. Reid v. Rangarao, on Court No. 2.

Mr. and Mrs. England v. M. Nicholson and Mrs. Bunt, on Court No. 1.

HOCKEY ON SKATES.

The final match was played on the 4th instant, between Mr. Taft's and Mr. Gorden's teams. There was a large attendance of spectators who were keenly interested in the game.

During the first half Mr. Taft secured 2 goals for his side, while on the other hand Mr. Gordon scored one for his side.

L. Oshey, the custodian of Mr. Gorden's team deserves great credit for the splendid way in which he kept his charge, Mr. Taft played a magnificent game, and was cheered each time he took the ball up. It may be mentioned that this successful Tournament was due to Mr. Taft's initiative and sporting spirit. The winners of Mr. Taft's team received cups which they thoroughly deserved.

The laldies, were also given cups, for a previous match which they had won against the "Dainty Trippers," who were of the sterner sex.

The following were the players:—

Mr. Taft's team:—Mr. Taft (Capt.); M. C. P. Higham, Mr. Porter, Tobias, and Mr Cashman.

Mr. Gorden's team:—Mr. Gorden (Capt.) Swamber, Mr. McMullen, Mr. R. Thorley and Mr. Oshey.

The following were the winners of the ladies' team, Olga Yamalee, (Capt.), Miss Clarke; Miss D. A. Mangin; Miss Rickie and Mrs. Leach.

THE SINKING OF THE "MESSUDIEH."

A VIVID NARRATIVE.

A vivid account of the great daring and skill displayed by Commander Holbrook and the crew of the submarine B 11, which sank the Turkish battleship "Messudieh" in the Dardanelles, is supplied by Victor Westall, serving on his Majesty's ship "Hindukoost" with a submarine flotilla. He says:

On the morning of December 13th, at three a.m., the B 11 left for the entrance of the Dardanelles. Having fully charged her battery—that is, with electricity, which gives the submarines propelling power whilst under the surface—the captain gives to dive." order, "Down bridge rails, prepare to dive." The crew go below, the captain last; he closes the conning tower lid. He then sings out "Diving stations." The men get to their posts. Two are at the torpedo-tubes, one at each main ballast-tank kingston one at the hydroplane wheel, another at the submerged steering position, another at the motor switches; the engineer is there at the group of vents which allows the air to escape as the water floods the tanks. The next order comes from the captain, "Flood main ballast." Each kingston is opened, the water rushes in, and the boat begins to sink. The tanks are full, the gauge is showing 7ft. not quite deep enough, so the auxiliary ballast tanks are opened, the tanks slowly fill, and the gauge now shows 10ft. "Close everything" is next heard from the voice in the conning-tower—these boats are never under the surface unless under way, as there is a tank known as the buoyancy tank, which is never flooded, and always sufficient buoyancy for the boat to come to the surface when the motors are stopped.

The boat is now what we called trimmed. Then we get the order to dive, say 16ft. so that the periscope is just on the surface. The hydroplanes are put to dive and the motors are started to the ahead position. It does not take long to get down, for I have dived that boat B 11 to 65ft. in 1½ minute. She is now feeling the effects of the strong current which runs down from the Black Sea. The captain is satisfied with things so far, so gives the order, "Take her down to 60ft." At 11.45 a.m., the boat is brought to the surface to see where they are. To the captain's surprise there is a ship not far away—and a Turk too. "Down again to 40ft; charge firing-tank; flood torpedo tube; stand by to fire." All this in one breath. "Up again to 15 ft. (she is within range), fire." The torpedo has gone, as you say, to blow the Turks and Germans to heaven. The shot was a good one, for an explosion is heard. Now to get back to safety. Guns from the shore are doing their best to hit the submarine, but she soon gets out of the danger of the guns, and is at 40ft. again.

NINE HOURS SUBMERGED.

We will just have a look at the target to satisfy curosity. She is sinking by the stern, so all is well. Down to 60ft. "What was that?" At 30ft. the submarine has struck. For ten minutes she grates the bottom—shingle no doubt. There is no panic in the boat, for the captain, Lieutenant Holbrook, is very trustworthy. She is off the bottom and in the deep channel again, so at 60ft. the boat gets as far as Helles Point. Next comes the order, "Surface." The surface is reached. Blow all main ballast." The water is forced from the tanks by a pressure of air, the tanks are empty, the gas-engine is started, and out she comes victorious, to report a safe return and a ship hit, after being 9½ hours submerged. No wonder all England gives praise for such a grand feat, and no one will realise more what dangers have been dared than we who know the working of the boats.

Next day B 9 ventured up, but as soon as her periscope came into the view of the Turks no fewer than eight mines blew up around her. Yet she came out unhurt. This was more of a God-send than that of the other boat, for though she dived to 85ft. she struck a sandbank, and came up until 4ft. was showing on the gauge. She was ashore right enough but no shot from a gun hit her, and after an anxious time escaped.

Judge E. P. Coyne, the well-known American jurist, who has arirved in Paris from Rome, interviewed by the Paris correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company, said:—"From my own observations I think that the whole of Italy is now clamouring for war, and, as far as I can gather, the Italian Government are only awaiting a favourable moment to enter into it in concert with the Allies. During my visit I spoke to several highly placed officials, and all were unanimous in declaring that Italy will shortly join the Allies in their task of shaking off the yoke of Prussian militarism. The war spirit prevails everywhere. Soldiers are cheered on all occasions, while processions of enthusiastic women and youths, headed by bands playing patriotic airs, parade the streets on all possible occasions."

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The Hon. Sir Dinshaw D. Davar, Chief Justice of the High Court, Bombay, says:—"Before I was recommended to you, I had always to send my prescriptions to London, as hitherto, no one in Bombay was able to grind Toric and Kryptok bifocal lenses so far as I could ascertain."

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, March 6, 1915.

THE WAR TO A FINISH.

We think there will be satisfaction throughout the British Empire among all except a very small section at Mr. Asquith's recent uncompromising re-affirmation of the determination of the Allies to relax no effort in conducting the war until their aims, as declared at the outset of the contest, have been fully achieved. The Premier referred to whispers of peace, which, he said, came from people who are victims of a grievous self-delusion, and he added most emphatically amidst the loud approval of the House of Commons that the time had not come yet to talk of peace. These whispers of peace, it is alleged, are inspired by the wire-pulling Germans, using the "disarmament faddists press." We do not like the term, which a certain class of journal is too fond of applying to those who presume to hold opinions out of harmony with those of the crowd, but we are inclined to agree, in this case, that seriously to suggest that it would be reasonable, or even sane, to think of responding to peace overtures, much less to make them, at the present moment is carrying pacifist inclinations to the point of faddism. To discuss peace on any basis which would leave Germany with the means and ability to rebuild the military power, out of all proportion to her defensive requirements, which we have set out to crush, would be an appalling waste of all the sacrifices that have been made. To discuss peace with Germany now, when her fleet is still in being, while she still possesses great reserves of men and arms, while she still occupies nearly the whole of Belgium, a large stretch of French territory and a great area in Poland would be a waste of time, because her first demands would undoubtedly include proposals for her permanent retention of some portions of the territories on which she has set her foot, proposals which could never be accepted by the Allies, and which even to listen to in the case of Belgium would be an atrocious act of treachery. All this, we think, is patent to everyone except a few short-sighted people who think that everything is gained if the war is only stopped. But the Empire at large fully realises that the only satisfactory ending of this war, for the safety of the British Empire and our Allies, and even for the safety of the world, lies in its unrelenting pursuit to the juncture when the Allies will be able to impose their own terms on the Teutonic Alliance.

Those terms, we may rest assured, will not be more harsh than the circumstances actually warrant, but they must certainly be of a character which will once and for all curb the ambition of an intolerably aggressive people, dominated by an intolerably aggressive and unscrupulous military party, and must ensure that the victims of their aggresiveness will not suffer a whit more than can possibly be helped by what has happened. We reproduced two days ago an article on the *post-bellum* policy of the Allies by Mr. H. G. Wells, one of the most stimulating and original thinkers of our time, who, in spite of the protests of his one-time Socialist friends, seems to us to take a highly logical view of the necessities of the case. Mr. Wells does well to insist that a nation that goes to war without a clear vision of the peace in which it is to end is a mere beast of instinct, and that the sort of peace we want at the end of the war must govern our conduct of the war. And it is clear that nothing that we want to take away from Germany in order that she may not benefit from the war or ever be able to repeat her ouslaught, must be in her effective possession at the time we come to discuss the terms of peace. Germany therefore must, firstly, be ejected from the territories she has occupied. That is the first task, and one the accomplishment of which will, no doubt, be immediately followed by suggestions for peace on her part. But that cannot be the end. There must follow the destruction or complete and decisive defeat of her forces on sea and land, and the occupation of the German and Austrian capitals. But even that, as Mr. Wells, who very wisely looks far ahead, points out may not and should not suffice. Germany fights with science, and she fights also through trade and industry, and her vital centre is not in Berlin, the vital parts are Westphalia, Saxony and Silesia, and, from the military point of view, her great armament factories at Essen and elsewhere. A peace negotiated merely on the basis of the evacuation of Belgium, France and Poland and the subsequent occupation of Berlin might prove illusory and leave Germany still a potential factor of danger to Europe.

But, apart from all this, is a consideration which has probably suggested itself to few minds, and which Mr. Wells has done well to bring into prominence. Belgium, one of the greatest industrial countries in the world for its size, has been devastated, and great areas of industrialism in France and Poland have been laid waste. Factories and industrial plant,—in such cases where they have not been used for Germany's own military purposes,—have been systematically destroyed. In the meanwhile Germany's factories and workshops remain in being, and in many cases, even, have been running and accumulating stocks. What then will happen when the war ends, if we do not bear these facts in mind and prepare ourselves against them accordingly. The peace will re-open trade with Germany, who, with her far more efficient organisation of labour, and British manufacturers in a "characteristically British state of confusion and muddle and imperfect apprehension," will sail in at once to economic victory, and to the accumulation of fresh wealth and energy for another war, while Belgium and France are laboriously rebuilding their ravished industries, and losing, perhaps, for eyer the markets which they once held. That is a result which the most enthusiastic British free-trader could not look upon with anything but disgust; and we agree with Mr. Wells that this is a case where we must for the time being put our Free Trade principles aside, and do something to prevent the military defeat of Germany being counter-balanced by an economic victory won by her early triumphs in the war. Great Britain, indeed, owes it to her gallant and long-suffering Allies in the west that they shall not suffer this economic blow, and the only way in which it can be prevented is to set up a tariff against German goods in the British Empire, and establish a preference in favour of the Allies. Mr. Wells proposes a sort of Zollverein in which all the Allies trading together practically as Free Traders should bar or penalise German goods in their markets, and favour their own products as against the products of economically neutral countries. That, of course, is a very tall order and we doubt very much whether it is possible of achievement, though the suggestion, leading on, as it does, to the possibility of an ultimate world Zollverein, is so interesting that we shall discuss it more fully on a future occasion. But that some means of protecting Belgium, France and Poland from this aftermath of the war ought to be devised is clear, for, as Mr. Wells says, "No indemnity, no other form of compensation, can atone to Belgium and the north of France for their vast sacrifices in the cause of liberty and civilisation as the reservation of the greatest markets in the world for their renascent industries would do."

Notes of the Day.

The Town Hall Meeting.

No speech, however great, as Sir Pherozeshah Mehta said, could have testified more eloquently to the great place which Mr. Gokhale occupied in the hearts of his countrymen than the impressive assembly in the Town Hall yesterday, an assembly which filled every corner and crevice, one might almost say, of the huge hall, overflowed into the verandahs and on the steps, and into a second meeting in the garden in Elphinstone Circle. Unfortunately, the crush was so tremendous that it was difficult for some little time to obtain order. People at the back of the hall were being so much pressed and pushed about and were so frequently falling off the forms and chairs on to which they had climbed, and there were so many loudly-voiced protests to people in the front to sit down, by those behind who could not see, that it seemed as though quiet would never be secured. But comparative quiet came at last, as it always does on these occasions, and in this case it was hastened by a timely appeal by the Governor to the audience to remember the solemnity of the occasion. And when his Excellency rose to open the meeting there was so much eagerness to hear him that the noise quickly subsided.

The Speeches.

Lord Willingdon's speech was brief, but it was an admirably phrased tribute to the departed statesman, whose friendship, as his Excellency said, he had been privileged to enjoy and whose advice had been of great value to him. Lord Willingdon's even and pleasant voice and his distinct enunication enabled his speech to be heard clearly throughout the hall and it was listened to intently, though the noise of stumbling over chairs and forms in one part of the hall never ceased throughout the meeting. The Aga Khan, as the mover of the chief resolution, made, as was his right, the longest speech, but afterwards all the speeches was commendably brief. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, who spoke in a subdued tone and with obvious emotion, was accorded an ovation when he rose to second the resolution. He dwelt chiefly on his long and intimate association with Mr. Gokhale in political work, and the immense loss suffered by the country by his death coming at a juncture when so much work of the highest importance was in prospect. The audience were obviously moved by the pathos of Sir Pherozeshah's tribute to his co-worker in the political field and his expression of the loneliness of his position, as one by one the great Indians with whom he had been associated in the work of social and political reform had passed away. The following speeches were, as we have said, very short and the meeting was over before seven o'clock.

The Prussian Advance on Grodno.

A feature of the German advance on Grodno, so a telegram to-day tells us, is the whole-hearted devotion of the Polish peasantry to the Russian cause, which has impelled them as non-combatants, to take a fearful risk by seizing any old arms available to repel the enemy's advance guards which were threatening railway communications. Only a year ago the natives of these parts were animated by a fierce dislike for all things Muscovite, but it would appear that during the months which have elapsed since the outbreak of war there has been "a new angle of vision" in the Tsar's Empire also, due probably as much to the experience of German "frightfulness" as anything else. The lot of the Polish peasantry must indeed be a hard one now, for these months of February and March are the most severe that Poland knows. The Polish peasant sustains himself on brown bread and potatoes, those living near rivers also indulging in a little salted fish, which is considered a luxury. We may rest assured that in those parts of Russian Poland which the enemy have passed through little has been left of even these modest commodities; hence the hearty co-operation with the Russians of these rugged and honest tillers of soil, blood-stained during a hundred years.

The Turkish Officer.

Whilst a great many of the stories of the ragged appearance of the Turkish troops are perfectly true, there has, nevertheless, been a disposition to exaggerate them. The average individual speaks of all the Sultan's soldiers as being Turkish troops and does not know that they are divided into the Nizam, the Redif and other divisions, and that some are regular and uniformed and that others are not. As a matter of fact observers who visited Stamboul, Smyrna, Adrianople, Trebizond and Erzeroum after the last war have testified to the splendid equipment of the Ottoman Regular troops. Enver Pasha spent millions on new and serviceable uniforms and a vast number of rifles and cannon were bought from France and Germany. The troops quartered in Palestine and recruited from nondescript races are proverbially inferior materiel, but as for remarking,—as a correspondent in the "Advocate of India" does,—that the uniforms of the officers have slits and are mended with string, we recall the tribute of Pierre Loti, an ex-officer and perhaps the greatest living European authority on all things Turkish, who remarked that in all his travels round the globe he had never met an officer as elegant, as well-set up as the Turkish, and that nowhere was a uniform so well carried.

Educational Classes for Hindu Ladies.

We had occasion recently to note with satisfaction the growing popularity of the "Home Classes," which the Seva Sadan had opened in some parts of the town for the benefit of the married and other young Hindu ladies of the higher castes, who do not usually attend regular schools when once they are married. As these girls are married very early in age their education suffers badly, in fact, it ends with marriage. It is to remedy this unfortunate state of affairs, that patriotic institutions like the Seva Sadan, the Servants of India Society and the Social Service League have been trying lately to organise a number of voluntary continuation classes for young Hindu ladies at convenient places in the city. The experiment seems to have been attended with quite satisfactory results and both the number of such classes and the pupils attending them are reported to be on the increase. We have before us a Report of the "Educational Classes for Hindu Ladies" prepared by Mrs. Shevantibai Nikhambe, an ex-inspectoress of municipal girls's schools. We learn from the Report that these classes, which are held daily in the library of the Students Brotherhood, Girgaum Back Road, and in which, though paid as well as voluntary teachers, a knowledge of English and other general subjects, together with that of the domestic and fine arts, is sought to be imparted, are being attended by quite a number of young ladies, who would otherwise have, perhaps, not attended any schools at all. These classes were visited by her Excellency Lady Willingdon last year, when the sewing circle organised by the ladies of these classes was able to contribute a gift of 500 garments, sewn by themselves, to her Excellency's war relief-scheme. The utility of classes like these among Hindus being unquestioned, it is to be hoped that the movement will spread and will be supported liberally by all well-wishers of the community.

Town-planning in Madras.

The enthusiasm which has been created by Professor Geddes's lectures in Madras has borne fruit in the shape of a Government Order setting forth some suggestions as to how future towns should be developed. The Order now promulgated by the Madras Government says: "Though streets may usually run at right angles to one another, it is not necessary to adhere rigorously to the 'gridiron' plan of lay-out or to knock down buildings which prevent a road from being run perfectly straight." Here the influence of Professor Geddes is quite apparent. The Order further says, as suggested by Prof. Geddes, that advantage should be taken of shrines, rivers, bathing places, temples, etc., to give as picturesque an appearance to the new artery as possible. These suggestions of the Madras Government will be much appreciated by the public, as the expert destroyer will thus have a very limited scope for wounding the susceptibilities of the people, sometimes unnecessarily. That the Madras Government do not stop at merely enunciating their theories but are in earnest is apparent from the scheme for financial aid which they announce. With a view to assisting the local bodies, where they are unable to provide the necessary funds for improvements, it is proposed to give them loans to be repaid by instalments spread over a period of twenty years, bearing interest at 4 per cent. Every effort should be concentrated to make the scheme as cheap as possible, consistent with efficiency. They propose that the main roads should not be built all at once, as the cost would thus be prohibitive, but only the centre 12 feet should be metalled.

A Guide to Panchagani.

Mr. Whitney V. Lynn, a retired superintendent of the Accountant-General's Office, Bombay, has just published an illustrated and descriptive guide to this well-known health, resort in the Deccan. The rise of Panchgani since its "discovery" by Mr. John Chesson fifty years ago, though not comparable to that of Matheran, is still remarkable. From a cluster of hovels containing hardly a hundred souls all told, it has become at the present day a recognised sanatorium for Europeans and well-to-do Indian families, with several well-constructed educational institutions, among which are two girls' and two boys' high schools, a municipality, a library and gymkhana, golf links, chapels and well-built bungalows for visitors. The population of the hill station is now about 1,500. Being 4,300 ft. above the sea level. Panchgani enjoys a very salubrious climate and is a favourite resort of convalscent people from the plains. Mr. Lynn's "guide" which is provided with a map also, will be found useful by all who wish to get acquainted with the hill station.

MESSRS. STEWARTS AND LLOYDS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the article which appeared in the "Notes of the Day" column of your issue of 22nd ulto., under "Trading with Enemy Subjects," as your comment was evidently made without a full knowledge of the facts and, as the same might possibly lead to misconception in some quarters, we shall be obliged if you will publish the following particulars which explain fully the nature and extent of the German interests in the Clydeside Tube Co., Ltd., which is controlled and managed by Stewarts and Lloyds, Limited.

The Wittener Stahlrchen Werke Gesellschaft of Witten, Germany, have been manufacturing weldless steel tubes for a number of years according to certain patents and processes, the property of that Company and of Mr. Heinrich Stuting, their Engineer, and their manufactures had a large market in the United Kingdom. With this fact before us in 1911 we thought it desirable to enter into negotiations with that Company with the object of our putting down a plant in Scotland, and this plant has now been erected.

Having regard to the experience acquired by the Wittener Company and Mr. Stuting, both in the construction of the special plant required and in the process of manufacture, we considered it advisable that the arrangements to be made should be such that the co-operation of the Wittener Company and of Mr. Stuting would be secured in the practical development of the new venture. This could not have been done by a payment in cash, and accordingly instead of trying to purchase outright the patents and processes and Mr. Stuting's experience and services, we formed the Clydeside Tube Company, Limited, with a capital of £175,000, divided into 175,000, Shares, of which Stewarts and Lloyds and their nominees hold one half, and the German Company, Mr. Stuting and nominees the other half, and the sum of £62,500 has been paid by the German Company on account of their holding.

Notwithstanding the equal division of Shares, the Articles of Association secure to Stewarts and Lloyds the perpetual control and management of the Company by provisions as to voting at Directors' and Shareholders' Meetings and as to general management.

Needless to say, all the information required with regard to this Company under "The Trading with the Enemy (Amendment) Act, 1914," was forwarded to the Custodian for Scotland immediately on his appointment, and apart from this we may add that shortly after the outbreak of war we informed the Imperial authorities fully as to the whole position.

Concerning the Company of Stewarts and Lloyds, Limited, it is hardly necessary for us to say that it is entirely a British Company.—Yours etc.,

For Stewarts and Lloyds, Limited,
J. E. GRAFTON,
Manager, Bombay Branch.

Bombay, March, 5th.

RETURNED EMIGRANTS ARRESTED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Mar. 5.

Referring to the announcement that rewards were offered for information leading to the arrest of certain leaders of returned emigrants it is reported that Kartar Singh, of Saranu, and Jaggat Singh, of Sursingh, were arrested at Sargoda in company with a third man who gave his name as Harnam Das of Mahl, in Jind State. The third man has his left hand missing.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

BRITISH COLLIER'S EXPLOIT.

GERMAN SUBMARINE RAMMED.

IMMENSE AUSTRIAN LOSSES.

FRENCH PROGRESS IN CHAMPAGNE.

The small British collier Thordis is reported to have rammed and sunk a submarine off Beachy Head, after a torpedo had passed under her. One blade of her propeller is gone and the keel-plate badly damaged.

The famous German submarine U21 was shelled on February 21st by a yacht in St. George's Channel. The crew of the yacht believe that they damaged the submarine.

The attack on the Dardanelles was continued on Wednesday. The results obtained within the Straits, have not been known, but outside the Straits the observation station on the Gallipoli peninsula and six modern fieldguns near Fort B were destroyed. The French battleships bombarded the Bulair Fort and wrecked the Kavack bridge.

The Russians have advanced considerably in the region and Prasnysz, while they continue vigorously to repulse the Austrians' desperate rush in the Carpathians. It is said that the Austrians never suffered such enormous losses as in the recent attacks which the Russians repulsed. Certain divisions were annihilated. The Russians are in occupation of 37,500 square miles in Galicia with a population of 6½ millions, twice the area of Belgium.

French progress in Champagne is continued. Fresh German counter-attacks in other regions have been repulsed.

A French aviator successfully dropped bombs on German powder magazines at Rottweil in the Black Forest.

SUPPLY OF ANILINE DYES.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR INDIAN USERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, March 4.

In the Commons Mr. Roberts said in reply to a question that the Secretary for India was rendering all the assistance in his power in conjunction with the Board of Trade to Indian users of aniline dyes, to enable them to procure from holders and manufacturers of dyestuffs in Great Britain a fair share of available supplies and to obtain licences to export.

PARCELS TO INDIAN SOLDIERS.

LONDON, March 5.

Replying in the Commons to the suggestion to exempt customs duty on parcels sent to soldiers in India, Mr. Roberts said that he did not consider that circumstances called for the exemption, which, moreover, would be difficult to work.

GERMAN SUBMARINE RAMMED AND SUNK.

ANOTHER SHELLED BY A YACHT.

GERMAN SUBMARINE SUNK.

OFF BEACHY HEAD.

RAMMED BY COLLIER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

LONDON, March 4.

It is reported to-night that Admiral Egerton is satisfied that the small British collier Thordis sank a German submarine off Beachy Head.

The Thordis has been dry-docked. One blade of her propeller is gone and her keel-plate is badly damaged.

The vessel rammed the submarine after the torpedo had passed under her.

The awards for the first merchantman to ram submarine now total £1,160 sterling.

According to Lloyds Register the Thordis is a small, single-deck Norwegian steamer of 298 tons net register, built in 1904, and owned by the Acties. Thordis (T. Thommasen and Son).

SUBMARINE SHELLED BY YACHT

FAMOTS U21 DAMAGED.

HAGUE, March 3

The German Legation announces that a German submarine was shelled by a yacht in St. George's Channel. The yacht opened at five thousand yards with two small guns. The submarine was the famous U21.

LONDON, March 5.

The yacht mentioned was offered to the Admiralty at the outbreak of the war and has since been employed on patrol duty.

The crew state that they shelled U21 on February 21st, between Fishguard and Rosslare. They believe that they damaged the submarine.

GERMAN PRESS ON MR. ASQUITH'S SPEECH.

AMSTERDAM, March 4.

Commenting on Mr. Asquith's speech, the "Kreuz Zeitung" rejoices that there is no chance of American proposals being accepted.

The "Cologne Gazettee" says:—England wishes for war to the knife; she shall have it.

CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, March 4.

The following casualties are reported:—

WOUNDED.

Captain J. G. Adams, Leinsters.

Second-Lieut. J. A. Angus, Yorks and Lancs.

Second-Lieut. R. Carington, Fifth Dragoon Guards.

Second-Lieut. R. Crane, Artillery.

Lieut. T. M. Davie, Medicals.

Captain H. Lee Warner, Artillery.

Lieut. P. Meautys, North Staffs.

Second-Lieut. G. P. Simpson, Artillery.

Lieut. J. B. Smalley, Gloucesters.

Major E. Varwell, Signal Service, Engineers.

Captain H. E. Watkins, Essex.

Captain F. C. Williams-Freeman, Northants.

Second-Lieut. H. C. Disbrowe, Lincolns.

Second-Lieut. G. E. S. Fursdon, London Rifle Brigade.

Captain R. B. Warton, Artillery.

NOW REPORTED KILLED.

Captain C. Trueman, Manchesters.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut. M. R. Chidson, Artillery.

Second-Lieut. D. C. W. Sanders, Artillery.

NOT WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut. G. H. G. M. Cartwright, London Rifle Brigade.

UNOFFICIALLY REPORTED DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut. the Hon. G. E. Macdonald, Scots Guards.

LONDON, March 5.

KILLED.

Captain E. M. Grantham, Lincolnshires.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, March 5.

The only officer mentioned in the seventy-sixth casualty list from France and Belgium is Jemadar (previously Havildar) Suba Singh Gurung, 22nd Gurkhas, prisoner of war (previously reported missing.)

ATTACK ON THE DARDANELLES.

OBSERVATION STATION DEMOLISHED.

SIX MORE FIELD GUNS DESTROYED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, March 5.

The Admiralty announces that the attack on the Dardanelles was continued on Wednesday. The Admiral has not yet reported the results obtained within the Straits.

The lightcruiser Dublin, outside the Straits, demolished the observation station on the Gallipoli peninsula and the lightcruiser Sapphire bombarded guns and troops at various points in the Gulf of Adramyti.

Six modern fieldguns near Fort B were destroyed, making a total of forty guns demolished.

The French battleships bombarded the Bulair Fort and wrecked the Kavack bridge.

TEN LARGE WARSHIPS ENGAGE FORTS.

ATHENS March 4.

Ten large warships to-day engaged the Dardanelles forts.

WHEAT PRICES EASED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, March 5.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—The operations in the Dardanelles have further eased the wheat prices.

GERMAN PETROL SPRAYERS.

TERRIBLE ACCOUNT OF INJURIES

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, March 5.

An army surgeon gives a terrible account of injuries received from German petrol sprayers.

He saw wounded with their features horribly disfigured, with limbs swollen and uniforms burnt.

Some of the lesser wounded, describing their experiences, said it had been a quiet day when the French suddenly found that jets of petrol were being directed at their trenches.

An officer ordered the men to extinguish their pipes, but it was of no avail as a few seconds later fire grenades were rained upon them.

The trench caught fire and the Germans, profiting by the confusion, approached and threw lighted torches, increasing the blaze.

It was impossible to escape from the torrent of fire, and the French, with their clothes streaming with petrol, were forced to abandon the trench.

The second line checked the German attack ten minutes later, and subsequently a vigorous counter-attack severely punished the Germans, who were driven back leaving three hundred killed and wounded and sixty prisoners.

DELHI CONSPIRACY CASE.

CONVICTS' APPEAL FOR MERCY TO GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Mar. 5.

Referring to the statement that the Governor-General has postponed the execution of sentences in the case of some of the convicted accused in the Delhi Conspiracy Case to afford time for an appeal to the Privy Council, the "Civil and Military Gazette" has elicited the following facts:—"On the passing of sentences all but two of the sentenced men appealed to the Government of India for the exercise of clemency. The two exceptions signified their intention to appeal to the Privy Council against the sentences. Subsequently these two also filed an appeal for mercy to the Government of India. Nothing further is known. It is not even known if the Privy Council has admitted the two appeals."

RUSSIAN OPERATIONS.

CONSIDERABLE ADVANCE IN PRASNYSZ REGION.

PEASANTS' UTMOST DEVOTION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PETROGRAD, March 5.

The capture of the village of Kerje, reported by the Grand Duke, indicates a considerable advance by the Russians in the region of Prasnysz, as it lies twenty-one miles north-west of Prasnysz and ten miles south of Myshinetz.

The Germans are making a stand on the River Omuleff, which rises near Villenberg, in East Prussia, evidently in the hope of interrupting the communications between the Russians in the region of Prasnysz and the Russians on the Myshinetz-Kolno front.

When the Germans advancing in the Grodno region threatened the Warsaw railway, all peasants on the countryside aided the Russians with the utmost devotion, and were tireless mounting guard over the line, men and women spending days and nights in woods and miry fields.

Many were armed with old muzzle-loaders, alert for the German advance guards.

They captured many scouts whom they bound hand and foot.

In some cases they tied up the locks of captured rifles, lest, as they said, they should shoot anybody.

ABORTIVE AUSTRION ANTACKS.

PRISONERS AND GUNS CAPTURED,

PETROGRAD, March 4.

A communiqué says:—The Austrians in Eastern Galicia are endeavouring to maintain their positions on the river Lukwa. We captured during the day in the Carpathians and Galicia 47 officers, three-thousand men and sixteen quickfirers.

The Austrians continue abortive day and night attacks between the Ondawa and San, suffering immense losses. We repelled them with handgrenades and by bayonet counter-attacks, captured many prisoners and guns.

Our offensive between the Niemen and Vistula continues.

Our troops are progressing in the Grodno district.

A stubborn artillery engagement is maintained at Ossowiece.

Further south the Russians have advanced in hand to hand fighting which is proceeding in the villages.

We took further 21 officers and 600 men at Kerzec.

Violent fighting is proceeding between Mlawa and Horzcle.

AUSTRIANS' ENORMOUS LOSSES.

DESPERATE RUSH REPULSED.

PETROGRAD, March 5.

An official statement issued in Petrograd says General Brousiloff's brave troops continue vigorously to repulse the Austrians' desperate rush in the Carpathians.

An officer and prisoners state that the Austrians never suffered such enormous losses as in the recent attacks which the Russians repulsed. Certain divisions were annihilated.

Russia's temporary evacuation of Bukhovina and part of Eastern Galicia have caused the enemy's press to assert that the Russians hold only a wretched fraction of Galicia and are about to evacuate Lemberg.

On the contrary, we occupy 37,500 square miles in Galicia, with a population of 6½ millions, twice the area of Belgium.

VON HINDENBURG'S MISTAKE.

GRAND DUKE'S MASTERLY STROKE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, March 5.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—The defeat of the Germans on the Narew has been completed by the pursuit of the enemy, who is now back on his own frontier.

The area north of Warsaw is clear of the enemy. General Von Hindenburg apparently hoped to find Warsaw partially uncovered in the north by reason of the East Prussian advance.

He employed several army corps to force a passage to the city down the Narew valley. The Grand Duke held the onslaught with light forces and encouraged the advance while the main Russian force issued from the river valley, broke the German centre and drove off the right column and then changing front to the north also beat the left column in detail, very few of the 26th army corps escaped.

The operation was a masterly stroke and an excellent example of the counter offensive following a retreat. The pursuit has resulted in the capture of several thousands in the action. The Germans abandoned almost everything in their retreat although half the guns got away.

The German East Prussian advance towards the Nieman has been drawn well forward and is unable to influence the situation, being clear of the railways and out of touch with the remainder of the German forces.

FIERCE FIGHTING.

GERMAN EFFORTS COMPLETELY DEFEATED.

ENEMY'S TRENCHES DEMOLISHED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PARIS, March 4.

The communiqué this afternoon said:—The fierceness of the fighting in Champagne is confirmed. German counter-attacks against the crest taken by us north-eastward of Mesnil were most violent. Two regiments of the Prussian Guard fought with great ferocity. The defeat of German efforts was complete. We made further progress at Vanquois.

Our artillery in the Belgian dunes demolished the enemy's trenches. The Germans near Notre Dame de Lorette captured an advanced trench recently constructed by us in immediate contact with the German lines.

The bombardment of Rheims continued all day, a shell falling every three minutes.

FURTHER PROGRESS IN CHAMPAGNE.

GERMAN AEROPLANE BROUGHT DOWN

PARIS, March 5.

The evening communiqué says:—Another trench has been occupied in the Belgian dunes.

Progress in Champagne is continued.

Fresh German counter-attacks on the crest north-east of Mesnil and attacks on Four de Paris and Vauquois in Argonne have been repulsed.

A German aeroplane has been brought down near Verdun and two airmen captured.

FRENCH AVIATOR'S EXPLOIT.

BOMBS DROPPED ON GERMAN POWDER MAGAZIN

PARIS, March 4.

A French aviator dropped bombs with complete success on German powder magazines at Rottweil, Black Forest.

BOMBARDMENT OF ANTIVARI

ROYAL YACHT SUNK.

CETINJE, March 3.

Five Austrian warships bombarded Antivari, Valuable stores were burnt and the royal yacht was sunk. One civilian was killed and several were wounded.

A sum of £100,000,000 in stocks, shares, and scrip, belonging to various Paris Banks, which was sent to Geneva for safe custody when the French Capital was threatened by Germans, was sent back to Paris in Mail week by special wagons, under a strong guard.

AUSTRIA'S PROPOSALS.

WHAT BARON BURIAN SUGGESTED AT BERLIN.

PLEAS FOR PEACE.

The Copenhagen correspondent of the "Daily mail" sent to his paper a long message purporting to give in detail "from a most trustworthy and well-informed source in Berlin," an account of the proposals made by Baron Burian, the new Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, on his recent visit to the German Imperial Chancellor and the Kaiser. The "Daily Mail's" correspondent says:

Baron Burian, whose sole object is to save what can be saved of the Dual Monarchy, represented to the Germans that the situation in Austria is precarious, and that if the Russian advance on Budapest is not stopped the effect may very probably be the downfall of Austria, and more particularly the complete collapse of Hungary, which must later entail as its logical sequence also the downfall of Germany.

Therefore, Baron Burian urged, the Russians must at all costs be repulsed, and Germany must send large reinforcements to Hungary to prevent a catastrophe. In any case, he said, it was doubtful if it would be possible for them to resist the Russians and the Serbians, and perhaps also the Roumanians, and therefore it was necessary seriously to examine the question of peace.

A definite defeat would mean a debacle for Austria-Hungary and would mean the partition of the Empire. His advice to Germany was to consider most seriously the possibilities of a tolerable peace. He would not conceal the fact that no doubt a condition sine qua non of the Allies would be a partial disarmament of Europe, which would of course include Germany, because a peace that was nothing but a truce for a term of years could not be acceptable to the Allies, however ardently they might wish for peace.

He advised Germany not to reject fundamentally the thought of peace on the grounds of the probable disarmament of Europe. If Germany were disposed to treat on such terms, he believed that the other conditions would be tolerable.

Perhaps it would be necessary to leave the French part of Alsace to France and give up some Polish provinces to a new Poland, but if Russia would relinquish a Russian province and Austria a part of Galicia to Poland, no real sacrifice for Germany would be entailed. Austria would then leave the rest of Galicia to Russia and the Bukovina to Roumania, and, if necessary, a part of Bosnia-Herzegovina to Serbia and Montenegro.

"The leading German statesmen," the message continues, "admitted that Baron Burian's intentions were "excellent," but "declared that such a peace would be more ruinous for Germany than total defeat." The message continues:

The disarmament of Europe, they contended, would only mean that the armies were disarmed, but that the British Navy would be able for all time to rule the seas. As a consequence Great Britain would then be able to tyrannise the whole world, and Germany would have lost all chance of safeguarding her commercial, industrial, and economic interests.

The other terms suggested by Baron Burian, says the message, "were, with the exception of the relinquishment to France of French Alsace and of the Polish provinces to Poland, no absolute hindrance to peace":

For these reasons the German statemen declared that negotiations for peace are hopeless, and that, therefore, it would be madness to take any step revealing disposition for peace on the part of Germany and Austria-Hungary, as this would only weaken their case.

Baron Burian is reported to have thereupon admitted "that there was no other way than to continue the war" in the hope that something undreamt of might occur to save them.

The Germans agreed that it was necessary to despatch reinforcements to Hungary, and promised to transfer troops up to the number of one million to Hungary by the spring. One and a half million soldiers would be sent to France as a last attempt to crush the Allies and to force peace.

A number of special questions in addition to these main points of the negotiations are said to have been discussed and settled.

Official and Personal.

Lieutenant-General Sir Robert Scallon leaves Bombay to-day on six months' sick leave at Home. He has another nine months only before he is due to retire.

The Hon. Mr. P. C. Lyon is steadily recovering from the accident to his knee, but somewhat more slowly than was anticipated.

The Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces with Lady and Miss Robertson returned to Nagpur on Wednesday afternoon from his tour. The Chief Commissioner will probably leave for Jubbulpore en route for Pachmarhi, about the middle of the month.

Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur, third son of his Highness the Mir of Khairpur, after taking his B.A. Degree in London, has joined the British Army and gone to the seat of war as a Lieutenant.

THE LATE MR. GOKHALE.

TOWN HALL FILLED TO OVERFLOWING.

ELOQUENT TRIBUTES.

PATHETIC SPEECH BY SIR P. M. MEHTA.

Bombay's tribute to Mr. Gokhale, as expressed at the Town Hall meeting last night, was worthy of the man. More than an hour before the meeting was announced to start the hall was crowded, and at 5 o'clock it was a hopeless' task for any one to attempt to get inside the building. Many who came after 5 o'clock could get no nearer than half-way up the staircase, for there was a dense mass of people overflowing from the entrance doors right down the steps. Inside every inch of room was taken. On the platform were leading representatives of every community in Bombay headed by their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon.

Sir Dinshaw Petit opened the proceedings by moving that H. E. the Governor be requested to take the chair.

The Hon. Mr. P. D. Pattani, in seconding the proposition, said if they all began to give vent to the feelings which moved them, they would forget where to end. Mr. Gokhale was the one Indian who was recognised by the whole country as its great son and servant. His non-sectarian activities, and his cosmopolitan sympathies, gave him the position of eminence which was his by common consent, and which fell to him the more surely because from his own innate modesty he was reluctant to accept it. Mr. Gokhale was loved of the people and trusted by the Government; whilst therefore they regarded his premature death as a nationtl loss he ventured to believe that the Government viewed it as an Imperial loss and consequently the grief which they feel was shared by the great officers of the Crown in this country. It was therefore appropriate that they should ask the representative of the King in this Presidency to guide them to-day and it was specially appropriate, because they all knew that Lord Willingdon was instinct with sympathy for the natural aspirations of the people of this country, and charged with an earnest desire to help forward every movement that would contribute to their welfare.

The Hon. Mr. A. A. Pirbhoy supported and the resolution was carried.

His Excellency, on taking the chair said:—There is one thing I want to say to you all, ladies and gentlemen, at this great meeting. I want to ask you, and I am quite certain I shall not ask in vain, that we should all recognise the true seriousness of this gathering, and reason for this gathering (applause). I would wish to impress upon this great meeting that it would be indecorous and not fitting for the City of Bombay if they did not conduct this meeting with proper gravity in every respect. Therefore I am quite certain that I may appeal with full confidence that you will obey every request, every word which is suggested to you by me from the chair this afternoon.

Mr. J. B. Petit then stated that several letters of regret for inability to attend had been received including one from Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S TRIBUTE.

PATRIOT AND STATESMAN

Lord Willingdon then said:—

Ladies and Gentlemen.—It is but two days ago since I attended a great meeting at Poona where thousands of Mr. Gokhale's admirers and friends met together to express their deep feelings of loss by the death of India's great statesman. To-day the citizens of Bombay, the capital city of our Presidency are met to pay their last tribute to his memory, and surely this great and influential gathering which I see around me comprising all races and communities in the city, is a wonderful testimony to the regard and esteem in which all held him.

India is mourning a great patriot, for his influence has been felt throughout the country. And how was that influence obtained? He was a man who had no social advantages to help him, disliked self-advertisement, who shunned notoriety, but it was because of the clear cut refinement of his intellect, the force of his character and convictions, his sense of high principle and honour that he was bound to be a leader of men, that he was always 'trusted of the people.'

To those of us who could claim his personal friendship and I am proud to feel I can count myself among their number, we grieve a friend who truly was a loveable man and who by his modesty and broad human sympathy endeared himself to all with whom he was associated. And for myself I sincerely say that I have lost a friend whose advice I shall sadly miss, and whose opinions were always given from the deepest feelings of one who was a loyal and devoted subject of our King-Emperor.

Mr. Gokhale has gone to his rest; but his influence will long remain with us, the influence of one who lived and died doing his duty to his country.

So let us all follow his high example; and as we met together to-day without distinction of caste or creed to do honour to his memory, let us remember that we shall honour his memory best by united and loyal efforts towards the development and progress of India.

INDIA'S GREAT LOSS.

THE AGA KHAN.

H. H. the Aga Khan said:—

Your Excellency, Ladies and Gentlemen,—I have the honour to propose the following resolution:—

"That this public meeting desires to place on record its sense of the deep loss sustained by the country in the untimately death of the Hon. Mr. G. K. Gokhale, C.I.E., and its profound grief at the departure of one who devoted his whole life to the service of his countrymen; who laboured unceasingly to promote their interests in every field of public activity—educational, political, social, and economic, and who has left indelible marks of his devoted service in the general advancement of the cause of the people of India."

After the striking tributes that have been received from all quarters, from his Majesty the King-Emperor, from their Excelencies the Viceroy and our own Governor about the greatness and goodness of Mr. Gokhale and the deep and sincere sorrow that has been occasioned in this country at his premature death and the way in which his work and achievements have been regarded by the public and the press, it will be superfluous on my part to refer to them at any length. His work and achievements are well-known to all of you. I will therefore confine my remarks chiefly to his qualities as a man which constituted him a moral and spiritual force. I had the honour of being closely associated with Mr. Gokhale in his public life and of being one of his intimate personal friends during the last twelve eventful years of his great career. We have gathered together here to-day to raise a memorial to a great and true servant of India.

A STUPENDOUS ACHIEVEMENT.

This we will no doubt do worthily of him and of India: but may I say that the best memorial of the life of a great man is his work. By this test, Gokhale's work for the country, which he so passionately loved, will be, when we consider the slender resources at his disposal, in fact, stupendous. That memorial is to a large extent the present constitution of the Government of India's Executive and Legislative Council, the Secretary of State's Council, and the Legislatives and Executives of the Provinces and the carefully though-out constitution of the National Congress and the Moslem League, as well as the present line of policy of the Government towards the people and of the thinking leaders of all sections of the people towards the Government. This may appear an exaggeration but none who carefully considers the history of the last twelve years can doubt it. Ten years ago, while the thinkers and the intellectuals and the patriots of the country unanimously desired a step forward towards the ultimate policy of self-government, while a few agitated for it and a handful of revolutionaries tried what is known in Europe as the "action direct," it was Mr. Gokhale, with his breath of vision who brought all the forces except the last together and disciplined them into a reasonable line of activity. Gentlemen, Mr. Gokhale was the last man to claim any large credit for the reforms which we owe to the happy Morley-Minto combination, but let me say that it was he above all who convinced not only a generous and noble-minded Viceroy who is, like Gokhale, alas! no more with us, but who was like him the very soul of honour and chivalry, and also a far-seeing statesman, who was responsible to Parliament for India's Government as to the necessity of the reforms which he sketched before them in a practical form—the reforms which were subsequently with little alterations carried out. As events have now shown beyond doubt it was a happy circumstance for England that the reforms were carried out in that form and at that time and Mr. Gokhale served the honour and interest of England by proving to Lords Minto and Morley that those reforms were necessary and practicable.

UNREST ALLAYED.

For, gentlemen, ten years ago, there were phenomena with infinitely more dangerous possibilities than we can now realise. It seemed to even those who by tradition, sentiment, and interest were most attached to the British Raj that sooner or later they would have to choose between their loyalty to their Government or their duty to their country and race: and there as the distinct danger that a day might come when the two duties might become irreconciliable. If that was a nightmare to those who had a stake in the country, there were others with less responsibility who had hastily come to the conclusion that there was no possibility of development under the flag, and that terrible as were its consequences, yet chaos and destruction had to come before a new evolution could make a self-respecting position possible for their country. To these parties and schools of thought which practically monopolished the thinking and the patriotic in 1905-6, Gokhale showed that this very Government and this very Empire had all the elements which were full of possibilities and was capable of assuring for their country a great and self-respecting future in the fulness of time. And that disruption and destruction were not only wicked, but unnecessary, and that within the British Empire and under the Sovereign's Crown and Throne the noblest of India's aspirations could be in times satisfied. It was fortunate for the country and the Empire that in those days of unrest we did find a political leader of the capacity and character of Gokhale, who by his wise attitude was able to take the wind out of the sails of the revolutionaries and at the same time both strengthen the Government and the sensible portions of the people.

A CREATIVE GENIUS.

But Gokhale was more than a statesman. He was essentially a creative artist of genius. His oratory was a work of art in words: but he was not only an artist in words but an artist in work and conception, and like every great artist he did not disdain in the search for his material to go wherever he could find it. Like the true artist he gathered the scattered materials that were placed before him and with the creative touch he did find out of the hazy suggestions that a friend made to him a formula that has been recognised by the National Congress and has been in a still wider form accepted by the Moslem League as the final aspiration of India ever within the Empire, and this work had one great side-effect. It eventually reduced the gulf that once separated the political activities of the Moslem community and the National Congress to a mere division without a difference. As time went on Gokhale realised so fully that the path of political progress in India had to be wide enough and broad enough for all minorities, not only Moslems but even the smallest, to be able to travel on it without losing individuality, that in the very last state paper which he ever wrote (he only finished it three days before he died and sent two copies to two trusted friends). In t' is state paper which for the two friends is a sacred legacy which they will use only as he desired he distinctly laid down that not only the Musalmans but that even the smallest minorities such as the Lingayats in any part of India wherever they may be should receive special representation. Now this great work of the creative genius that he was by harmonising the statesmanship of England, with the aspirations of sensible India brought home to Indian workers that patriotism meant active co-operation with the Government.

THE CROWNING WORK.

His last policy was association and co-operation with the Government whenever possible and as far as possible and fearless but legal opposition when necessary. We must never forget that before we leave co-operation for opposition we must try persuasion to its very limits and that the opposition must be constitutional. As we know now full well from the example and sympathy of the highest British authorities they too will not force the patriotic and sensible classes into opposition with a light heart. This was the crowning work of Mr. Gokhale, than whom no one has exercised greater beneficent influence upon the minds of his countrymen and fought more courageously against pernicious doctrines which were being spread in the country and which would have done incalculable and permanent injury to India. Gokhale was profoundly loyal to the King-Emperor and the British connection and believed in it and throughout these months of war he was, though like all sensible people certain of ultimate British victory, yet he dreaded and shuddered at the very thought of the possibility of the Empire being weakened through exhaustion after the final victory. Happy is the Government that, sure of the love and loyalty of its most influential, intelligent and powerful subjects, can join in mourning the champion of the rights of the people. The history of England in India is a page of many glories but I think I am right in saying that its greatest victory is that it gained the loyalty and affection of a sincere and conscientious patriot like Gokhale. In the distant future when the historian searches in the dead annals of the past for some human document to give life to his work he will conclude that the Empire of England in India must have been moral and just and in fact necessary to the conditions of India of the past for it to have won the affection of a man like Gokhale.

BROAD-MINDED AND CHARITABLE.

Let me turn to other aspects of his life and character. He was no faddist. He did not limit himself to the choice of his weapons either to force or to non-resistance in the best sense of the word. He was an opportunist and a pragruatist as every great man who deals with living and changing beings must be. With all his moral grandeur, with his public and private sacrifice, he yet remained not a cold and distant critic, but a man of the world in the best sense of the term as understood in Europe. He was not only broad-minded but charitable His instinctive sense of human solidarity made him full of personal sympathy, not only to his opponents but to the selfish and the snoblish self-seekers. But his wrath and contempt was reserved for the poisonous and deadly vice of hypocricy. He realised full well that in a country with the traditions of India hypocricy and the pride that' apes humility are infinitely more dangerous than any open inquity. There were many other sides to his character. Mr. Gandhi, an intimate friend of his, rightly said the other day at Poona that he was not only a great citizen of India but a great citizen of the Empire and of the world. This is true. Yet unlike most internationalists, unlike most humanitarians, he did not feel the numbing effect which usually goes with generous benevolence and unselfishness. Breadth of vision, elasticity of unselfish character are so often as we know made useless by indifference and lack of energy. Fanatics and self-seekers have usually at least this quality, they are full of activity in serving themselves or their creeds. But Gokhale brought the same energy, the same inconquerable determination into the service of the widest individuality that he knew—India. Let us raise for him not one memorial in bronze or marble but many memorials, not only in Bombay and Poona but also in Calcutta and Delhi. Let everyone in India subscribe to the great memorial, the Servants of India Society (applause) which like Gokhale shall be above sects and creeds and doctrines but which shall correspond to his catholicity.

A GREAT GENTLEMAN.

Gentlemen, I have said so much, yet when I think of him I feel how little I have said. He was a great statesman, a great orator, a great patriot, but for those who knew him best he was above all a great gentleman. During the last few weeks of his life I was often with him and on one of the last occasions that I saw him hardly three weeks he told me how he suffered at the idea of carrying a controversy with his own countrymen. I expostulated with him that after all now that he had to go in for it there was no need of so much worry and suffering. His answer was characteristic. He said I fear in the weak condition of my health I may say or write something which may expose them to an attack from other quarters. This was the chivalry of the man. His career abounds with many such episodes. He possessed great spiritual force and he was able to infuse his own and unselfish energy into others. His deeply religious character has been misunderstood because it was entirely free from the calculating commercialism of worldliness. A well-known critic of Indian progress and aspirations, Sir Valentine Chirol, once said in a newspaper that he doubted if the Servants of India Society would be a success for long since people have not sacrificed so much for a secular purpose like love of country, but I think the critic missed the essential point that the Servants of India were and are the servants of Gokhale and his spirit (applause), and thus the Association does a religious service for a living spirit.

One more point and I have finished. He has been gently criticised for not taking a more prominent part in the work of social reform. Here too he saw and took with the direct instinct of genius one sharp decided step which took him as far as any social reformer could go, or has ever travelled. How well I remember his refusing to take part in the discussions of the Hindu-Moslem Conference at Allahabad. He refused because, as he said, he had ceased to be Hindu or Musalman, but had become an Indian (applause.) Is that not the ultimate solution of social reformer? Can one inurious social custom, whether Hindu or Mussulman, be reconciled to Indian patriotism? To be an Indian patriot and not to be a social reformer is a contradiction in terms. I wish every social reformer was as good a patriot as he was a social reformer. But you Excellency, ladies and gentlemen, I have not yet touched on his greatest of all powers over those who knew him best and loved him best. It was his power of winning love and affection. They often regretted as they sat by him that there was no counting-house in the universe where they could go and transfer a few years of their own healthy life to the account of Gopal Krishna Gokhale (loud applause).

SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA.

The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, seconding the Resolution, said: All thought of making a great speech about the great man and his great work have been driven out of my mind. I could have taken up hours recounting all that I knew of Mr. Gokhale and his life and career but I feel that the example which his Excellency the Governor, with his unerring judgment, has set us of being very brief is a wise one. Ladies and gentlemen, even if all thoughts of making a great speech had not vanished from my mind seeing how all over the country large and crowded meetings have gathered in Mr. Gokhale's honour, if such thoughts had not vanished at seeing this great gathering they could have vanished in consequence of my own inability to do justice to Mr. Gokhale in the manner I should have liked to have done. No speeches are required about him. This gathering and the gatherings all over the country are eloquent speeches, speaking of him as he deserved to be spoken of (applause).

Even if I attempted to make a long speech, I feel that I could not have spoken connectedly and coherently, for the reason that I feel sad and desolate, advancing as I am myself in years, that valued and beloved colleague after colleague drop away from my side. I recall Ranade, Telang, Badrudin and many others I could name leaving me as I feel, almost alone in the work, the great work, for the country which is still pending before us. The memories and associations which come before one's mind's eye, would leave me scarcely any power to dilate on details. Within the last few days, as his Highness the Aga Khan has told you, both he (his Highness) and I had numerous opportunities of conference and communion with him here in Bombay before he left the last time for Poona. I myself went to spend my Christmas holidays at Poona for the purpose of meeting and speaking with him on many important subjects. We were together on several occasions when I was there and I cannot but recall with a keen sense of regret what plans he laid down for the present year, what hopes he had of making himself useful, and the work he had planned out for himself for the benefit of the country which he loved so dearly.

"For many and many a long day" said Sir Pherozeshah speaking with emotion, "some of us will only be able to give out the sore, the bitter, the pathetic cry as we miss him day by day,

"Oh for the touch of a vanished hand
"For the sound of a voice that is still."

Gentlemen, he has gone. How dearly we loved each other, what regard we had for each other I can never convey to you. In attempting to speak of him all that comes back to me is "Gokhale has gone" and I myself do not know what I shall do to carry out the plans we had planned out without his help, without his society, without his guidence. His Highness the Aga Khan was quite right in saying that everything that could be said about him was said by the noble Viceroy in his speech in Council, and by our own beloved Governor in the two speeches he has made, and in the loving and sympathetic tribute which his dear friend—as I know the Aga Khan was—has paid this evening. All I can do is to associate with you in paying this last tribute to the memory of a great and a good man. I should like to add what his Highness the Aga Khan has unerringly put his finger on, that Gokhale was a great gentleman. It was the great moral and spiritual power which he exercised over all classes which enabled him to carry out the great work which he has undoubtedly performed for the benefit of his country (applause).

MR. CLAUDE HILL.

Hhe Hon. Mr. Claude Hill in supporting the resolution, said:—

Your Excellency, your Highness, and Ladies and Gentlemen,—To me has fallen the honour to support the Resolution which has been so eloquently proposed by his Highness the Aga Khan, and seconded by the Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta. After what has fallen from those speakers it would be superfluous to endeavour at length to describe to you the reasons which have caused the whole community to resolve as one man to honour the memory of the great citizen whom we have lost. That I have known Mr. Gokhale for many years and like the proposer and seconder have been intimately associated with him on many occasions, is my justification for joining my voice, to that of those who have spoken before me, in extolling his great and unselfish qualities and the splendid example which he has given of devoted service to his country. It is difficult on an occasion such as the present, which, though it expresses our pride in, as well as grief for the loss of, the citizen who is dead, is one of sorrow primarily, to speak in a vein of hopefulness; and yet I believe that were the Hon. Mr. Gokhale here present amongst us and could he speak for himself he would wish to urge upon us, to suggest to us, a message of hope. I well recollect, fourteen years ago, when a meeting similar to this was convened for the purpose of inaugurating a memorial to the late Mr. Justice Ranade, the beautiful speech in w'ich Mr. Gokhale, standing on this platform to support the resolution, similar to that in which we are now engaged in moving and supporting, in reference to Mr. Ranade, uttered words which, I think, should cause us to feel a glow of hope for the future as a result of the labours upon which he, in succession to Mr. Ranade, has been engaged in the past. Of Mr. Ranade Mr. Gokhale spoke words which seem to me so applicable to Mr Gokhale himself that I cannot do better than quote a few of them to-day. He said: "The work that Mr. Ranade has done for us, the ideals of individual and collective life that he has placed before us, and the high example that he has given us of a life spent nobly for the service of the country, these will ever constitute one of the most precious possessions of my countryman." And at the conclusion of his remarks on that occasion Mr. Gokhale said: "We can only humbly trust that he who gave Mr. Ranade to this nation may give another like himself in the fullness of time. Meanwhile it is our duty to cherish his name, treasure up his example and be true to his teachings in the faith that the nation that has produced a Ranade need not despair of its future."

Now is not this in itself a message of hope? Not only were we given a man like Ranade to carry on the great work that Ranade began, but in Mr. Gokhale for the last 15 years India has had a statesman who toiled not only in all the fields prepared by Mr. Ranade but also in fields more peculiarly his own; and his work shall endure. Like Mr. Ranade he had that peculiar faculty of impressing his personality upon and obtaining the selfless devotion of younger men who came in contact with him; and he toiled, during a large part of his overfull time, with a view to organizing the fruits of this devotion upon a solid and enduring basis. The key-note of the service of Mr. Gokhale was absence of all self or self-seeking. And it was this quality which enabled him to attach to himself the following of devoted workers who are even now banded together to carry on, as far as they are able, one department of the lifework of Mr. Gokhale. Were it not for the fact that we have found that he who gave Mr. Ranade to India, also and immediately afterwards, gave us Mr. Gokhale, I should be tempted to lament that in Mr. Gokhale we had suffered an irreparable loss, but the accession of a second Ranade in Mr. Gokhale is an augury of the brightest hope. And surely, though at present we lament our lost leader and can as yet see no one fit to take his place, we may, with even greater confidence than in 1901 echo the prayer which Mr. Gokhale then uttered. I am confident that this meeting will endorse the Resolution which I have the honour to support inasmuch as by so doing they will give emphatic approval of a movement which is designed to concert measures for perpetuating the memory not only of Mr. Gokhale by name but of those virtues and qualities with which his name will always be associated in the hearts of the people of India of all classes, creeds and races.

SIR BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA.

Sir Balchandra Krishna said:—In further supporting the Resolution which has been so ably and lucidly proposed, seconded and supported by his Highness the Aga Khan, Sir Pherozeshah and the Hon. Mr. Hill, I wish to add only a few remarks about the late Mr. Gokhale. By his death India has lost her noblest son, truest Patriot and greatest Statesman. There has been universal grief and sympathy throughout the length and breadth of the whole British Empire. And we may ask what all this is due to. In my humble judgement it is due to Mr. Gokhale's unrivalled and pursuasive eloquence, suavity of manners, sound common sense, perfect moderation, cosmopoliton views and above all his unbounded love for his country. This was I believe the secret of his success. Even on his death-bed the uppermost thought in his mind was about India, and the good of her people. Almost his last words as reported were "My end is nearing, I have deceived my country. It would have been better if I should have been spared for a couple of years more. I would have gone to England and would have striven hard to bring about a most satisfactory termination of the Royal Commission and thus would have repaid, although in the smallest degree, the debt I owe to my mother country." This shows how deeply his heart was set to the final issues of the Royal Commission and how keenly he felt the utter helplessness at his inability to work on to the end and gain his object. I have said elsewhere that the only course to give perfect peace to his noble and restless soul was to carry out his wishes in regard to the various important questions before the Commission and I expressed a hope that his colleagues—especially his Indian Colleagues,—would take up the task upon themselves. Mr. Gokhale had always before his mind's eye the two noble Ideals of manhood, I mean Dr. Wordsworth and Mr. Justice Ranade, the latter of whom with Sir Pherozeshah he considered as his great *guru*.

Mr. Gokhale's services to the country were of the highest order. No thought about his family or his person ever disturbed his well balanced mind. He laboured for his country with a selflessness that was all his own. His loss must therefore be considered a truly national one. With these few words I commend this resolution for your unanimous acceptance.

The resolution was carried.

CONDOLENCES TO THE FAMILY.

SIR JOHN HEATON.

The Hon. Sir John Heaton next moved:—

"That the Chairman be requested to communicate the earnest and sincerest condolences of this meeting to the daughters and family of the late Mr. Gokhale."

In doing so, Sir John said:—This proposition takes us out of the sphere of politics and public endeavours into the sphere of common every day human feelings. There is an enormous blank in the public life. There is a blank in the private life of a few not so wide but far deeper and darker and you will undoubtedly agree with me that we must express to the family of Mr. Gokhale our sympathy, both true and deep, in their bereavement; the more so because Mr. Gokhale was still an active worker. His is not the case of one who has become only the object of care and solicitude from others. He was still the guide and support of others and so it is that just as the public loss is greater, so the private feelings of sorrow must be keener. I can only hope that his family may find some mitigation for their sorrow in the knowledge of the extraordinarily high esteem in which Mr. Gokhale was held of which this great and representative meeting is a convincing testimony.

SIR FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY.

The Hon. Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy said:—

It is my sad duty to second the Resolution so ably placed before you by the Hon. Sir John Heaton. Heavy as the blow is, and deeply as we mourn the loss to the country, our hearts go out in sympathy to the members of the family of Mr Gokhale. They have indeed suffered a heavy bereavement. To them it is a great and personal loss which no words from us can soothe, and yet it must be some consolation to them that the whole of India mourns his loss, and shares with them the great sorrow they have been so suddenly called upon to bear. They have our best sympathy, and our sincere prayers that Heaven may sustain them in this their great trial. In seconding this Resolution I beg to be permitted to associate myself with all that has been said in praise of the late Mr. Gokhale He was a patriot, in the purest and most ideal sense of the term, and a true son of India, who gave his whole-hearted services to his Motherland, and that too, quietly and unostentatiously. Although his brilliant and inspiring career has been so prematurely cut off, long will his memory abide.

MR. H. A. WADYA.

In supporting the Resolution, Mr. Hormusji A. Wadya said: When we received the news of Mr. Gokhale's death, our first thoughts were of our country's irreparable loss. Our next thoughts were of those whom he had left behind,—of the two motherless daughters who have been deprived of a father's love and care and of his widowed sister and the fatherless nephews who have been deprived of his unselfish protection. We are met here to-day to send them a message of sympathy and may I add that we should also send to them our acknowledgment of a great debt. They have lost him because he gave his life willingly in our service and our country's service. Mr. Gokhale was not a man to neglect his duty to his family but we know also that public life and particularly public life such as his demands many sacrifices and not the least among them is the sacrifice of home and family ties. To him the love of country was no ordinary love. It became "my country first and all else afterwards." That is the way in which he loved and served his country. I say deliberately and from personal knowledge that Mr. Gokhale knew that the work demanded of him might cost him his life and yet he persevered and did it at the cost of his own life. I repeat therefore, that we owe to them an acknowledgment of our great debt and I may be permitted to say from this Hall that if it is in our power at any time to be of any service to his daughters, we shall give it gladly and gratefully for the sake of their dead father.

MR. N. M. GOCULDAS.

Mr. Narottam Morarjee Goculdas, in supporting, said:—After the eloquent tributes of praise paid to the public services of Mr. Gokhale, I can with propriety refer only to his private virtues, which were no less eminent than public ones. For several years past, I was privileged to have had intimate personal relations with him, and the feeling that rises uppermost in my mind at this moment is that apart from his distinguished national and Imperial services, his signal purity of character, beautiful delicacy of nature and consummate faculty of spreading grace about him marked him out as one of the best and noblest sons of India. His shining example lifted all about him above their petty selves and impelled them to strive towards a higher life. We are bereaved of the stimulating influence of his living example, but his orphan daughters and the other members of his family have sustained a yet nearer and heavier bereavement, and it is our melancholy duty to give them all the sympathy of which our broken hearts are now capable.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

MEMORIAL TO HIS GREAT WORK.

MR. M. A. JINNAH.

The Hon. Mr. M. A. Jinnah next moved:—

"That this meeting resolves that a suitable memorial or memorials be raised to commemorate the life and great work of Mr. Gokhale, and that a Committee, with power to add to their number, be appointed to collect subscriptins and to take all necessary measures in that behalf."

Mr. Jinnah said:—

This resolution which I have just read to you has for its object the practical way in which we can raise a memorial befitting the great life and work of Mr. Gokhale. I feel

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LATE MR. GOKHALE.

(*Continued from page* 10.)

confident that Bombay will rise to the occasion and will show her signal mark of appreciation of the work of such a patriot in a manner which will do credit to him as well as to the city of Bombay that claims to be "Urbs prima in Indis." We mourn the death of Mr. Gokhale so deeply with the rest of India that I have no words at my command to adequately express our deep sorrow and grief. He was respected by the Mahomedans and Hindus alike and trusted by both. He had endeared himself to all India by his single-mindedness of purpose, his earnestness and zeal with which he worked and his absolute devotion to the cause of India as a whole. He was of late looked upon as an all-India man if such an expression is permissible. He was a great political rishi, a master of the finances of India, and the greatest champion of education and sanitation. He was a fearless critic and opponent of the measures of Government and the administration of the country but in all his actions and utterances he was guided by reason and true moderation. Thus he was a help to Government and source of great strength and support to the cause of the people. One of the greatest lessons that his life and work teach one is the example of what one single individual can achieve, how powerfully and materially he can help and guide the destinies of his country and his people and from whom how millions can derive true lead and inspiration—to illustrate—this I have but only to refer to the South African question which stirred the whole of India under his lead. Personally I have had the honour of being one of the colleagues of Mr. Gokhale in the Imperial Council for some years and to me it was always a matter of pride and pleasure to listen to him and often follow his lead. The whole Council, officials and non-officials, had the greatest respect and regard for him. His loss is difficult to make up. It is almost irreparable. To mark our appreciation of him all we can do now that the hand of Providence has taken him away from us, is to pray that his mighty soul may rest in peace and raise a memorial to his life and great work worthy of that great statesman and true patriot, who has passed away. Mr. Gokhale has left millions behind him to mourn his death but to millions his life and work will be a source of education, example and inspiration, specially to Young India. Once addressing the students in England he advised them to keep their faces towards India always no matter where they were like the Japanese who always has his face towards "Nipon." Now let me not forget that while we have gathered here today to mourn his death and while the whole of India is doing the same for the past few days what must be the feelings of sorrow and grief of those who are related to him to whom he was nearest and dearest, specially the daughters whom he leaves behind to mourn the death of such a noble father. To them I can say with absolute assurance our deepest and fullest sympathies go out in their great moment of grief. May they have the fortitude to bear such a loss.

DR. STANLEY REED.

In seconding the Resolution, Dr. Stanley Reed said: In seconding this Resolution, may I be permitted to express a hope that whatever memorial or memorials that might be raised in this country, we, in this city, shall have a permanent and visible memorial worthy of the life and work of our honoured and departed friend.

MR. J. B. PETIT.

In supporting the proposition, Mr. J. B. Petit said: I endorse every word of appreciation for the late Mr. Gokhale's life and work, to which expression has been given by the previous speakers. The late Mr. Gokhale was a prince among men. His great and enduring services to the whole country and the Empire are now a matter of common knowledge. They have been justly appreciated and praised with one voice and with a unanimity, unique in its character from one end of the country to another, and from the highest in the realm to the lowest and humblest being in the street, from his Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor downwards. It is but natural that this Presidency, which proudly claims him as its own, should go in mourning in common with the rest of the country in consequence of the loss of one who,—without exaggeration,—in many respects, was perhaps the greatest Indian of his time; and should seek to perpetuate, in a suitable and fitting manner, a life and career at once so great and so distinguished.

It will now be the business of the Committee which has just been proposed, to collect adequate funds for the purpose set-forth in this resolution and I am sure the response that will be made to the appeal of the Committe will be spontaneous, so enthusiastic and so liberal as to enable them not only to rear a memorial truly worthy of the great man whose life it is intended to commemorate but will also be indicative of our high sense of appreciation of the great and valuable public services rendered by the late Mr. Gokhale to this country in particular and to the Empire at large.

The resolution was carried.

The Committee consists among others of the following gentleman: Sir Basil Scott; His Highness the Aga Khan; Sir Richard Lamb; The Hon. Mr. Claude Hill; The Hon. Mr. P. D. Pattani; The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta; The Hon. Sir Jamshedji Jijibhoy; Sir Dinshah M. Petit; Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sir Cawasji Jehangir.

On the motion of Sir Cawasji Jehangir, seconded by the Hon. Mr. Manmohandass Ramji, a vote of thanks was accorded to the Sheriff for convening the meeting.

Sir Dorab J. Tata then moved a vote of thanks to the Governor for presiding over the meeting. He said:—

I consider it a high privilege to be entrusted with the proposition I have the honour to place before you, and I will not content myself with saying that of all the gracious acts performed by his Excellency since his sojurn amongst us, there is not one, I will venture to say, that has touched the hearts of such a large number of the people of this Presidency so much as his presence amongst us to-day to share our grief and to preside over this meeting called to mourn the irreparable loss of the great man who has passed away so suddenly from amongst us.

The Hon. Mr. C. H. Setalvad seconded the proposition which was carried with acclamation.

The meeting broke up after three cheers for his Majesty the King and three more cheers for their Excellencies.

LETTER FROM MR. DADABOY NAOROJI.

The following letter was received by the President of the meeting from Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji:—

"Dear Sir,—I am extremely sorry that I am not able to attend the meeting.

That the lamented death of Mr. Gokhale is a great loss is already admitted by all India.

His Gracious Majesty the King-Emperor has expressed his deep sympathy and his Excellency the Viceroy has expressed his appreciation of Mr. Gokhale's distinguished services and great abilities.

This meeting I have no doubt will give full expression to the profound grief and heavy loss sustained by the premature death of Mr. Gokhale and take measures to worthily commemorate his great and distinguished public services.

OPEN AIR MEETING.

Simultaneously an open air meeting was held in the Elphinstone Gardens, opposite the Town Hall, where also hundreds of ladies and gentlemen assembled under the Chairmanship of Sir Narayan Chandavarkar.

The same Resolutions were passed at this meeting and a number of speeches made including those by the Hon. Mr. G. K. Parukh, Mr. C. V. Mehta and Mr. R. P. Masani.

The Chairman dwelt at length on the sterling work and worth of Mr. Gokhale.

ALL-INDIA MEMORIAL.

COMMITTEE BEING ORGANISED.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, March 5.

In accordance with the Resolution passed at a representative public meeting at Delhi on February 23rd to raise an all-India memorial to perpetuate the memory of the late Mr. Gokhale a Committee consisting of members of the Imperial and Provincial Councils and promoment men of various provinces, is being organised to give effect to the Resolution.

It is understood that the first meeting of the Committee will take place here about the 20th instant when office bearers and an executive committee will be appointed.

Opinions received so far show that the memorial should take forms, viz., of Mr. Gokhale's Servants of India Home for each province and a statue. Donors will be free to ear-mark their subscriptions for either, but a large body of opinion favours the first proposal as it will be a living memory of Mr. Gokhale's work and worth and will provide for the continuance of the work nearest his heart, even in the last moment of his life, by keeping up and strengthening an organisation which will form a training ground for capable self-sacrificing youngmen and give them scope for organised constitutional work on the lines laid down by Mr. Gokhale.

MR. GOKHALE'S FAIRNESS.

SIR HAROLD STUART'S APPRECIATION.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, March 5.

Sir Harold Stuart in the course of his speech at the public meeting yesterday said that Mr. Gokhale's sympathy and fairness were not created nor did they produce any flabiness of conviction. His opinions were always strongly held but held without bitterness and this spirit of fairness which was one of his marked characteristics produced one happy effect, viz., fairness in his opponents, and in many debates in which he played so sucessful a part there was neither bitterness nor rancour.

THE "NAVAYUG."

The poignancy and universal character of the public sorrow at the preemature demise of Mr. Gokhale is reflected in the new number of the Marathi magazine, the "Navayug" in which a number of tributes both in prose and poetry, are paid to the departed patriot. We should have said tributes of art also, for quite a number of illustrations connected with the death also figure in the journal, the frontispiece drawn by the well-known Bombay artist, Mr. A. V. Muller, and representing Mother India and her children mourning the loss, being quite striking. Among other topics treated in the magazine are the administration of the Baroda State, Indian music, a journey to the Nilgiris and the Toynby Hall Institution of London.

CHARGE OF CHEATING DISMISSED.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, March 5.

Mr. Law, Assistant Commissoner of Ajmer, has delivered judgment in the case in which Mrs. Taylor charged Allah Baksh, Bansidhar and Maharaj Swarupa, a Tahsildar with cheating.

The Magistrate held that Mrs. Taylor had been guilty of spreading damaging falsehood and her present story has been only gradually developed. He found that the case for the prosecution was untrustworthy.

The allegation made against Fatehchand Mehta, barrister-at-law, was wholly unfounded and he accepted the *alibi* evidence on behalf of each of the accused, the cumulative effect of all the evidence for the defence being considerable. The Magistrate, therefore, acquitted all the accused.

THE MOPLAH RIOTS.

RECRUDESCENCE IN AFFECTED AREA

FOUR MOPLAHS KILLED: TWO CONSTABLES WOUNDED.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, March 5.

A Calicut correspondent writes on the 3rd instant:—Mr. C. D. J. Carmichael, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Southern Range, is at Karuvarakundu along with Messrs. Innes, Hitchcock and Elliott. It is understood that except for an isolated section of Moplahs who are now creating trouble, all the wealthy and respectable members of the community are readily co-operating with the authorities in the work of apprehending the rioters.

Information has been received here this morning to the effect that yesterday morning while a party of reserves was patrolling a particular part of the infected area, a gang who had evidently hidden themselves in the temple known as Kiyur opened fire on them and that the former replied with the result, it is stated, that four of the Moplahs were killed and two constables, a Nair and a Moplah, were wounded. The wounded men were immediately conveyed to the hospital at Manjeri where they are now under treatment.

Last evening Mr. Innes is said to have visited the wounded men in the hospital when the latter expressed to him the desire to see their family. Mr. Innes immediately gave telegraphic instructions to the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Calicut, and this morning the wives and some other relations of the two constables were sent up in a motor car.

PUSHING DOWN FROM A RUNNING TRAIN.

CHARGE AGAINST A TICKET INSPECTOR.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, March 5.

Before the Joint Magistrate, Allahabad, Greenway, Travelling Ticket Inspector of the E. I. Railway, was charged with causing grievous hurt to a passenger by pushing him down from a running train.

The facts alleged were that the Inspector wanted to check the passenger's ticket. The latter was not able to produce it. An altercation ensued, as a result of which the accused pushed down the complainant from the train which was in motion.

Mr. Dillon, who appeared for the accused, tendered himself as a defence witness and in reply to the Court whether he could appear as a witness said he would retire from the case and get another counsel to argue it.

Mr. Dillon's deposition went to show how certain exhibits in the case came into the possession of the defence.

DARING DACOITIES IN THE PUNJAB.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, March 5.

Several dacoities of a daring nature have been reported from different parts of Jhang District. At Basti, Sikandar, property worth thirty-five thousand rupees is alleged to have been taken away by a desperate gang. The situation formed the subject of telegram to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor on the 26th ultimo and the authorities have taken vigorous measures to cope with it.

In a recent attack on village Jasso Kaman the police assisted by the local zemindars drove away the dacoits.

A TROOP-HORSE STORY.

BOLTING CHARGERS HALT AT THE SOUND OF RIFLE CLICKS.

As an example of the intelligence of the horses employed by the British troops the following story is sent by a British trooper:—

A patrol was keeping its nightly vigil when upon the air was borne the thunder of clattering hoofs. Nearer and nearer it came, until it became only too obvious to the patrol that the sound was that of galloping horses. Concealing themselves until a convenient movement, the watchers stepped out and in the night air, mixed up with a multitudinous beat of hoofs on the stone setts and unmistakable shorts, rang out the time-honourd and stenorian. "Halt!" No response came, and the charging steeds continued to advance.

"Halt!" was again shouted, but this time, owing to the clatter, it could not be heard so distinctly. No answer coming out of the blackness the patrol eased over their safety catches and opened the cut-outs of their rifles, the click of their bolts betokening the possibilities of what might very soon happen. That click had a magic effect, as the roar ceased almost instantly.

On advancing with their rifles at the firing position, the men of the patrol were astonsihed to find that the cause of the disturbance was about a score of horses—riderless. They had refused to obey word of mouth, but consented to stop when the metallic ring of several Lee-Enfield rifle appliances reached their ears.

The doubt which has long existed as to where James Hepburn, Earl of Bothwell, and husband of Mary Queen of Scots, was buried is now to be settled. In the Danish country church of Faarevejle, in North-East Zealand, a mummified body has lain since 1578. This was traditionally believed to be Bothwell's remains, but doubts were held as to the correctness of the belief. Now, working on certain facial measurements provided by Sir Archibald Buchan Hepburn, of Smeaton-Hepburn, from the original portrait of Bothwell in his possession, and with the permission of the Danish Government and the local church authorities, the grave is to be opened again and the point settled.

OPINIONS OF THE DAY.

Government Aid to Industries.

"The Leader":—Mr. Clark argued that there was not the same immediate and imperative necessity for us in India to take urgent steps as there was for his Majesty's Government, as we could get from England whatever we wanted. We could; and the worst of it is that we have all along been simply content with doing so, with consequences of a positively disastrous character to the economic well-being of our own people. It is not our case that India should be self-contained and self-supporting in the sense that every imaginable article of necessity as well as luxury should be made in the country itself. But we say that we ought not to remain so helplessly and hopelessly dependent for everything on imports from other lands, while our own people go without adequate sustenance being dependent all but exclusively on a solitary occupation too much at the mercy of precarious rainfall. An industrial India must be built up. It cannot be done without the Government's active support. To such help the people have a legitimate claim. They do not ask that more should be done for them than the Governments of other countries have done for their peoples. The claim is irresistible. It has several times been acknowledged in theory by the Government. We want that their sympathy should be translated into practical and substantial support. Mr. Clark's speech is a disservice to India and through her, to Britain, in so far as it leads the people to doubt whether the support will be forthcoming in adequate measure.

India's Present and Future.

The "Indian Patriot":—What is India now but a vast continent thrilling with life and loyalty to the Empire, where citizen watches with delight the part his brother plays in the field of war and with concern on the progress of hostilities? Our military races who till now could only look back to the achievements of their forefathers in the red battles of ancient India have gladly exchanged the plough for the sword. The din and bustle of life around us awakens in the mind the remembrance of the glorious past that has ever shone before our patriotic vision. The Princes are shaking back the ease of ages, and their armoury rings with the clash of arms. The India which the patriot portrayed and the orator spoke about seems, for a moment, to have come into being. The love of England is strong; the hatred of England's foes bitter. "All war is good, and the bigger the war, the better," are the words attributed to an Indian soldier to whom before, war was only a distant contingency which he might never see in life. Feelings of joy and hope gladden the public man who sees around him exactly what he would like to see around him at such an hour—a loyal people ready to fight the foe of their king. "The future of India in our minds is certainly as inseparable from England as it is from their Mahomedan and Hindu antecedents". And why? The answer is partly in the greatness of the British character as the Indian has understood it from history, and partly in the civilization of India.

India Council Appointment.

The "Beharee":—An appointment which in other times would have created quite an agitation all over the country is that of Sirdar Daljit Singh as the successor to Sir K. G. Gupta on the India Council. Sirdar Daljit Singh is little known beyond his own province and we confess we are quite in the dark as to his qualifications for the post. It is a rare privilege that was conferred on the Indians,—the appointment of two Indians as members of the India Council,—by Lord Morley. When sometime ago Lord Crewe introduced his India Council Bill it was generally believed that the Secretary of State was prompted with the desire to make the Indians on his Council as representative of the people as possible. It is therefore all the more a surprise to us why Lord Crewe should have selected a gentleman in no way the best representative of the enlightened Indian public opinion. Sirdar Daljit Singh has not the reputation of being a politician or a public man, or a distinguished administrator or an able Government officer. At any rate even within the limits prescribed by convention it would have been possible to find a better man for the post. Great disappointment has been caused by the appointment.

Pandit Arjunlal Sethis Case.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika":—But this was only the beginning of his trouble. After he had been kept in solitary confinement for about 9 months, he was, in December last, ordered to undergo 5 years' imprisonment, by an executive order of the Maharaja of Jaipur! Why? That is a mystery which has to be unveiled. Thus he was sent to jail without any trial, and nay, even without a charge. Is there any law in Jaipur which empowers that State to take away the liberty of a man at its sweet will? Surely, that cannot be, for not only is its ruler an enlightened Prince but he acknowledges the supremacy of the British Government which can never tolerate such an outrage. The incident has naturally created a great commotion among the Jain community. Here is an esteemed leader of theirs who was doing them valuable services at immense personal sacrifices suddenly spirited away and confined in jail for five long years without rhyme or reason! Where is the safety of others? Where is the liberty of the subject? The incident should create alarm and consternation not only among the Jains but every class of Indians residing either in the Indian States or in British India. For, the officers of both the British Government and two Indian States are concerned in the matter.

143 CASES NEW GOODS

You are invited to call and see the new season's goods which have just been unpacked. Five shipments arrived during the past month and the cases kept in our godown to be dealt with after stocktaking.

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New colours in the always useful knitted Golf Coats. Prices remain, as always, the lowest.

DAINTY SHOES FOR DAINTY FEET. The first consignment of all White Shoes for the season is just unpacked. Shapes are slightly different, all with a tendency to comfort in wear, the smart two pearl button shoe in White Canvas sells at Rs. 6-15. A great favourite is the open Court Shoes with quaker buckle all in fine White Canvas at Rs. 5-15. Children's Canvas Shoe in wide comfortable shapes, both lacing and one bar, in every possible size.

CHOICE LACE AND VELVET NECKWEAR. By post each week we receive a parcel of the newest and smartest Neckwear for Ladies, the new Collars for the 1915 season are now to hand, some particularly smart ideas in Black and White. The new high collar in all its many modes carried out in fine net and lace on a black velvet neck-band. The prices of these novelties are very reasonable, commencing from As. 15. Ribbons in wide Sash widths are again a maze of colour.

MEN'S WEAR THE LATEST IN SOCKS. Mere man is not forgotten, indeed his wants are one of our special features, everything a man wears is obtainable in our men's wear section. Here too the weekly Post Parcel includes new Ties, Socks, Vests, Tennis Belts, etc.

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For pictures in a lighter vein we recommend:—"It's a long way to Tipperary," "When Jack comes Home again," "Going South," "An absent-minded Beggar," "Clipping his wings," all dealing with the humourous side yet with telling point. Size about 16 x 12. Price, Re. 1-0 each.

See The Arcade Windows.
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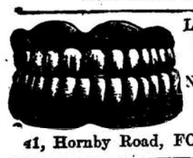

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ENGLISH AND CONTINENTAL FOOTWEAR....

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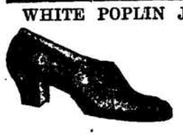

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Continued on 6th Column.

EX-VICEROYS' STATUES UNVEILED.

TRIBUTES BY LORD HARDINGE.

THE RIPON MEMORIAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

The message was delayed in transmission, Associated Press.

CALCUTTA, March 4.

The following is the full text of his Excellency the Viceroy's speech on the occasion of the unveiling of the statue of the late Lord Ripon in Calcutta on the 4th instant.

Gentlemen of the Ripon Memorial Fund Committee,—I feel that it is a very great privilege that I have been asked to perform the ceremony of unveiling the statue of Lord Ripon. It is not only that there has never been a Viceroy who has been more beloved and rightly so by the people of this country that makes it a very great compliment that the representatives of the people should have themselves asked me to take part in this ceremony but in addition I myself had the honour of Lord Ripon's friendship which I valued most highly and can testify from my personal knowledge to the wonderful gentleness and kindness of his heart and the soundness of his judgment. Years after he left India he held a prominent place in the Councils of his Sovereign and to him more than any other men turned for advice alike in their personal difficulties and in questions of high policy.

WHAT HE DID FOR INDIA.

India to the last occupied a prominent place in his thoughts and one of his latest public acts was to attend and take part in the debate on Lord Morley's Reform Bill. I do not propose to pass in review the history of his administration nor to stir the dust of past controversies, but I would remind you that he came to India inspired by the Liberal policy of Mr. Gladstone and the sympathetic interest of our Great and Good Queen Victoria. He tried to breathe the breath of life into Local Self-Government and it was in his viceroyalty that that noble act of liberal statesmanship, the rendition of Mysore, was effected. He gave new life and organisation to the Department of Agriculture from which has sprung so many beneficent activities. I need only enumerate the diffusion of useful agricultural information, the system of loans for agricultural operations and later the scheme of Credit Co-operative Societies.

He took the greatest possible interest in the ever present problem of education and while always determined to do nothing which could endanger the advance of higher education. He did much to organise and develop teaching of an elementary character, the foundation upon which the whole superstructure of a proper education has to be built. He saw the powerful effect that railway extension must have in preventing famine and gave a great impetus to a bolder policy in this direction though steadfastly refusing to allow it to throw any additional burden of taxation upon the people. He reduced the salt duty and from first to last was animated by an intense desire to promote the welfare of the masses. A distinguished Indian who enjoyed the honour of his friendship tells us that his popularity in India arose not so much in connection with the measures with which his viceroyalty is associated as in response to his own unfeigned love of the people, his desire to broaden the basis of their civic liberty and above all his treatment of them as brothers and fellow-citizens. When he first arrived in this country he remarked in one of his earliest speeches that it does not become him who putteth on his armour to boast himself as one that takes it off. He refused to make any large promises but said that he would prefer that when the time came India should judge him by his acts.

RIPON—THE RIGHTEOUS.

How favourable was that judgment was evidenced by the scene of unprecedented enthusiasm that took place in Bombay when 4½ years later deputations from every part of India came to bid him good-bye and innumerable addresses were presented him and I think the secret of his success as Viceroy is to be found in the noble words he used on that occasion:—"If England" he said "is to fulfill the mighty task which God has laid upon her and to interpret rightly the wonderous story of her Indian Empire she must bend her untiring energies and her iron will to raise in the scale of nations the people entrusted to her care, to impart to them gradually more and more the richest gifts which she herself enjoys and to rule them not for her own aggrandisement, nor yet for the mere profit of her own people but with a constant and unwearied endeavour to promote their highest good." Happily was he known to the people of India as Ripon—the righteous.

THE MINTO MEMORIAL.

The following is the full text of his Excellency the Viceroy's speech on the occasion of the unveiling of the Statue of the late Earl of Minto at Calcutta on the 4th of March 1915:—

Gentlemen of the Minto Memorial Fund Committee,—It is my valued privilege to-day to unveil the statue of my distinguished predecessor the Earl of Minto. At the short interval of time that has elapsed since Lord Minto's Viceroyalty ended, it is not easy to appraise correctly the true value of an administration which has so recently passed into history, but the period during which the affairs of India were entrusted to his guidance is so full of interest that you will perhaps forgive me if I dwell a few moments on one or two of the more striking features. His viceroyalty may be described as a record of difficulties and dangers bravely faced and honourably overcome.

GENEROUS AND STATESMANLIKE CONCESSIONS.

During the years which had preceded it there had been gathering in India a very considerable feeling among many moderate and loyal Indians who, conscious that they were capable of taking an honourable and useful part in the Government of the country, contended that their legitimate ambitions in this direction were insufficiently recognised. That intuitive sympathy which was one of the most striking characteristics of Lord Minto's nature was quick to recognise the legitimate grievance that underlay this feeling and he addressed himself without delay to finding a means of satisfying these aspirations. His task was rendered more difficult by a small body of extremists who hoped to wring concessions from Government by acts of violence and crime. To a weaker man it might have appeared necessary on the appearance of this new agitation not only to meet it with repressive measures sufficient to ensure the preservation of the public safety but also to withhold all concessions even to those aspirations which he regarded as legitimate for fear that he and his Government might be accused of yielding to threats and violence what they were unwilling to grant spontaneously. Faced with this situation Lord Minto showed that he possessed in addition to that personal courage which had already won him distinction in many different fields the much rarer courage which enabled him to pursue his policy undeterred by the fear of being accounted weak. He determined that the conduct of a very small minority should not force him to withhold reasonable concessions from the great majority of loyal but expectant Indians. This determination at length resulted in the establishment of the enlarged Legislative Councils with which we are now familiar and in the appointment of an Indian to be a Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council. The inauguration of these changes will be within the memory of most of you here to-day and at this short interval of time it is impossible to pass a final verdict upon their value. But I may say with confidence that the splendid loyalty of India at this time of the Empire's need is in no small measure due to the wise and sympathetic policy which Lord Minto pursued in the face of much opposition and he will always be remembered in India as one who tried to meet just claims for political recognition with generous and statesmanlike concessions.

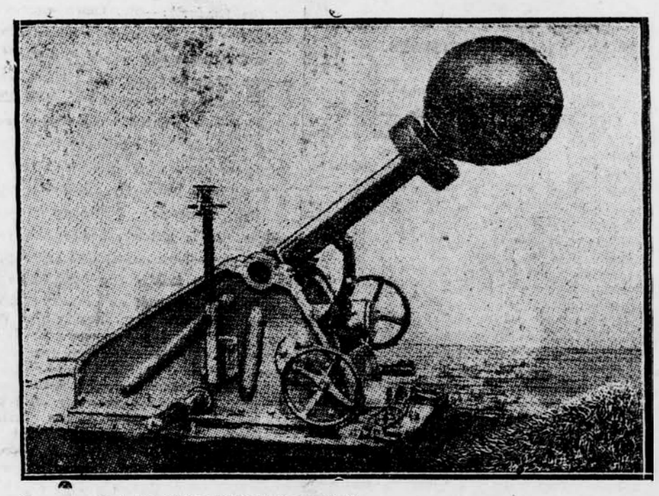
His relation with ruling chiefs were marked by the utmost cordiality on both sides, a result largely brought about by the genial personality which had made him the object of affectionate regard throughout his career. There can be no question that his policy of confidence did much to promote the happy relations which now subsists between the Native States and the Paramount Power and were realised to-day. Lord Minto might be justly proud of the magnificent contributions which the ruling chiefs have made towards the defence of the British Empire.

BEAU IDEAL OF A GREAT ENGLISH GENTLEMAN.

I have dealt hitherto only with Lord Minto's work in his public capacity but I feel that no appreciation of his character can be complete without an allusion to the universal affection and respect which he commanded in private life. He was a true sportsman in the very best sense of that term and his personality combined a most gallant spirit with kingly sympathy and the highest courtesy. He was indeed the beau ideal of a great English gentleman.

I shall always remember with gratitude the honour that has been done to me to-day in asking me to unveil the statues of these two great men. May the memory of their labours and their love for India long remain to inspire and dignify the public life of this country.

A GUN NEW TO WARFARE.



Reproduced from "The Daily Telegraph."

"Eye-witness" recently described the German gun for dropping huge bombs in the trenches of the Allies. This photograph shows one of the guns with the bomb attached. It is fired by compressed air.

WITH THE FRENCH FIGHTING LINE.

Photo by Central News.

French artillery in action.

BENGAL LAGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

AMENDED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND BUDGET ESTIMATES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 5.

A meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council was held to-day to receive the amended draft Financial Statement and the Budget Estimates for the forthcoming year. The estimates as provisionally approved by the Government of India show the receipts aggregating Rs. 6,18,07,000, an expenditure of Rs. 6,48,29,000, and a closing balance of Rs. 2,44,59,000. Out of the special grant of 50 lakhs for the Calcutta Improvement Trust which has appeared in the accounts since 1903-04, 40 lakhs have already been paid to the Trust and the balance of 10 lakhs will be paid in 1915-16.

INDIAN CHURCH AID ASSOCIATION.

ANONYMOUS DONATION DISTRIBUTED IN MADRAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, March 5.

A donation of £940 has been received from the Indian Church Aid Association of London. This is a part of the large anonymous donation which has been made in England to the Association. This sum has been allocated for the needs of the Diocese of Madras as follows:—Bishop Corrie High School, Madras £400; St. Johns Vestry School, Trichinopoly £40 and Bishop Cotton School, Bangalore, £500.

CONNOOR SEASON.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CONNOOR, March 5.

According to the present arrangement his Highness the Maharajah of Travancore is expected to arrive at Connoor early in April and will reside at Lansdowne for four weeks. Other visitors for the season will include the Maharajah of Cochin and the Raja of Vizianagram beside the ex-Maharajah of Cochin, who has arrived here already.

The Madras Diocesan Magazine says that the services of Rev. B. M. Morton and Rev. E. G. Brownrigg have been applied for by the War Office and it is probable that they or two other chaplains of the Madras Establishment will shortly be on duty in France or Flanders.

HIGH COURT.

PRIZE COURT.

THE KARA DANIZ.

APPLICATION FOR FURTHER EXAMINATION.

(*Before Mr. Justice Macleod.*)

IN THE MATTER OF KARA DANIZ AND SOCRATES ALTCHYDES *v.* THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

In the above suit, the full facts of which have appeared in our columns, Socrates Altchydes a Greek who alleged himself to be a Persian subject, sued the Government of Bombay, for the possession of the Kara Daniz which the Bombay Government had detained as a Turkish vessel or in the alternative claimed damages to the extent of Rs. 1,40,000. His Lordship after hearing the evidence and argument of counsel reserved judgment.

This morning the Hon. the Advocate-General appeared before his Lordship and submitted that the Court should stay its hands and not give judgment in the suit as they wanted to examine one Mr. Richardson, Consul at Hodeida, who would be able to throw light on the questions involved in the suit. The learned Advocate-General applied to the Court to fix a day for taking Mr. Richardson's evidence.

In support of his application the Advocate-General said that Mr. Richardson was Consul at Holdeida for 14 years. He was the gentleman who had taken refuge in the Italian Consulate and from there was captured by the Turks and was released only after protests had been made to the Turkish Government from Rome. Mr. Richardson would give evidence that the Ottoman Government would not allow a Turkish subject to become a Persian subject in spite of the fact that the Persian Government recognised him as a Persian subject.

Also he would say that the Turkish treasury drafts were issued against the revenue of a particular year. That on 14th August 1914 circulars were issued by Sir Edward Grey to British Consuls that British vessels should leave Turkish waters and that the Kara Daniz was used as a Turkish transport.

Mr. Inverarity in opposing the application cited the case of Keshavji Ossa v. G. I. P. Ry. in 31 Bom. and argued that the case was now closed and the defendant could not be allowed to adduce further evidence.

His Lordship allowed the application and fixed Tuesday next for taking Mr. Richardson's evidence.

The Hon. the Advocate-General and Mr. Nicholson appeared for the Government.

Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Mirza appeared for the claimant.

Attorneys for the Government: Little & Co.
Attorneys for the claimant: Messrs. Mirza and Mangaldas.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 6TH OF MARCH, 1915.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.

In the Division Court No. 53.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

739-14—Sabnis and G. Hariba Avdaji Shinde v Savlaram Umaji and ors, Judah & S.

S C Ct 96/4219-14—Amin and D. Vanechand Jassa and ors v Ghati Hariba Avdaji Shinde and ors, Sab and G. Judah and S, Part heard, 9-2-15.

S C Ct 97/4220-14—Amin and D. Vanechand Jassa and ors v Ghati Hariba Avdaji Shinde and ors, Sab and G. Judah and S, Part heard, 9-2-15.

Short Cause.

1446-14—Payne and Co, Lakhmidas Ratansey and Co a firm v Parbhashankar Alveshwar and Co a firm, Hiralal and Co.

Long Causes.

291-14.—Daph. F. & D., Ganeshlal Sabhagmal a firm, Ratanchand Premchand & ors., Dubash & Co.

350-13.—Ardishir H. D. & Co., Ruttonbai widow, v. R. D. Sethna & ors., Mulla & M. Ard. H. D. & Co.

374-13.—Ardeshir H. D. & Co., Lakhmichand Damji v. R. D. Sethna & ors., Ard. H. D. & Co.

685-13.—Ardeshir H. D. & Co., Ruttonbai widow, v. Jethabhai Nursey & ors., Mulla & M. Ard. H. D. & Co.

174-12—Jehangir S M & H Sha Frohanbhai Damp a firm v. Nadirshaw Hormusji Belgaumwalla and anr Ard H D & Co.

620-14—Little & Co Messrs P. Chapial & Co. a firm v. Jasrup Bejnath a firm Dikshit & P.

1106-14.—Madha & Ch. Champubai widow, v. Putlibai widow, Edg. G. N. Co.

1059-14.—Purnanand & Co., Bhagwanji Ramji & Co., a firm v. Noor Mahomed Fasul & ors., Pacha & Co.

1250-14—Dastur & Co Harilal Ganesh v Pragji Vallabdas Manecklal & Co.

1031—14—Amin and D Chandulal Laldas and ors v Ruxani widow and our Bhimji & Co. Mr. P & P.

859-13—Mulla and M, The Advocate-General of Bombay v Jimbabai widow and ors, Ard H D and Co, Payne and Co, Matu J and M. Shroff D and D.

362-14.—Mulla & M., Hirji Jitha & Co., a firm v. Virji Mansi & ors., In Person Sen B. & Co., Manch.

152-13.—Tyabji D. & Co., Bai Premabai widow v. Messrs. Wilson & Co., Amin & D.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.

In the Division Court No. 48.

Summary Suit for disposal (in Chambers.)

1299-14.—Payne & Co., Kanji Dwarkadas a firm v. Dada Miya Khandwani.

Chamber Matters for Disposal.

In Re Bill of costs of Messrs. Kanga and Sayani, Cassam Haji Noormahomed client v. Kanga and Sayani Applicants, 25-1-15.

617-11.—Sabnis & Gori, Shivram Bapuji Pude v. Kamlabai widow, 11-2-15.

1312-12.—Nadirsha & D. Bapulal Ratanchand v. Chaganlal Ambaram & anr., 19-2-15.

63-15.—Motichand & D. Hiralal Bakoredas, a firm v. Govindram Umedram & ors., Captain & V., 23-1-15.

966-14.—Little & Co., The Indian Specie Bank, Ld., (In Liquidation), Sir Vithaldas D. Thakersey, Kt., & ors., Wadia G. & Co., 19-2-15.

42-15.—Smeetham B. & Co., The Indian Specie Bank, Ld., (In Liquidation), The New Islam Mills, a firm, Little & Co., 19-2-15.

632-14.—Dhanjishaw & B., The Bombay Banking Co., Ld., (In Liquidation), v. Vischnoo Krishna Karve, Matu J. & M., 20-2-15.

335-14.—Tyabji D. & Co., Nanabhai Mancharam v. Bai Raxmani widow & ors., & Mula & Mula, Hiralal & Co., 23-2-15.

1154-14.—Payne & Co., Pirojbai Pestonji Powalla and ors. v. Cooverji Dorabji Powalla and ors., Wadia & Co., Daph. F. & D., Merwanji K. R. B. & Co., 25-2-15.

1337-14.—Chitnis M. & K., Purshotam Krishna Vete, v. Pandurang Yeshwant Vete, & ors., Khunderao L. & M., 25-2-15.

335-14.—Mulji and Tha, Nanabhai Mancharam & ors., Bai Raxmaini widow, & ors., Tyabji D. & Co., 3-3-15.

1089-14.—Patell and Ezekiel, Chiranjilal Mahadev v. Sirdarmal Fulchand, a firm, Merwanji K. R. B. & Co., 5-3-15.

O. S. 155-15.—Wadia G. & Co., Meherbai, widow & ors., v. Meherbai, widow and ors., Wadia G. & Co., Merwanji

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In Re Indian Co.'s Act. VI., of 1882, Little & Co., In Re The Indian Specie Bank Ld., (In Liquidation), v. J. Sanders Slater Official Liquidator, Payne & Co., J's order Craigie B. & C., Crawford B. & Co., For adjudicating of Claims, 17-12-14.

In Re Indian Co.'s Act VI. of, 1882, Little & Co., In Re The Indian Specie Bank Ltd., (In Liquidation), v. J. Sandars Slator Parties Official Liquidators concerned, J's order of 18-2-15, For Hearing and adjudicated.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Commercial Cause.

923-14—Little and Co, Messrs J A Begbie and Co a firm v Meghji Vallabhdas, Patell and Ez.

Long Causes.

260-14—Payne and Co, Pritamdas Tricumdas and anr v Asharam Govindram and anr, Bhimji and Co.

281-14—Pocha & Co Dossabhoy Cursetji Soonawala v Gangaram Sakharam Seth & ors Nanu A & Co.

997-14—Ard H D & Co Abraham E J Abraham v Khetsedas Lachminarayan a firm and anr Malvi H M & R Dy D & Co.

424-14—Bhai K and G, Vassonji Sons and Co a firm v Haji Khanoo Moosa a firm, Little and Co.

772-13. Soonderdas & Co., Sobbagchand Magenchand v. Chanulal Ishwarlal Mehta, Unwalla P. & P.

232-14—Payne & Co Ratansi Dharamsi Morarji & ors v. Tribhowandas Varjiwandas & ors. Daph F & D Craigie B & Co.

840-13—Soonderdas & Co. Jamnadas Harakhji & ors v. Moledina Haji Kassam Ludha & ors Bhai K & G.

924-13—Jehangir M & S Girdharilal Balabux a firm v. Fulchand Padamraj & Co. & M.

841-14—In Person Rajabally Hyderally v. Benjvallabhdas Purshotamdas a firm Motichand & D.

1021-14—M K R B and Co, Jehangir Rustomji Wadia v Ardeshir Hormusji Daruwala and anr, Vachha and Co.

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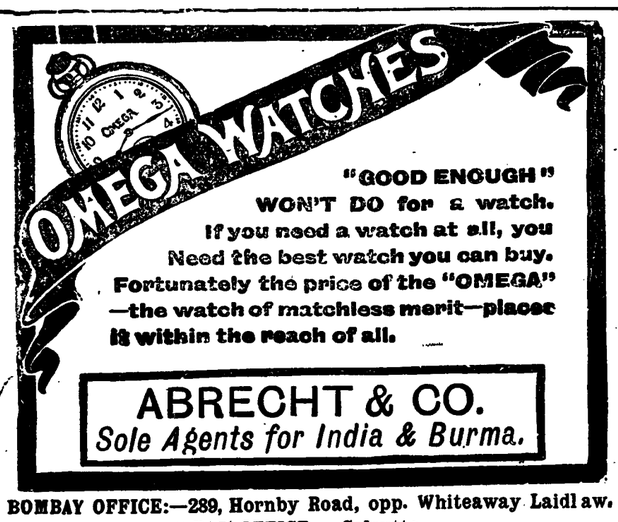

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WAR AND ITALY.

WILL SHE INTERVENE?

THE MILITARY ASPECT.

It has been reported recently (writes "A Student of War," in the "Manchester Guardian"), that a German plan of campaign against Italy has been discovered. Nothing is to be inferred from the existence of such a plan. The files of every War Office in Europe are stuffed with plans of campaign against every other Power, friendly or inimical; they are mostly exercises in the work of an Intelligence Department which are rarely adhered to in practice and from which it would be improper to draw any political inferences. If it be understood that Italy, so far as is known, is still free to join in the war or to keep her neutrality as her ifterests dictate, and that Englishmen have no wish to prejudge for Italy in what direction those interests point, there is no harm in discussing what the military effects of Italy's intervention on the side of the Allies might be. They would be great out of proportion to the numbers of her army, considerable though these are, and for the reason that is likely to make Roumania's intervention so important—namely, because the pressure would be applied from the south side. Germany cannot wage war on three fronts, on the south as well as on the west and the east. In the Bukowina the Russian army is on the south-east and east side of Hungary; Roumania and Servia would protong that line up to Croatia. The adhesion of Italy to the Allies would complete that line as far as Switzerland. The only two breaks in a line running from the North Sea through Southern Europe and Poland to the Baltic would be Switzerland and the maritime provinces of Austria; and even these breaks would not be real. For Italy, of course, has a frontier with France, and Switzerland separates them only on the side of Germany. As for the maritime provinces, Bosnia, Croatia, and Herzegovina might well by that time be in such a state of revolt that they might be reckoned as an integral part of a continuous encircling line running from the Belgian coast to the Baltic provinces.

Only those who travel or are in the habit of studying maps realise how far the Austrian Tyrol projects on the north side of Italy, and how narrow is this strip of Austrian Tyrol between the Bavarian frontier and the Italian Alps. Between the nearest points of Bavaria and Italy the distance is not more than 60 miles. As Germany and Austria are, in a military sense, one, a declaration of war by Italy would seem to expose both her own and German frontiers to the danger of attack. These 60 miles, however, are exceedingly unpromising to attack from either side for they contain some of the most difficult mountain country in Europe. Both Powers would be tempted to move into it, Italy by the fact that a great part of the Tyrol, notably round Trent, is inhabited by Italians, and is with reason regarded as part of the Italy that has till to be redeemed, Germany because of its proximity to her own frontiers, and because the belief in the offensive as the only safe policy of defence is one of the first articles of her military religion. If Italy followed the dictates of a purely strategical policy, she would probably decline to involve herself in the Tyrol, and would meet any attempted invasion from the north in the plains. The classic example of the danger of invading Italy through the Trentino is Napoleon's campaigns against Wurmser and Alvinzi in 1796. South of Trent the roads into Italy diverge, and armies advancing by them have the greatest difficulty in keeping in touch with each other, and are liable, as Wurmser's armies were in 1796, to be defeated in detail. The plan of meeting the invasion on the plains would, however, be open to very grave objections from many points of view, and not the least important would be that the failure to occupy Trent would expose the north-eastern provinces of Italy to invasion. That objection would in itself be fatal, for Italy would never enter the war at all if it were likely that it would open by the overrunning of her northern provinces. She would hope to take the offensive at once, and against Austria; and that would almost certainly involve an attack on Trent in order to secure her left flank. That the Germans have thought all this out is shown by the projects attributed to them of an attack upon Italy in the event of her joining the Allies. They are not in a position to invade Italy seriously, and evidently they count on her going half-way to meet them.

The problem, then, for Italy is an exceedingly difficult one, and would involve, if she joined the Allies, a certain conflict between military and political interests at the very outset. Undoubtedly, if she did go to war, it would be in the hope of redeeming the Italy of the Tyrol and of the eastern shores of the Adriatic.

War for Italy would inevitably be in three campaigns: (1) a campaign for the possession of Trent, which would be an anxious one, because of the risk of German attack from Bavaria; (2) a campaign for Trieste; and (3) an attempt, which might be by way of the Val Ampezzo, to cut the communications between Tyrol and Vienna, and ultimately to menace Vienna itself. Success in these directions would be of enormous importance and would go far to settle the war; but that the campaigns would be difficult, costly, and to the frontier provinces of Italy even dangerous ought in honesty to be admitted.

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ANOTHER BOGUS V. C.

FAMOUS HOAXES RECALLED.

The "London Gazette" of Feb. 5 contained the following:—

Army Service Corps.—Second-Lieutenant Robert W. Gunter is dismissed from his Majesty's Service by sentence of a General Court-Martial dated December 19, 1914.

Several charges of conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline were brought against Lieutenant Gunter at the court-martial. Lord Cowdray told how the lieutenant had been his guest, how he said he was going to Buckingham Palace to receive the Victoria Cross from the King, and how later he wore a ribbon which he said was the ribbon of the V. C.

Lord Cowdray's footman described how, when he conveyed to Lieutenant Gunter a telephone message purporting to come from the War Office, the young man said, "D—it, that's my V. C." The message was that he was to go to Buckingham Palace, and when he was asked about his visit he said that he had put the V. C. in the bank.

He was alleged to have appeared in the Four Hundred Club, Bond-street, wearing a ribbon of the Distinguished Service Order, to which he was not entitled, and also to have represented himself to be a staff officer, and to have worn a staff officer's cap.

"CROWN PRINCE'S" FLIGHT.

Some famous hoaxes are recalled by the "Daily Mail" in this connection. The most recent was the exploit of the "Crown Prince of Wurttemberg" and "Lord Stanton Hope" at Hendon last year. The "Crown Prince" had a flight and received respectful congratulations after an exciting spiral descent, in response to which he was good enough to say that this was his first flight and he "would like more of it."

It came out a few days later that "Lord Stanton Hope" was a Mr. R. W. Gunter, late of the artillery branch of the Army Special Reserve, and that the "Crown Prince" was a friend of his. "Lord Arthur" explained how the joke, once begun, had to be kept up to the end of a merry tea.

The joke of 1910 reached Parliament, where it was the subject of questions. As Mr. McKenna solemnly put it, "A number of persons put themselves to considerable trouble and expense in pretending to be a party of Abyssinians, and in this disguise visited one of his Majesty's ships." The visit was to H. M. S. Dreadnought, over which the sultan and his suite were conducted. To all inquiries they replied "Boonga, boonga" words which, if they had no meaning then, acquired one from that day.

There was also the historical trick at Cambridge, where the "Sultan of Zanzibar" was received by the mayor.

60 KILLED AND WOUNDED BY ONE SHELL.

NON-COM'S TRAGIC LETTER TO HIS WIFE.

Nothing perhaps could illustrate better the vicissitudes of the soldier's life at the front, and the terrible havoc which one well-placed shell can effect, than the following two letters, written by a non-commissioned officer with the 1st Army to his wife in England, says the "Daily News." The second letter is dated only three days later than the first:

Jan. 23, Somewhere.

My Dear,—Your cake, papers, and letters arrived to-day. The cake was just lovely. The sergeant-major, C——, V——, H——, and F——, and myself did full justice to your patisserie. As there was only a "sigh" left, I leave you to judge of its excellence.

Jan. 26.

Thanks very much, dear, for the cake, which arrived this morning. But what a change now from, I think, 'twas Saturday, when your last cake arrived. Then the sergeant-major, V——, and H—— enjoyed a bite of the cake, and now they are all dead. At 8 o'clock this morning, at the orderly room, a huge shell exploded, killing 30 and wounding as many more. Among the former is the sergeant-major, my friend of 19 years. It was a terrible sight—all the staff of the regiment gone in one swoop. The commanding officer and adjutant had miraculous escapes. Four company sergeant-majors, two company-quartermaster-sergeants, four officers, pioneer sergeant, signalling sergeant, scout sergeant, headquarters sergeant, not to mention the others, and one machine-gun officer died shortly after. We are a leaderless mob at last. But we must pull ourselves together. The old traditions cannot be buried, and some of the depot staffs must be sent out to keep up the old name. It's terrible to think that we might become a rabble.

"Non-coms., and especially the seniors, are the backbone of the Army, and we want them badly now if we are to keep our position of second to none.

"I ought to write to Mrs. H—— to-day, but feel too cowardly, and cannot shake the feeling off that it would give her too great a shock in her present condition. What sorrow women are born to endure! All the trouble comes their way, and they have to wait patiently day after day, expecting something dreadful to happen. And when it happens they have to face a dreary future, saddled perhaps with a young family. This war makes one feel that it is criminal for soldiers to marry.

Seth Amerchandji Pitalia of Rutlam, leader of the Malwa Jain Sang and General Secretary of the Sthanakwasi Jain Conference, died on Thursday at the age of 70.

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(*Vide "The Lancet," March 30th 1912, page 897, and leading articles of the Medical Times,"30th 1911 page 781, et seq.*)

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SUBMARINES ANCIENT AND MODERN.

THE FIRST UNDERWATER VESSEL

THE SUBMARINE OF THE FUTURE.

The submarine is generally considered to be a modern invention; but the idea of the submarine, writes Mr. Fred T. Jane in the "Edinburgh Review," is about as modern as the phalanx or the elephants of Pyrrhus, King of Epirus.—

It is inadvisable to labour history too much, but we know that Alexander the Great experimented with a diving bell. This interesting invention is remote from submarines as we understand them to-day, but according to Aristotle diving-bells were effectively used by Alexander during the siege of Tyre in B. C. 332. After a long gap we find that in 1620 Cornelius van Drebel, Court physician to our King James 1, made a submarine capable of travelling under water and persuaded his royal master to take a trip down the Thames Van Drebel may be considered the father of the modern submarine. His boats were built of wood and covered all over with greased leather to render them water-tight. Oarsmen supplied his motive power—the oars working through water-tight rowlocks. He is said to have kept under water for "several hours." This probably is an exaggeration, but without question he did keep well under water for considerable periods. and he must certainly have arrived at a high efficiency before he could have induced King James 1 to trust his life to him.

The first recorded attempt to use the submarine as a war machine was in 1773, during the War of American Independence. The boat in question was the invention of one David Bushnell, and was a turtle-shaped, one-man affair, propelled by a pair of oars on a system similar to that of Drebel. Submersion was obtained by the admission of water which could be pumped out as required—precisely the same idea as the modern "ballast tank." There was further a leaden keel which could be dropped on emergency—a feature of all the earlier French submarines of our own era. For military purposes Bushnell carried a bomb filled with a charge of gunpowder. The idea was to affix the bomb from under water to the hull of some British ship, and to allow it to explode by time fuse. Sergeant Ezra Lee was trained to manipulate the boat, and in 1776 he made an attack on the British warship Eagle of sixty-four guns. But the Eagle proved to be copper-bottomed, and it was impossible to fix the torpedo, which eventually got away down stream and exploded.

The next landmark was the boat of the famous Fulton, built in 1801. It is was placed at the disposal of the French Government, and with it a hulk was actually blown up. Fulton's boat was more strictly analogous to a floating mine than to the modern conception of a submarine, and the French Government refused to make use of the invention on the grounds of "humanity"—a curious and interesting commentary on recent German procedure.

In the Crimean War there were various projects for submarines, and some experimental boats were produced, but it was not until the American Civil War that the submarine came into being as an "arm." These boats were known under the generic name of "Davids." Submarines in the sense that we understand them they were not, as they were never absolutely submerged, there being a couple of manholes to communicate with the surface. They were armed with spar torpedoes, with which they charged the enemy. On the few occasions on which they succeeded in scoring a hit they perished as a result of their endeavours.

In 1886 the Greek Government purchased a Nordenfelt submarine which carried a torpedo tube and also a gun. About the same time the Turkish navy also acquired a couple of these boats, and both France and Russia began to make serious studies in the direction of war submarines. But it was not until the commencing years of the present century that the submarine achieved any importance or attracted much attention.

The man however, who did most to further submarine work in modern times was the late American inventor Holland, who in New York harbour performed a series of what were then "startling evolutions" in a one-man craft of his own design. His discoveries have been the basis of subsequent improvements which are visible in the submarines of to-day.

THE BRITISH SUBMARINE AND THE GERMAN.

Mr. Jane, in the same article, also draws attention to the difference of spirit prevailing in the British and German submarine service and to this difference of spirit he attributes the comparative failure of the Germans.

In a submarine, in life or death, officers and men are all together. In a big ship it is possible to say "Some of both will be scuppered and some of both get through." In a submarine, except in very rare cases, there are no wounded. All die or else eall live

This is sufficient to indicate that in the submarine service all the old contrasts between officers and men have to go by the board. There is no afternative and success depends upon which of the rival navies can best accommodate itself to the new conditions and yet maintain a fighting discipline. The exact requirements for efficiency under these novel conditions are difficult to put into words. They are perhaps best expressed in the favourite remark of submarine bluejackets about their commanding officers. It runs as follows:—"*On duty he's a blanky officer; off duty he's a blanky good shipmate.*"

This puts the matter in a nutshell. It is the only way in which certain death in case of failure can be faced by officers and men who, on account of the nature of their service, should be without home ties, but who, on account of the extra pay they receive, are invariably married or about to be married.

Submarine efficiency, therefore, depends mainly upon how far this state of feeling can be assimilated without the men taking advantage of their officers—that is to say on the officer being able to maintain his authority on purely personal grounds in which neither age, birth, nor rank has any status whatever. In the British submarine service the requisite conditions obtain almost invariably. The normal temperament of the British gentleman leads him that way. The normal temperament of the German gentleman is somewhat otherwise, and herein lies the secret of the general failure of German submarine attacks against us.

In the battle of Heligoland, Admiral Beatty, when needed to assist our light vessels, did not hesitate to run the gauntlet of a number of German submarines with his battle cruisers, calculating that by maintaining a very high speed, he would secure immunity for his squadron. It was a bold decision based entirely on theory, and only to be paralled by Nelson's action at the battle of Cape St. Vincent. But whereas Nelson faced a known danger, Beatty had to face a danger of unknown dimensions. Whether his decision was due to sheer daring, or to a correct estimation of the enemy's submarine *personnel*, romains to be proved. It is certainly conceivable that the democratic or "Boy Scout" factor, which is characteristic of the British submarine service, might have entirely altered the situation had the positions been reversed. Generally speaking, Germany's heel of Achilles in the submarine part of this war will prove to be the inability of her submarine officers to conform to the new and ultra democratic conditions which are the first essential for successful submarine warfare. For one success they have had at least nine failures.

Finally Mr. Jane points out that the best defence against submarines is the destroyer this being at present "no bad substitute for the ideal aeroplane."

Given enough destroyers the submarine ceases to be a material danger to the big ship—at any-rate at present. In the future conditions will alter; but all the indications are that the submarine and the big ship will coalesce. The big ships will become a monstrous submarine Dreadnought. There never has been and there never will be a time when the little can, except occasionally, defeat the big. Success in naval warfare has ever been a matter of "keeping the sea" and keeping the sea has ever been a matter of size.

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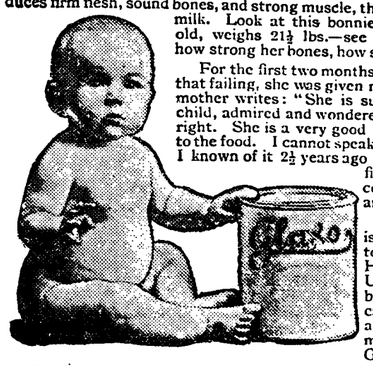

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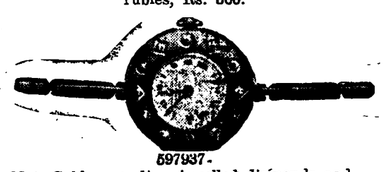

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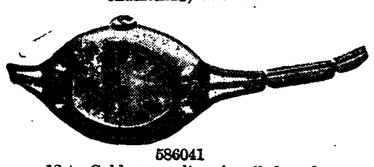

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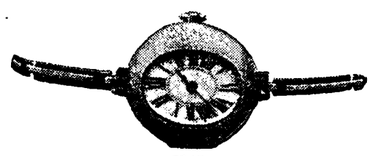

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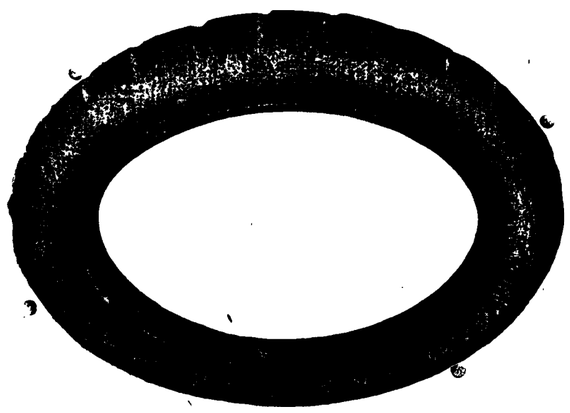

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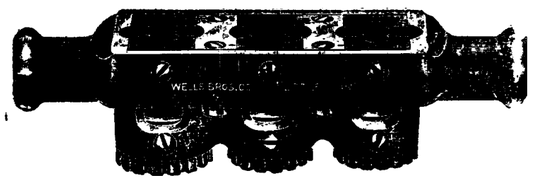

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